

2020 South Dakota Legislature

House Bill 1068

SENATE ENGROSSED

Introduced by: **Representative** Hansen

- An Act to include out-of-state convictions for the basis of an enhanced penalty for the crime of stalking.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 **Section 1.** That § 22-19A-1 be AMENDED:
- 5 **22-19A-1. Stalking--Violation as misdemeanor--Second or subsequent** 6 **offense a felony.**

No person may:

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- (1) Willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follow or harass another person;
- (2) Make a credible threat to another person with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear of death or great bodily injury; or
- (3) Willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly harass another person by means of any verbal, electronic, digital media, mechanical, telegraphic, or written communication.

A violation of this section constitutes the crime of stalking. Stalking is a Class 1 misdemeanor. However, any second or subsequent conviction occurring within ten years of a prior conviction under this section is a Class 6 felony. Any conviction for, or plea of guilty to, an offense in another state which, if committed in this state, would be a violation of this section and occurring within ten years prior to the date of the violation being charged, shall be used to determine if the violation being charged is a second or subsequent offense.

Section 2. That § 22-19A-3 be AMENDED:

22-19A-3. Stalking--Subsequent convictions--Violation as felony.

A <u>person who has a second or subsequent conviction occurring within seven years</u> of a prior conviction under § 22-19A-1, 22-19A-2, or 22-19A-7 against the same victim, and involving an act of violence, or a credible threat of violence, is guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any conviction for, or plea of guilty to, an offense in another state which, if

committed in this state, would be a violation of § 22-19A-1, 22-19A-2, or 22-19A-7 and involving an act of violence, or a credible threat of violence, and occurring within seven years prior to the date of the violation being charged, shall be used to determine if the violation being charged is a second or subsequent offense.