State of South Dakota

EIGHTY-THIRD SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2008

258P0045

HOUSE STATE AFFAIRS ENGROSSED NO. HB $1006 \cdot 1/28/2008$

Introduced by: Representatives Rhoden, Boomgarden, Dennert, Juhnke, Noem, Sigdestad, and Vanneman and Senators Knudson, Hansen (Tom), Lintz, and Peterson (Jim) at the request of the Interim Property Tax Assessment Study Committee

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise certain tax levy limitations and property tax levies
- 2 for school districts.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 13-13-72.1 be amended to read as follows:

5 13-13-72.1. Any adjustments in the levies specified in subdivision 13-13-10.1(6) § 10-12-42

6 made pursuant to §§ 13-13-71 and 13-13-72 shall be based on maintaining the relationship 7 between statewide local effort as a percentage of statewide local need in the fiscal year 8 succeeding the fiscal year in which the adjustment is made. In addition to the adjustments in the 9 levies provided by this section, the levies shall also be annually adjusted as necessary to reduce 10 the portion of local need paid by local effort by an amount equal to nine million dollars from 11 those funds transferred into the property tax reduction fund pursuant to § 10-50-52 subsequent 12 to July 1, 2007. In addition to the adjustments in the levies provided by this section, the levies 13 for nonagricultural property and owner-occupied single-family dwellings shall also be adjusted



- 2 -HB 1006 as necessary to account for the additional increase in the total assessed value for nonagricultural 1 2 property and owner-occupied single-family dwellings pursuant to the phasing out and repeal of 3 the provisions provided in \S 10-6-74. 4 Section 2. That § 13-10-6 be amended to read as follows: 5 13-10-6. For the purpose of continuing a fund for the payment of pensions to retired 6 employees of a school districts which shall have district that has established such system, such 7 districts the school district may levy an annual tax not exceeding thirty cents per thousand 8 dollars of taxable valuation of such the school district for the current year. Such The levy may 9 not be included in determining the tax levy limitation of such the school district provided by 10 law. Moneys collected from such the tax shall be kept by the business manager in a special 11 pension fund and shall may not be used for any other purpose except upon discontinuance of 12 such the pension system by the school district, in which case any unexpended balance shall be 13 transferred to the general fund. 14 For taxes payable in 2011, the total amount of revenue payable from the levy provided in 15 this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the index factor, as defined 16 in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have been generated for the 17 taxes payable in 2010. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue 18 payable from taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the 19 percentage increase of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, 20 annexation, minor boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately 21 classified and subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A,

22 and 10-6B, except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value.

23 For taxes payable in 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the total amount of revenue payable from

24 the levy provided in this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the

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1	index factor, as defined in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have
2	been generated for the taxes payable in 2010 plus any unused index factor from the previous
3	years. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue payable from
4	taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the percentage increase
5	of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, annexation, minor
6	boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately classified and
7	subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, and 10-6B,
8	except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value.
9	Any school district created or reorganized after January 1, 2009, is exempt from the
10	limitation provided by this section for a period of two years immediately following its creation.
11	For taxes payable in 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the levy limitation of thirty cents
12	per thousand dollars of taxable valuation does not apply to any school district.
13	Section 3. That § 13-16-7 be amended to read as follows:
14	13-16-7. The school board of any school district of this state may at its discretion authorize
15	an annual levy of a tax not to exceed three dollars per thousand dollars of taxable valuation on
16	the taxable valuation of the district for the capital outlay fund for assets as defined by 13-16-6
17	or for its obligations under a resolution, lease-purchase agreement, capital outlay certificate, or
18	other errongement with the Uselth and Educational Regiliting Authority. Toyog collected
19	other arrangement with the Health and Educational Facilities Authority. Taxes collected
	pursuant to such levy may be irrevocably pledged by the school board to the payment of
20	
20 21	pursuant to such levy may be irrevocably pledged by the school board to the payment of
	pursuant to such levy may be irrevocably pledged by the school board to the payment of principal of and interest on installment purchase contracts or capital outlay certificates entered
21	pursuant to such levy may be irrevocably pledged by the school board to the payment of principal of and interest on installment purchase contracts or capital outlay certificates entered into or issued pursuant to § 13-16-6 or 13-16-6.2 or lease-purchase agreements or other
21 22	pursuant to such levy may be irrevocably pledged by the school board to the payment of principal of and interest on installment purchase contracts or capital outlay certificates entered into or issued pursuant to § 13-16-6 or 13-16-6.2 or lease-purchase agreements or other arrangement with the Health and Educational Facilities Authority and, so long as any capital

4 For taxes payable in 2011, the total amount of revenue payable from the levy provided in 5 this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the index factor, as defined 6 in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have been generated for the 7 taxes payable in 2010. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue 8 payable from taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the 9 percentage increase of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, 10 annexation, minor boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately 11 classified and subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, and 10-6B, except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value. A school 12 13 district may increase the revenue it receives from taxes on real property above the limit provided 14 by this section for taxes levied to pay the principal, interest, and redemption charges on any 15 bonds issued after January 1, 2009, which are subject to referendum; for scheduled payment 16 increases on bonds, and for a levy directed by the order of a court for the purpose of paying a 17 judgment against the school district. Any school district created or reorganized after January 1, 18 2009, is exempt from the limitation provided by this section for a period of two years 19 immediately following its creation. 20 For taxes payable in 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the total amount of revenue payable from 21 the levy provided in this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the 22 index factor, as defined in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have 23 been generated for the taxes payable in 2010 plus any unused index factor from the previous

24 years. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue payable from

1	taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the percentage increase
2	of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, annexation, minor
3	boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately classified and
4	subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, and 10-6B,
5	except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value. A school district may
6	increase the revenue it receives from taxes on real property above the limit provided by this
7	section for taxes levied to pay the principal, interest, and redemption charges on any bonds
8	issued after January 1, 2009, which are subject to referendum, scheduled payment increases on
9	bonds and for a levy directed by the order of a court for the purpose of paying a judgment
10	against such school district. Any school district created or reorganized after January 1, 2009, is
11	exempt from the limitation provided by this section for a period of two years immediately
12	following its creation.
13	For taxes payable in 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the levy limitation of three dollars
14	per thousand dollars of taxable valuation does not apply to any school district.
15	Section 4. That § 13-37-16 be amended to read as follows:
16	13-37-16. For taxes payable in 1997, and each year thereafter, the school board shall levy
17	no more than one dollar and forty cents per thousand dollars of taxable valuation, as a special
18	levy in addition to all other levies authorized by law for the amount so determined to be
19	necessary, and such levy shall be spread against all of the taxable property of the district. The
20	proceeds derived from such levy shall constitute a school district special education fund of the
21	district for the payment of costs for the special education of all children in need of special
22	education or special education and related services who reside within the district pursuant to the
23	provisions of §§ 13-37-8.2 to 13-37-8.10, inclusive. The levy in this section shall be based on
24	valuations such that the median level of assessment represents 85% of market value as

determined by the Department of Revenue and Regulation. The total amount of taxes that would be generated at the levy pursuant to this section shall be considered local effort. Money in the special education fund may be expended for the purchase or lease of any assistive technology that is directly related to special education and specified in a student's individualized education plan. This section does not apply to real property improvements.

6 For taxes payable in 2011, the total amount of revenue payable from the levy provided in 7 this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the index factor, as defined 8 in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have been generated for the 9 taxes payable in 2010. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue 10 payable from taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the 11 percentage increase of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property. annexation, minor boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately 12 13 classified and subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, 14 and 10-6B, except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value.

15 Any school district created or reorganized after January 1, 2009, is exempt from the 16 limitation provided by this section for a period of two years immediately following its creation. 17 For taxes payable in 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the total amount of revenue payable from 18 the levy provided in this section may not increase more than the lesser of three percent or the 19 index factor, as defined in § 10-13-38, over the maximum amount of revenue that could have 20 been generated for the taxes payable in 2010 plus any unused index factor from the previous 21 years. After applying the index factor, a school district may increase the revenue payable from 22 taxes on real property above the limitations provided by this section by the percentage increase 23 of value resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, annexation, minor 24 boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately classified and

subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, and 10-6B,

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2	except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value.					
3	For taxes payable in 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the levy limitation of one dollar and					
4	forty cents per thousand dollars of taxable valuation does not apply to any school district.					
5	Section 5. That § 13-37-35.1 be amended to read as follows:					
6	13-37-35.1. Terms used in chapter 13-37 mean:					
7	(1)	"Level one disability," a mild disability;				
8	(2)	"Level two disability," a mental retardation or emotional disorder;				
9	(3)	"Level three disability," hearing impairment, deafness, visual impairment, deaf-				
10		blindness, orthopedic impairment, or traumatic brain injury;				
11	(4)	"Level four disability," autism;				
12	(5)	"Level five disability," multiple disabilities;				
13	(5A)	"Level six disability," prolonged assistance;				
14	(6)	"Index factor," is the annual percentage change in the consumer price index for urban				
15		wage earners and clerical workers as computed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of				
16		the United States Department of Labor for the year before the year immediately				
17		preceding the year of adjustment or three percent, whichever is less;				
18	(7)	"Local effort," shall be calculated for taxes payable in 2006 and thereafter using a				
19		special education levy of one dollar and twenty cents per one thousand dollars of				
20		valuation 2011 and shall be the amount of revenue that could have been generated				
21		for the taxes payable in 2010 using a special education levy of one dollar and twenty				
22		cents per one thousand dollars of valuation increased by the lesser of three percent				
23		or the index factor, as defined in § 10-13-38, plus a percentage increase of value				
24		resulting from any improvements or change in use of real property, annexation, minor				

1		boundary changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately
2		classified and subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4,
3		10-6, 10-6A, and 10-6B, except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property
4		of equal value.
5		For taxes payable in 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the total amount of local effort
6		shall be increased by the lesser of three percent or the index factor, established
7		pursuant to § 10-13-38 plus a percentage increase of value resulting from any
8		improvements or change in use of real property, annexation, minor boundary
9		changes, and any adjustments in taxation of real property separately classified and
10		subject to statutory adjustments and reductions under chapters 10-4, 10-6, 10-6A, and
11		10-6B, except § 10-6-31.4, only if assessed the same as property of equal value;
12	(8)	"Allocation for a student with a level one disability," for the school fiscal year
13		beginning July 1, 2004, is \$ 3,533.13. For each school year thereafter, the allocation
14		for a student with a level one disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation
15		for such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
16	(9)	"Allocation for a student with a level two disability," for the school fiscal year
17		beginning July 1, 2004, is \$ 8,277.21. For each school year thereafter, the allocation
18		for a student with a level two disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation
19		for such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
20	(10)	"Allocation for a student with a level three disability," for the school fiscal year
21		beginning July 1, 2004, is \$ 12, 580.73. For each school year thereafter, the allocation
22		for a student with a level three disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation
23		for such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
24	(11)	"Allocation for a student with a level four disability," for the school fiscal year

1		beginning July 1, 2004, is \$ 12, 001.80. For each school year thereafter, the allocation
2		for a student with a level four disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation
3		for such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
4	(12)	"Allocation for a student with a level five disability," for the school fiscal year
5		beginning July 1, 2004, is \$15, 882.21. For each school year thereafter, the allocation
6		for a student with a level five disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation
7		for such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
8	(12A)) "Allocation for a student with a level six disability," for the school fiscal year
9		beginning July 2004, is \$8,122.23. For each school year thereafter, the allocation for
10		a student with a level six disability shall be the previous fiscal year's allocation for
11		such child increased by the lesser of the index factor or three percent;
12	(13)	"Child count," is the number of students in need of special education or special
13		education and related services according to criteria set forth in rules promulgated
14		pursuant to §§ 13-37-1.1 and 13-37-46 submitted to the Department of Education in
15		accordance with rules promulgated pursuant to § 13-37-1.1;
16	(14)	"Average daily membership," the average number of kindergarten through twelfth
17		grade pupils enrolled in all schools operated by the school district during the previous
18		regular school year plus the average number of pupils for whom the district pays
19		tuition;
20	(15)	"Nonpublic school," a sectarian organization or entity which is accredited by the
21		secretary of education for the purpose of instructing children of compulsory school
22		age. This definition excludes any school that receives a majority of its revenues from
23		public funds;
24	(16)	"Nonpublic average daily membership," the average number of children under age

sixteen who are approved for alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-2 during the
 previous school year plus:

- 3 (a) For nonpublic schools located within the boundaries of a public school district
 4 with an average daily membership of six hundred or more during the previous
 5 school year, the average number of kindergarten through twelfth grade pupils
 6 enrolled during the previous regular school year in all nonpublic schools
 7 located within the boundaries of the public school district;
- 8 (b) For nonpublic schools located within the boundaries of a public school district 9 with an average daily membership of less than six hundred during the previous 10 school year, the average number of resident kindergarten through twelfth grade 11 pupils enrolled during the previous school year in all nonpublic schools 12 located within the State of South Dakota;
- 13 (17) "Special education average daily membership," average daily membership plus
 14 nonpublic average daily membership;
- 15 (18) "Local need," an amount to be determined as follows:
- 16 (a) Multiply the special education average daily membership by 0.1013 and
 17 multiply the result by the allocation for a student with a level one disability;
- 18 (b) Multiply the number of students having a level two disability as reported on
 19 the child count for the previous school fiscal year by the allocation for a
 20 student with a level two disability;
- (c) Multiply the number of students having a level three disability as reported on
 the child count for the previous school fiscal year by the allocation for a
 student with a level three disability;
- 24 (d) Multiply the number of students having a level four disability as reported on

1			the child count for the previous school fiscal year by the allocation for a
2			student with a level four disability;
3		(e)	Multiply the number of students having a level five disability as reported on
4			the child count for the previous school fiscal year by the allocation for a
5			student with a level five disability;
6		(f)	Multiply the number of students having a level six disability as reported on the
7			child count for the previous school fiscal year by the allocation for a student
8			with a level six disability;
9		(g)	Sum the results of (a) through (f);
10	(19)	"Effo	ort factor," the school district's special education tax levy in dollars per thousand
11		divid	ed by \$1.20 for taxes payable in 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, the effort
12		facto	r is the amount of taxes payable for the year divided by the amount of local
13		effor	t as calculated in subdivision (7). The maximum effort factor is 1.0.