State of South Dakota

SEVENTY-SEVENTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2002

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1236

Introduced by: Representatives Teupel, Adelstein, Derby, Duenwald, Duniphan, Eccarius, Hanson (Gary), Hennies (Thomas), Jaspers, Jensen, Juhnke, Klaudt, Lintz, Madsen, McCoy, Napoli, Pederson (Gordon), Peterson (Bill), Pummel, Rhoden, and Van Etten and Senators Apa, Bogue, Brown (Arnold), Diedrich (Larry), Ham, Kleven, Madden, McCracken, Symens, Vitter, and Whiting

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to declare a disaster in certain federal forest areas and to
- 2 authorize state and local remedial action.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. The Legislature finds that:
- Numerous citizens and government officials in the state of South Dakota have repeatedly petitioned the United States Forest Service both collectively and individually at public meetings, by correspondence, and by telephone to request that the United States Forest Service take appropriate action to remove or eliminate the conditions that have created a state of emergency caused by a present risk to the lives and property of citizens in and adjacent to the Black Hills National Forest;
 - (2) All the petitions have for all practical purposes been either ignored or discounted by the United States Forest Service resulting only in what can be reasonably characterized as inaction on the part of the United States Forest Service to

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appropriately reduce, if not remove, the risk to the lives and property of the citizens

of South Dakota;

- (3) Because the United States Forest Service has failed to exercise its responsibilities as a sovereign to protect the lives and property of the citizens of South Dakota and because it is a fundamental principle under the laws of any just society that the persistent failure of a sovereign to fulfill such obligations constitutes grounds for the forfeiture of jurisdictional supremacy, such a forfeiture must hereby be recognized and declared; and
- (4) Because of recognition and declaration of this forfeiture of jurisdictional supremacy, a jurisdictional vacuum has been created that requires the state of South Dakota to acknowledge its obligations as a sovereign power to protect the lives and property of its citizens and consequently to authorize any action it presently deems necessary to fill the vacuum created by the federal government by assuming jurisdiction to reduce to acceptable levels, if not remove, the threat of catastrophic fires posed by present conditions in national forests within its borders.

Section 2. The Legislature declares a disaster within those areas of the Black Hills National Forest, as determined by the local board of county commissioners, that have suffered severe fire damage, that face severe risk posed by the infestation and spread of the mountain pine beetle or other noxious weeds and pests, or areas in which large amounts of forest undergrowth have created the potential for damaging fires in the future. The Legislature also declares that the disaster is of such magnitude that the police power of the state should be exercised to the extent necessary to provide the resources and services that will end the disaster and mitigate its effects. Section 3. After consulting with the state forester, state wildland fire coordinator, and the

United States Forest Service regional forester, taking surveys, holding public hearings as may

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- 1 be necessary, and developing a plan to mitigate the effects of the disaster, a board of county
- 2 commissioners for a county in which a disaster has been declared pursuant to section 2 of this
- 3 Act may take such actions as are necessary to clear and thin undergrowth and to remove or log
- 4 fire-damaged or pest-damaged trees within the area of the disaster. A county may enter into an
- 5 agreement with a contractor, licensee or other agent to carry out the purposes of this section.