House Daily Reader

Monday, February 05, 2001

Bills Included				
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SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

319E0036

HOUSE COMMERCE COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. HB~1003 - 02/01/2001

Introduced by: Representatives Monroe, McCoy, and Slaughter and Senators Ham and Madden at the request of the Interim Judiciary Committee

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to prohibit the use of genetic tests in the offer, sale, or
- 2 renewal of certain types of insurance.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. Terms used in this Act mean:
- 5 (1) "Genetic test," a test of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, or genes performed in 6 order to identify the presence or absence of an inherited variation, alteration, or 7 mutation which is associated with predisposition to disease, illness, impairment, or 8 other disorder. Genetic test does not mean a routine physical measurement; a 9 chemical, blood, or urine analysis; a test for drugs or HIV infection; any test 10 commonly accepted in clinical practice; or any test performed due to the presence of 11 signs, symptoms, or other manifestations of a disease, illness, impairment, or other 12 disorder;
 - (2) "Health carrier," any person who provides health insurance in this state. The term includes a licensed insurance company, a prepaid hospital or medical service plan, a

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1		health maintenance organization, a multiple employer welfare arrangement, a fraternal
2		benefit contract, or any person providing a plan of health insurance subject to state
3		insurance regulation;
4	(3)	"Health insurance," insurance provided pursuant to chapters 58-17 (except disability
5		income insurance), 58-17C, 58-18 (except disability income insurance), 58-18B, 58-
6		38, 58-40, and 58-41; and
7	(4)	"Individual," an applicant for coverage or a person already covered by a health carrier.
8	Section	on 2. No health carrier, in determining eligibility for coverage, establishing premiums,
9	limiting o	coverage, renewing coverage, or any other underwriting decision, may, in connection
10	with the	offer, sale, or renewal of health insurance:
11	(1)	Require or request an individual or a blood relative of the individual to take a genetic
12		test; or
13	(2)	Take into consideration the fact that a genetic test was refused by an individual or a
14		blood relative of the individual.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

400E0218

HOUSE AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. $HB\ 1019$ - 02/01/2001

Introduced by: The Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources at the request of the Department of Agriculture

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise certain requirements and fees regarding various
- 2 agricultural related licenses, certificates, registrations, and inspections and to provide for the
- 3 disposition of certain fees.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 5 Section 1. That § 38-12A-11 be amended to read as follows:
- 6 38-12A-11. No person may sell, distribute, advertise, solicit orders for, offer for sale, expose
- 7 for sale, or transport seed without first obtaining from the Department of Agriculture a permit
- 8 to engage in the business. A permit is not required of any person selling or advertising seed of
- 9 his the person's own production in South Dakota, provided that if the seed is stored or delivered
- 10 to a purchaser only on or from the farm or premises where grown or the production and sale of
- seed is not a primary endeavor and primary source of income to such persons. Each permit shall
- expire on the first thirty-first day of July December of the year following the date of issue. The
- 13 <u>annual biennial</u> fee for a seed permit is: Seedsman permit -- one two hundred fifty dollars; Seed
- 14 producers permit producer -- twenty-five fifty dollars; Seed dealers permit dealer -- twenty-five

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1 <u>fifty</u> dollars. A seed dealer's permit may be issued without fee when all lots of seed are furnished

- to him by seedsman or seed producer with valid South Dakota permits and all of those seedsmen
- 3 and seed producers include application for the seed dealers permit as part of their application.
- 4 All fees collected under the provisions of this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury and
- 5 credited to the general fund.
- 6 Section 2. That chapter 38-12A be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read
- 7 as follows:

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- 8 Fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special
- 9 revenue fund known as the seed fund. This fund shall consist of moneys from public and private
- sources including legislative appropriations, federal grants, gifts, and the fees received pursuant
- to this chapter. The fund shall be maintained separately and be administered by the department
- in order to defray the expenses of all activities associated with administering the seed program.
- 13 Expenditures from the fund shall be appropriated through the normal budget process.
- 14 Unexpended funds and interest shall remain in the fund until appropriated by the Legislature.
- 15 Section 3. That § 38-18-3 be amended to read as follows:
- 16 38-18-3. Any person owning, leasing, or possessing bees shall file an application registering
- 17 the bees and each apiary with the secretary. The application shall be filed before the first day of
- 18 June February each year or within ten days of acquiring ownership or possession of any bees or
- apiary or before moving bees into the state and shall contain each location by legal description,
- 20 the name of the landowner or lessee of the location, the number of colonies of bees in each
- 21 apiary, and any other information required by the secretary. The landowner or lessee authorizing
- 22 the placement of an apiary on a location may revoke the authorization by notifying the owner of
- 23 the apiary and the secretary in writing. Such revocation of authorization by a landowner or lessee
- is not sufficient justification for a contested case hearing. If any person fails to register an apiary

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1 within the time specified by this section, the landowner authorization for that location is invalid.

- 2 A registration application shall be approved or rejected by the secretary in compliance with this
- 3 chapter or rules promulgated pursuant to chapter 1-26. The secretary may deny applications,
- 4 revoke permits, or conduct contested case hearings in accordance with rules promulgated
- 5 pursuant to chapter 1-26. Any person failing to register his an apiary or bees pursuant to this
- 6 section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. In addition to the criminal penalty imposed by this
- 7 section, a person is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars for each location
- 8 that he the person has failed to register.
- 9 Section 4. That § 38-18-5 be amended to read as follows:
- 38-18-5. Any person registering an apiary pursuant to § 38-18-3 shall pay a registration fee
- of ten eleven dollars per permanent location and thirty dollars per temporary location. The
- 12 registration fee shall be deposited in the general fund.
- Section 5. That § 38-18-36 be amended to read as follows:
- 38-18-36. There is hereby imposed upon each bee location within the state, on or before the
- 15 first day of June of each year at the time of registration, a continuing annual assessment of one
- dollar per location. The Department of Agriculture shall collect and deposit the funds in the
- 17 honey industry fund.
- Section 6. That chapter 38-18 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as
- 19 follows:
- 20 Except as provided by § 38-18-36, fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited
- 21 with the state treasurer in a special revenue fund known as the apiary fund. This fund shall
- 22 consist of moneys from public and private sources including legislative appropriations, federal
- 23 grants, gifts, and the fees received pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall be maintained
- separately and be administered by the department in order to defray the expenses of all activities

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1 associated with administering the apiary program. Expenditures from the fund shall be

- 2 appropriated through the normal budget process. Unexpended funds and interest shall remain in
- 3 the fund until appropriated by the Legislature.
- 4 Section 7. That § 38-19-1 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 38-19-1. Terms, as used in this chapter, mean:

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- 6 (1) "Available phosphoric acid," the sum of the water-soluble and the citrate-soluble phosphoric acid and reported as phosphorus pentoxide;
- 8 (2) "Brand," a term, design, or trademark used in connection with one or several grades 9 of commercial fertilizer;
 - (3) "Bulk commercial fertilizer," any volume of a commercial fertilizer which is transported or held for resale in an immediate reusable container in undivided quantities greater than one hundred pounds net dry weight or fifty-five U.S. gallons liquid measure;
 - (4) "Bulk commercial fertilizer storage facility," any area, location, tract of land, building, structure, or premises constructed in accordance with rules promulgated by the secretary for the storage of bulk commercial fertilizer;
 - (5) "Commercial fertilizer," any substance containing any recognized plant nutrient which is used for its plant nutrient content and which is designed for use or claimed to have value in promoting plant growth, except unmanipulated animal and vegetable manures, marl, lime, limestone, lime sludge, sewage sludge, wood ashes, gypsum, compost, and other products excluded by rule;
- 22 (5A) "Compost," a group of organic residues or a mixture of organic residues and soil that 23 have been piled, moistened, and allowed to undergo aerobic biological decomposition;
- 24 (6) "Distribute," to import, consign, manufacture, produce, compound, mix, or blend

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1		commercial fertilizer, or to offer for sale, sell, barter, or otherwise supply commercial
2		fertilizer in this state;
3	(7)	"Distributor," any person who distributes commercial fertilizer in this state;
4	(8)	"Fertilizer material," a commercial fertilizer which either:
5		(a) Contains important quantities of no more than one of the primary plant
6		nutrients: nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash; or
7		(b) Has approximately eighty-five percent of its plant nutrient content present in
8		the form of a single chemical compound; or
9		(c) Is derived from a plant or animal residue or by-product or a natural material
10		deposit which has been processed in such a way that its content of primary
11		plant nutrients has not been materially changed except by purification and
12		concentration;
13	(9)	"Grade," the percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble
14		potash stated in whole numbers in the same terms, order, and percentages as in the
15		guaranteed analysis. However, speciality fertilizers may be guaranteed in fractional
16		units of less than one percent of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble
17		potash. Fertilizer materials, bone meal, manures, and similar raw materials may be
18		guaranteed in fractional units;
19	(10)	"Investigational allowance," allowance for variations inherent in the taking,
20		preparation, and analysis of an official sample of commercial fertilizer;
21	(11)	"Label," a display of written, printed, or graphic matter on or attached to the
22		immediate container of any article and the outside container or wrapper of the retail
23		package, or a statement or document accompanying a commercial fertilizer;
24	(12)	"Labeling," all written, printed, or graphic matter, upon or accompanying any

1		commercial fertilizer or advertisements, brochures, posters, television, and radio
2		announcements used in promoting the sale of commercial fertilizer;
3	(13)	"Licensee," any person who receives a license to distribute a commercial fertilizer
4		under the provisions of this chapter;
5	(14)	"Metric ton," a net weight of one thousand kilograms;
6	(15)	"Mixed fertilizer," a commercial fertilizer containing any combination or mixture of
7		fertilizer materials;
8	(16)	"Nitrogen," the element of nitrogen;
9	(17)	"Official sample," any sample of commercial fertilizer taken by the secretary of
10		agriculture or his department agent according to methods prescribed by this chapter;
11	(18)	"Percent" or "percentage," the percentage by weight;
12	(19)	"Primary nutrients," nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash;
13	(20)	"Recognized plant nutrients," primary nutrients, secondary nutrients, and micro
14		nutrients;
15	(21)	"Registrant," any person who registers specialty fertilizers for distribution under the
16		provisions of this chapter to nonregistrants;
17	(22)	"Secondary and micro nutrients," those nutrients other than primary nutrients that are
18		essential for the normal growth of plants and that may need to be added to the growth
19		medium. Secondary plant nutrients include calcium, magnesium, and sulfur; micro
20		plant nutrients include boron, chlorine, cobalt, copper, iron, manganese, molybdenum,
21		sodium, and zinc;
22	(23)	"Secretary," the secretary of the Department of Agriculture;
23	(24)	"Sell:"
24		(a) The act of selling, transferring ownership;

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(b)	The offering and	d exposing for sal	e, exchange, or	distribution:

(c) Giving away; or

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- 3 (d) Receiving, accepting, holding or possession for sale, exchange, or distribution;
- 4 (24A) "Sewage sludge," "sludge," "biosolids," any solid, semisolid, or liquid residue 5 removed during the treatment of municipal or domestic sewage by publicly-owned 6 treatment works regulated under 40 CFR Part 503, as amended to January 1, 1995, 7 and the Clean Water Act as amended to January 1, 1995;
 - (25) "Soluble potash," that portion of the potash contained in fertilizers or fertilizer materials which is soluble in an aqueous ammoniacal solution of 0.8% ammonium oxalate, after boiling in a 1.14% solution of ammonium oxalate and reported as potassium oxide;
 - (26) "Speciality fertilizer," a commercial fertilizer, lime, lime sludge, compost, sewage sludge, or products containing sewage sludge distributed for nonfarm use;
- 14 (27) "Ton," a net weight of two thousand pounds avoirdupois.
- 15 Section 8. That § 38-19-2.1 be amended to read as follows:
- 16 38-19-2.1. No person whose name appears on the label of a commercial fertilizer or who 17 manufactures or mixes a commercial fertilizer in this state may distribute that fertilizer until he 18 the person has obtained a distribution license from the secretary of agriculture. A distribution 19 license is required for each location where commercial fertilizer is manufactured or mixed. The 20 license may be granted only after payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars by the licensee. Each 21 license expires on the thirty-first day of December of each the year. This section does not apply 22 to specialty fertilizers, which registration requirements appear in § 38-19-3.1 after the date of 23 issuance. Any distribution license application for renewal received after the thirty-first day of 24 January of any year shall be assessed a late payment fee equal to the original license fee, which

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- shall be added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license is
- 2 issued. Any person who fails to obtain the proper license is subject to a civil penalty not to
- 3 exceed one thousand dollars per violation. Notice must shall be given by registered mail prior
- 4 to the imposition of any civil penalty being imposed.
- 5 Section 9. That § 38-19-2.2 be amended to read as follows:
- 6 38-19-2.2. An application for a commercial fertilizer distribution license shall include the
- 7 name and address of the licensee and the name and address of each distribution point operated
- 8 by the licensee in the state. The licensee's name and address as it appears on the license shall
- 9 appear on all labels and pertinent invoices used by the licensee and on all bulk storage units
- operated by the licensee in this state.
- 11 Section 10. That § 38-19-3.1 be repealed.
- 12 38-19-3.1. No person may distribute in this state a specialty fertilizer to a nonregistrant until
- 13 it is registered with the secretary of agriculture by the manufacturer or distributor whose name
- 14 appears on the label. An application in duplicate for each brand and product name of each grade
- of specialty fertilizer shall be made on a form furnished by the secretary and shall be accompanied
- with a registration and inspection fee of twenty-five dollars for each brand and product name of
- 17 each grade. Two labels for each brand and product name of each grade shall accompany the
- 18 application. Upon the approval of an application by the secretary, a copy of the registration shall
- 19 be furnished the applicant. All registrations expire on the thirty-first day of December of each
- 20 year.
- 21 Section 11. That § 38-19-3.2 be repealed.
- 22 38-19-3.2. Any specialty fertilizer containing pesticides and meeting the requirements of
- 23 chapter 38-20A is exempt from annual registration as required by § 38-20A-4.
- 24 Section 12. That § 38-19-4.1 be repealed.

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- 1 38-19-4.1. An application for registration shall include the following:
- 2 (1) Name and address of the manufacturer or distributor;
- $\frac{}{}$ (2) The brand and product name;
- 4 $\frac{\text{(3)}}{\text{The grade}}$
- 5 (4) The guaranteed analysis;
- 6 (5)The net weight.
- 7 Section 13. That § 38-19-10 be amended to read as follows:
- 38-19-10. There is paid to the secretary of agriculture for all commercial fertilizer distributed 8 9 to nonlicensees in this state an inspection fee of twenty up to twenty-five cents per ton. This fee 10 is increased by thirty cents per ton which increase shall be deposited annually into the 11 groundwater protection fund to fund the groundwater research and education program 12 established pursuant to § 46A-1-85 for five years, at which point the fertilizer inspection fee for 13 each ton of fertilizer shall be twenty cents per ton. The secretary of agriculture may promulgate 14 rules pursuant to chapter 1-26 to provide for an increase in the tonnage inspection fee of up to 15 five cents per ton. Such increase shall be commensurate with the overall cost of conducting 16 commercial fertilizer inspections, investigations, monitoring, providing information and 17 education, and taking enforcement action against violators. The secretary of agriculture shall 18 promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 1-26 to establish the inspection fee.
- 19 However, sales or exchanges between importers, manufacturers, or licensees are exempt
 20 from the inspection fee. Also, the inspection fee does not apply to specialty fertilizer.
- 21 Section 14. That § 38-19-18 be amended to read as follows:
- 38-19-18. For the purposes of this chapter, a commercial fertilizer is deemed to be adulterated:
- 24 (1) If it contains any deleterious or harmful ingredient in sufficient amount to render it

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1		injurious to beneficial plant life when applied in accordance with directions for use on
2		the label, or if adequate warning statements or directions for use, which may be
3		necessary to protect plant life, are not shown on the label;
4	(2)	If its composition falls below or differs from that which it is purported to possess by
5		its labeling; or
6	(3)	If it contains unwanted crop seed or weed seed; or
7	<u>(4)</u>	If it contains any deleterious or harmful ingredient in sufficient amount that, if the
8		product is used in accordance with label instructions, it renders the commodity that
9		is derived from the treated crop injurious to humans, wildlife, livestock, or the
10		environment or renders the commodity unsaleable.
11	Secti	on 15. That § 38-19-20 be repealed.
12	38-1	9-20. The secretary of agriculture, pursuant to rules promulgated pursuant to the
13	provisio	ns of chapter 1-26, may cancel the license of any person or registration of any
14	commerc	cial fertilizer, or refuse to issue a license or registration as herein provided, upon
15	satisfacto	ory evidence that the licensee or registrant has used fraudulent or deceptive practices in
16	evasions	or attempted evasions of the provisions of this chapter or any rules promulgated
17	hereunde	er. However, no license or registration may be revoked or refused until the licensee or
18	registran	t has been given an opportunity to appear for a hearing by the secretary, such notice and
19	hearing t	to follow rules promulgated therefore pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1-26.
20	Secti	on 16. That chapter 38-19 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as
21	follows:	
22	Each	license applicant or licensee shall, upon request of the secretary, furnish copies of labels
23	and label	ling in order to permit the secretary to determine compliance with the provisions of this
24	chapter.	

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Section 17. That chapter 38-19 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as

2 follows:

The secretary of agriculture may reject the commercial fertilizer distribution license application of any firm not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and may cancel the commercial fertilizer license of any firm subsequently found not to be in compliance with any provision of this chapter. However, no commercial fertilizer distribution license may be refused or canceled unless the licensee has been given an opportunity to be heard before the secretary and to amend the application in order to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

Section 18. That § 38-19A-4 be amended to read as follows:

38-19A-4. Each separately identified soil conditioner product shall be registered before being distributed in this state. The application for registration shall be submitted to the secretary of agriculture on the form furnished or approved by the secretary and shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars per product. Upon approval by the secretary, a copy of the registration shall be furnished to the applicant. Each registration shall expire on December thirty-first of the year following the date of issuance. Each registrant shall submit to the secretary a copy of labels and advertising literature with the registration request for each soil amendment.

Section 19. That § 38-19A-11 be amended to read as follows:

38-19A-11. Every distributor shall file with the secretary, on forms furnished by the secretary of agriculture, semiannual statements an annual statement for periods the period ending December thirty-first and June thirtieth of each year setting forth the number of net tons of each soil amendment distributed in the state during that period. The report shall be due within thirty days following each semiannual annual reporting period. If the report is not filed and the payment of the inspection fee is not made within the time period specified, a collection fee amounting to ten percent of the amount shall be assessed against the registrant. However, the minimum

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1 <u>collection fee is ten dollars.</u> The secretary shall have the authority to <u>may</u> examine such records

- 2 to verify statements of tonnage. Such statement shall be accompanied by payment of an
- 3 inspection fee of twenty cents per ton for all soil amendments distributed in this state. The
- 4 secretary may allow payment of inspection fees on a calculated equivalent of volume to tons.
- 5 Section 20. That § 38-21-17 be amended to read as follows:
- 6 38-21-17. No person may engage in the business of applying pesticides to the lands of 7 another, advertise as being in the business of applying pesticides to the lands of another at any 8 time, apply pesticides while in the performance of his duties as a governmental employee or 9 otherwise act as a commercial applicator without an applicator's license issued by the secretary 10 of agriculture, unless exempted under the provisions of this chapter. The secretary shall require an annual a fee of twenty-five dollars for each applicator license issued. The secretary of 11 12 agriculture shall issue an applicator license to government employees without a license fee. The 13 fee exempt license is valid only when the applicator is applying pesticides in the course of his

employment for the governmental entity. Any person who violates this section is subject to a civil

Section 21. That § 38-21-26 be amended to read as follows:

penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars per violation.

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- 38-21-26. A licensed applicator's license shall expire on the last day of February of the second year following the year of issue unless it has been revoked or suspended prior thereto by the secretary of agriculture for cause, as provided for in § 38-21-44.
- Section 22. That § 38-21-33.1 be amended to read as follows:
- 21 38-21-33.1. It is a Class 2 misdemeanor for any person to act in the capacity of a licensed 22 pesticide dealer or advertise as a licensed pesticide dealer at any time without first having 23 obtained an annual a license from the Department of Agriculture which that shall expire on the 24 last day of February of the second year following the year of issue. In addition to any criminal

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1 penalty, any person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five

- 2 thousand dollars per violation.
- 3 Section 23. That § 38-21-33.5 be amended to read as follows:
- 4 38-21-33.5. Application for a license shall be accompanied by a fifty dollar annual license fee
- 5 and shall be on a form prescribed by the secretary of agriculture. The annual license fee for any
- 6 applicant who also holds a licensed applicator license shall be twenty-five dollars.
- 7 Section 24. That § 38-21-42 be amended to read as follows:
- 8 38-21-42. Any person holding a current valid license or certification may renew such license
- 9 or certification for the next year biennium without taking another examination unless the
- secretary of agriculture determines that additional knowledge related to classifications for which
- the applicant has applied makes a new examination necessary or if additional demonstration of
- 12 qualifications is determined necessary for a person who has had a license suspended or revoked
- or has had one or more previous violations of this chapter.
- Section 25. That § 38-21-43 be amended to read as follows:
- 15 38-21-43. If the application for renewal of any license provided for in this chapter is not filed
- prior to March first in any year of expiration, a penalty of fifty dollars shall be assessed and added
- to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license is issued.
- Section 26. That § 38-24B-1 be amended to read as follows:
- 19 38-24B-1. Terms, as used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, mean:
- 20 (1) "Annual plants," ornamental or vegetable plants which are commonly grown in
- 21 movable containers and transplanted to out of doors locations and which do not live
- for more than one growing season;
- 23 (2) "Dealer," any person who is not a resident nurseryman:
- 24 (a) Who buys nursery stock for the purpose of reselling or reshipping;

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1		(b) Who makes landscape plans using nursery stock and negotiates in the purchase
2		of nursery stock for his clients; or
3		(c) Who contracts to furnish and plant nursery stock;
4	(3)	"Decorative plants," indoor plants which are commonly grown and sold in movable
5		containers, and which are not adapted for cultivation out of doors because of climatic
6		conditions and natural peculiarities of habit or growth and because of the purpose of
7		their cultivation;
8	(4)	"Department," the State Department of Agriculture;
9	(5)	"Nursery," any grounds or premises on which nursery stock is being grown,
10		fumigated, packed, displayed, or stored, if such stock is or will either be sold or
11		offered for sale or distribution;
12	(6)	"Nurseryman," any person who owns, leases, manages, or is in charge of a nursery;
13	(7)	"Nursery stock," trees, shrubs, or other plants having a persistent woody stem; all
14		herbaceous perennials; and parts of either of those which are capable of propagation,
15		except for seeds, true bulbs, rhizomes, corms, and tubers while in a dormant
16		condition;
17	(8)	"Pest," any animal, plant, insect, or infectious transmissible or contagious disease, or
18		other organism which is or may be dangerous or detrimental to the plant industry of
19		the state;
20	(9)	"Regulated pest," any pest which the secretary determines is sufficiently detrimental
21		to the plant industry of the state to warrant control or eradication measures;
22	(10)	"Related plant products," seed, true bulbs, rhizomes, corms, roots, and tubers of
23		nursery stock while in a dormant condition and nonviable plant to include forced
24		blooming plants and Christmas trees;

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1	(11)	"Resident nurseryman," any nurseryman in this state who grows all or a portion of the
2		nursery stock that he the nurseryman sells or distributes;
3	(12)	"Restricted dealer," a dealer who limits his nursery stock to only roses or herbaceous
4		perennials;
5	(13)	"Secretary," the state secretary of agriculture;
6	(14)	"Sod," grassy surface soil held together by matted roots of grass cultivors, mixtures,
7		or blends of grass cultivors and used in residential and commercial landscape;
8	(15)	"Special nurseryman," a resident nurseryman who grows only one species of nursery
9		stock and does less than five hundred dollars in sales each year;
10	(16)	"Viable," capable of germination or living and developing under normal growing
11		conditions into a plant which would be typical in height, spread, caliper, dimension,
12		condition, quality, and age for a plant of that species.
13	Section	on 27. That § 38-24B-7 be amended to read as follows:
14	38-24	B-7. The Department of Agriculture may issue a certificate of inspection to any
15	nurserym	an, operating as a resident nurseryman or dealer, whose nursery stock has been
16	officially	inspected and found to be viable and free from pests. The annual biennial fee for the
17	inspection	and certification is: one hundred fifty dollars plus four dollars for each acre over one
18	acre of in	spected plants. A conservation district that plants less than thirty acres of nursery stock
19	in a year	may obtain a certificate of inspection at the reduced fee of one hundred dollars.
20	(1)	Resident nurseryman: thirty dollars plus thirty cents for each acre of growing field;
21	(2)	Special nurseryman: ten dollars;
22	(3)	Dealer: thirty dollars; and
23	(4)	Restricted dealer: twenty dollars.
24	— All fe	es collected pursuant to this section shall be placed in the general fund.

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- 1 Section 28. That § 38-24B-9 be amended to read as follows:
- 2 38-24B-9. Any nurseryman whose location is outside the state may obtain a certificate of
- 3 inspection to sell nursery stock within the state by filing a certified copy of his the official
- 4 inspection certificate and paying a thirty one hundred fifty dollar fee to the secretary of
- 5 agriculture. The secretary may waive the payment of the fee if the applicant's state does not
- 6 require a fee by South Dakota applicants for a like certificate in that state.
- 7 Section 29. That § 38-24B-12 be amended to read as follows:
- 8 38-24B-12. Any grower or dealer of decorative plants, annual plants, sod, or related plant
- 9 products may apply to the department for a certificate of inspection. The Department of
- Agriculture may issue a certificate of inspection to the person whose decorative plants, annual
- plants, sod, or related plant products have been officially inspected and found free from pests.
- 12 The fee for inspection and certification is thirty one hundred fifty dollars plus thirty cents two
- dollars for each acre of growing field and thirty cents two dollars for each one thousand square
- 14 feet of growing greenhouse.
- 15 Section 30. That chapter 38-24B be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read
- 16 as follows:
- 17 Fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special
- 18 revenue fund known as the nursery fund. This fund shall consist of moneys from public and
- 19 private sources including legislative appropriations, federal grants, gifts, and the fees received
- 20 pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall be maintained separately and be administered by the
- 21 department in order to defray the expenses of all activities associated with administering the
- 22 nursery program. Expenditures from the fund shall be appropriated through the normal budget
- 23 process. Unexpended funds and interest shall remain in the fund until appropriated by the
- 24 Legislature.

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- 1 Section 31. That § 39-14-40.1 be amended to read as follows:
- 2 39-14-40.1. No person who manufactures a commercial feed within the state, or whose name
- 3 appears on the label of a commercial feed as guarantor, may distribute a commercial feed in the
- 4 state without first obtaining a commercial feed license from the secretary on forms provided by
- 5 the secretary that identify the manufacturer's or guarantor's name, place of business, and location
- 6 of each manufacturing facility in the state and such other appropriate information necessary for
- 7 enforcement of this chapter. The fee for a new or renewal license is fifty dollars per in-state
- 8 location or manufacturer name and location listed on a commercial feed label, except that in the
- 9 case of in-state manufacturers who manufacture only customer formula feeds, no fee may be
- 10 collected. Each license expires on the thirty-first of December of each the year after the date of
- issuance. Commercial feed license applications for renewal received after the thirty-first of
- January of each year shall be assessed a late payment fee equal to the original license fee, which
- shall be added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license is
- 14 issued.
- 15 Section 32. That § 39-14-43 be amended to read as follows:
- 39-14-43. An inspection fee established in rules promulgated by the secretary of agriculture
- pursuant to chapter 1-26, but not to exceed twenty-four cents per ton, shall be paid on
- commercial feeds distributed in this state by the person who distributes the commercial feed to
- 19 the consumer subject to the following:
- 20 (1) No fee need be paid on a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous
- 21 distributor;
- 22 (2) No fee need be paid on customer-formula feeds;
- 23 (3) No fee need be paid on commercial feeds used as ingredients for the manufacture of
- commercial feeds provided the fee has been paid by a previous distributor. If the fee

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has been paid, credit is given for the payment;

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- 2 (4) In the case of a pet food which is distributed in the state only in packages of ten
 3 pounds or less, an annual a biennial fee of fifty dollars per product shall be paid in lieu
 4 of the inspection fee specified above;
 - (5) In the case of a specialty pet food which is distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, an annual a biennial fee of twenty-five dollars per product shall be paid in lieu of the inspection fee specified above; and
 - (6) The minimum inspection fee shall be ten twenty dollars per six-month twelve-month period.
 - Section 33. That § 39-14-44 be amended to read as follows:
- 39-14-44. Any person who is liable for payment of an inspection fee shall:
- 12 (1) File, not later than the last day of January and July of each year, a semi-annual an 13 annual statement, setting forth the number of net tons of commercial feeds distributed 14 in this state during the preceding six twelve months. Upon filing such statement, the 15 person shall pay the inspection fee at the rate stated in § 39-14-43. Inspection fees 16 that are due and have not been remitted to the Department of Agriculture within thirty 17 days following the due date by January thirty-first of each year shall have a late 18 payment fee of ten percent or ten twenty dollars, whichever is greater, added to the 19 amount due when payment is finally made. The assessment of this late payment fee 20 does not prevent the department from taking other actions as provided in this chapter; 21 and
 - (2) Keep such records as may be necessary or required by the secretary of agriculture, pursuant to rules promulgated pursuant to chapter 1-26, to indicate accurately the tonnage of commercial feed distributed in this state. The secretary may examine such

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- 1 records to verify statements of tonnage.
- 2 Failure to make an accurate statement of tonnage or to pay the inspection fee or comply with
- 3 this section constitutes sufficient cause for cancellation of a commercial feed license or rejection
- 4 of a commercial feed license application.
- 5 Section 34. That § 39-18-8 be amended to read as follows:
- 6 39-18-8. Upon approval by the secretary of agriculture, a copy of the registration of an
- animal remedy shall be forwarded to the applicant. All registrations are on an annual a biennial
- 8 basis, expiring the thirty-first day of December of the year after the date of registration. An
- 9 annual A biennial registration fee of twenty-five dollars for each product shall be paid to the
- 10 secretary upon application for registration.
- 11 Section 35. That § 38-18-27 be amended to read as follows:
- 12 38-18-27. Any person may request to enter into a compliance agreement with the secretary
- or that the secretary make additional inspections of bees, bee equipment, or honey houses. The
- person requesting the agreement or the shall pay a fee of fifty dollars per compliance agreement.
- 15 If an inspection is conducted, the person requesting the inspection shall pay the secretary any
- extra expense incidental to such inspection plus mileage and per diem for inspectors' expenses.
- 17 Section 36. That § 38-19-12 be amended to read as follows:
- 18 38-19-12. Each licensed distributor of commercial fertilizer shall file with the secretary of
- 19 agriculture on forms furnished by the secretary an annual statement for the period ending
- 20 December thirty-first setting forth the number of net tons of each grade of commercial fertilizer
- 21 distributed in this state during the reporting period. The report is due on or before the thirtieth
- of January following the close of the reporting period and on the basis of his the statement each
- 23 licensed distributor of commercial fertilizer shall pay the inspection fee at the rate stated in
- pursuant to § 38-19-10. If more than one person is involved in the distribution of a commercial

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fertilizer, the distributor who imports, manufactures, or produces the commercial fertilizer is responsible for the inspection fee on products produced or brought into this state. The distributor shall separately list the inspection fee on the invoice to the licensee. The last licensee shall retain the invoices showing proof of inspection fees paid for three years and shall pay the inspection fee on commercial fertilizer brought into this state or produced before July 1, 2001, unless the distributor has reported and paid the fees. If the tonnage report is not filed and the payment of inspection fee is not made within thirty days after the end of the period, a collection fee amounting to ten percent (minimum ten dollars) of the amount shall be assessed against the licensee and the amount of fees due constitutes a debt and becomes the basis of a judgment against the licensee. The secretary may verify the records on which statements of tonnage are based and each licensed distributor of commercial fertilizer shall grant the secretary permission to verify the records on his the licensee's application for license and on each tonnage report. H more than one licensee is involved in a commercial fertilizer distribution chain, the last licensee who distributes commercial fertilizer to a nonlicensee is responsible for filing the tonnage report and paying the inspection fee. The secretary may, at his discretion, revoke or refuse to renew the license of any licensee failing to comply with this section. No information furnished under this section may be disclosed by the secretary or his agents or anyone having access to tonnage reports if the disclosure will in any way divulge any part of the operations of a licensee. Section 37. That § 38-24B-14 be amended to read as follows:

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38-24B-14. A certificate issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter is in effect for a period not to exceed one year two years and expires on December thirty-first of the year following the date of issue.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

905E0521

HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. HB~1126 - 01/31/2001

Introduced by: Representatives Duenwald, Abdallah, Duniphan, Monroe, Sebert, and Van Etten and Senators Daugaard, Albers, Madden, and Vitter

1	FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to limit the application of implied consent in circumstances
2	involving an arrest for vehicular homicide or vehicular battery.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
4	Section 1. That § 32-23-10 be amended to read as follows:
5	32-23-10. Any person who operates any vehicle in this state is considered to have given
6	consent to the withdrawal of blood or other bodily substance and chemical analysis of the
7	person's blood, breath, or other bodily substance to determine the amount of alcohol in the
8	person's blood and to determine the presence of marijuana or any controlled drug or substance.
9	The person shall be requested by the officer to submit to the withdrawal of blood or other
10	bodily substance for chemical analysis or chemical analysis of the person's breath and shall be
11	advised by the officer that:
12	(1) If the person refuses to submit to the withdrawal or chemical analysis, no withdrawal
13	or chemical analysis may be required unless the person has been arrested for a third,
14	fourth, or subsequent violation of § 32-23-1, constituting a felony offense under

- 2 - HB 1126

1		§ 32-23-4 or 32-23-4.6 or has been arrested for vehicular homicide under § 22-16-41
2		or vehicular battery under § 22-16-42;
3	(2)	If the person refuses to submit to the withdrawal or chemical analysis, the person's
4		driver's license shall be revoked for one year, unless pursuant to § 32-23-11.1 the
5		person pleads guilty to a violation of § 32-23-1 or 32-23-21, prior to a revocation
6		order being issued; and
7	(3)	The person has the right to have a chemical analysis performed by a technician of the
8		person's own choosing at the person's own expense, in addition to the test requested
9		by the officer.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

831E0127

HOUSE TAXATION COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. $HB\ 1127$ - 02/01/2001

Introduced by: Representatives Duenwald, Bartling, Brown (Jarvis), Garnos, Juhnke, and Slaughter and Senators Drake, Brosz, de Hueck, Hutmacher, Koskan, McIntyre, Putnam, Symens, and Vitter

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to modify the procedure for the remittance of the 911
- 2 surcharge.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 34-45-8 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 34-45-8. Any charge imposed pursuant to §§ 34-45-3 and 34-45-4 and the amounts required
- 6 to be collected are to be remitted to the governing body quarterly. The amount of the charge
- 7 collected in one calendar quarter by the local exchange access company shall be remitted to the
- 8 governing body no later than sixty thirty days after the close of the calendar quarter. On or
- 9 before the sixteenth day of each month following, a return for the preceding quarter shall be filed
- with the governing body in such form as the governing body and local exchange access company
- shall agree upon. The local exchange access company required to file the return shall deliver the
- return together with a remittance of the amount of the charge payable, to the governing body.
- 13 The local exchange access company shall maintain a record of collections made for a period of
- one year after the collection.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

Introduced by: Representatives Konold, Olson (Mel), and Solum and Senators Bogue, Albers, Moore, Olson (Ed), and Vitter

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corpe	orations and limited liability companies.		
BE IT E	NACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:		
Secti	on 1. That chapter 36-21A be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read		
as follow	vs:		
A real estate salesperson or broker associate employed by or otherwise associated with a			
broker may form a business corporation or limited liability company under all the following			
condition	ns:		
(1)	The business corporation or limited liability company does not engage in real estate		
	transactions as a third-party agent or in any other capacity requiring a license under		
	this chapter;		
(2)	The business corporation or limited liability company does not advertise or otherwise		
	hold itself out as a real estate brokerage company;		
(3)	The employing or associating broker is not relieved of any obligation to supervise the		
	BE IT El Secti as follow A rea broker m condition (1)		

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1		employed or associated licensee or any other requirement of this chapter or the rules
2		adopted pursuant to this chapter;
3	(4)	The employed or associated licensee is not relieved of any personal liability for any
4		licensed activities by interposing the corporate or limited liability form;
5	(5)	The business corporation or limited liability company is owned solely by an individual
6		real estate salesperson or broker associate, or by that person and that person's spouse
7		and
8	(6)	The business corporation or limited liability company is approved by and registered
9		with the commission. The registration fee for an approved business corporation or
10		limited liability company shall be established by rule promulgated pursuant to chapter
11		1-26. The fee may not exceed one hundred dollars.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

 841E0747 HOUSE COMMERCE COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. HB 1218 - 02/01/2001

Introduced by: Representatives Derby and Peterson (Bill) and Senator Sutton (Dan)

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to prohibit directed suretyship.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. No state, county, or municipal employee, and no person acting or purporting to
- 4 act on behalf of such employee, or any state, county, or municipal agency, may, with respect to
- 5 any public building or construction contract which is about to be or which has been competitively
- 6 bid or negotiated, require the bidder to make application to or furnish financial data to, or to
- obtain, or procure, any of the surety bonds, or surety bond components of wrap-up insurance,
- 8 that are specified in connection with such contract or by law from any particular insurance or
- 9 surety company or producer.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

680E0698

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. HB 1249 - 01/31/2001

Introduced by: Representatives Duenwald and Brown (Jarvis) and Senators Drake, Diedtrich (Elmer), Staggers, and Vitter

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to clarify certain provisions regarding the use of a vehicle
- 2 at certain intersections.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 32-26-2 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 32-26-2. In crossing an intersection of highways or the intersection of a highway by a
- 6 railroad right-of-way, the driver of a vehicle shall at all times cause such vehicle to travel on the
- 7 right half of the highway unless such right half is obstructed or impassable. However, this section
- 8 does not apply to a vehicle passing another vehicle at an intersection of a state highway with a
- 9 township road or improved section line unless the intersection is marked as a no-passing zone.
- 10 A violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

175E0028

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. ${\bf SB~1}$ - 01/19/2001

Introduced by: Senators Madden and Ham and Representatives McCoy and Slaughter at the request of the Interim Judiciary Committee

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to require written informed consent before genetic testing.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. Terms used in this Act mean:
- 4 (1) "Genetic information," information derived from a genetic test about a gene, gene
 5 product, or inherited characteristic;
- "Genetic test," a test of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, or genes performed in 6 (2) 7 order to identify the presence or absence of an inherited variation, alteration, or 8 mutation which is associated with predisposition to disease, illness, impairment, or 9 other disorder. Genetic test does not mean a routine physical measurement; a 10 chemical, blood, or urine analysis; a test for drugs or HIV infection; any test 11 commonly accepted in clinical practice; or any test performed due to the presence of 12 signs, symptoms, or other manifestations of a disease, illness, impairment, or other 13 disorder;
 - (3) "Predictive genetic test," a genetic test performed for the purpose of predicting the

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1 future probability that the person tested will develop a genetically related disease or 2 disability. 3 Section 2. No person may order or perform a predictive genetic test without first obtaining 4 the written, informed consent of the person to be tested. For purposes of this section, written, 5 informed consent consists of a signed writing executed by the person to be tested or the legally 6 authorized representative of the person to be tested that includes, at a minimum, all of the 7 following: 8 (1) The nature and purpose of the predictive genetic test; 9 (2) The effectiveness and limitations of the predictive genetic test; 10 (3) The implications of taking the predictive genetic test, including, the medical risks and 11 benefits; 12 (4) The future uses of the sample taken from the person tested in order to conduct the 13 predictive genetic test and the information obtained from the predictive genetic test; (5) 14 The meaning of the predictive genetic test results and the procedure for providing 15 notice of the results to the person tested; and 16 (6) A listing of who will have access to the sample taken from the person tested in order 17 to conduct the predictive genetic test and the information obtained from the predictive 18 genetic test, and the person's right to confidential treatment of the sample and the 19 information. 20 Section 3. If a person to be tested or the person's legally authorized representative signs a 21 copy of the informed consent form developed pursuant to section 2 of this Act, the person 22 obtaining the informed consent shall give the person to be tested a copy of the signed informed 23 consent form and shall include the original signed informed consent form in the medical record 24 of the person tested.

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1 Section 4. Nothing in this Act alters the ability to perform genetic tests done in pursuance

2 of a lawful criminal investigation or court order.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

247E0029

House commerce committee engrossed no. $SB\ 2$ - 02/01/2001

Introduced by: Senators Madden and Ham and Representatives McCoy and Slaughter at the request of Interim Judiciary Committee

1	FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to prohibit employers from obtaining, seeking, or using		
2	genetic information.		
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:		
4	Section 1. That chapter 60-2 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as		
5	follows:		
6	It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer to seek to obtain, to obtain, or to use		
7	genetic information, as defined in section 2 of this Act, of an employee or a prospective		
8	employee to distinguish between or discriminate against employees or prospective employees or		
9	restrict any right or benefit otherwise due or available to an employee or a prospective employee.		
10	However, it is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to seek to obtain, to obtain,		
11	or to use genetic information if:		
12	(1) The employer is a law enforcement agency conducting a criminal investigation; or		
13	(2) The employer relies on the test results from genetic information obtained by law		
14	enforcement through a criminal investigation, the employer legally acquires the test		

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1	results, the employer keeps the test results confidential except as otherwise required
2	by law, and the employer uses the test results for the limited purpose of taking
3	disciplinary action against the employee.
4	Any employee or prospective employee claiming to be aggrieved by this unlawful employment
5	practice may bring a civil suit for damages in circuit court. The court may award reasonable
6	attorney fees and costs in addition to any judgment awarded to the employee or prospective
7	employee.
8	Section 2. That chapter 60-2 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as
9	follows:
10	For the purposes of this Act, genetic information is the information about an individual or
11	family obtained from a genetic test or an individual's deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

400E0331

SENATE GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. $SB\ 50\ -\ 01/25/2001$

Introduced by: The Committee on Government Operations and Audit at the request of the Bureau of Finance and Management

1	FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise certain provisions regarding the state's accounting			
2	systems and the financial statements prepared by the Bureau of Finance and Management.			
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:			
4	Section 1. That § 4-4-4 be amended to read as follows:			
5	4-4-4. The following types of funds and account group entities shall be used by the state and			
6	local governments except higher education.			
7	— Governmental Funds			
8	(1) "General fund," to account for all financial resources except those required to be			
9	accounted for in another fund.			
10	(2) "Special revenue funds," to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other			
11	than special assessments, expendable trusts, or for major capital projects) that are			
12	legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.			
13	(3) "Capital projects funds," to account for financial resources to be used for the			
14	acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by			

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1		proprietary runds, special assessment runds, and trust runds).
2	(4)	"Debt service funds," to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the
3		payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.
4	— Propi	rietary Funds
5	(5)	"Enterprise funds," to account for operations that are financed and operated in a
6		manner similar to private business enterpriseswhere the intent of the governing body
7		is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to
8		the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through
9		user charges or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of
10		revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital
11		maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
12	(6)	"Internal service funds," to account for the financing of goods or services provided by
13		one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit,
14		or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.
15	- Fiduc	ciary Funds
16	(7)	"Trust and agency funds," to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a
17		trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other
18		governmental units, and other funds. These include expendable trust funds,
19		nonexpendable trust funds, pension trust funds, and agency funds.
20	— Acco	unt Groups
21	(8)	"General fixed assets," to account for all fixed assets except those accounted for in
22		proprietary funds or trust funds.
23	(9)	"General long-term obligation," to account for the unmatured principal of bonds,
24		warrants, notes, or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation

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1	indebtedness that is not a specific liability of any proprietary fund, special assessment
2	fund, or trust fund. Any accounting system used by any state agency or any component
3	unit of state government shall be designed to meet the financial accounting and
4	reporting requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.
5	Section 2. That § 4-4-4.1 be repealed.
6	4-4-4.1. Institutions of higher education shall use the following types of funds:
7	— Current Funds
8	(1) "Unrestricted current funds," to account for all resources expended for short-term
9	operating purposes which have no purpose stipulated by the donor or other external
10	agency;
11	(2) "Restricted current funds," to account for all resources expended for short-term
12	operating purposes which are limited by the donor or other external agency to specified
13	purposes, programs, departments, or schools;
14	— Loan Funds
15	(3) "Loan funds," to account for the resources available for loans to students, faculty, and
16	staff;
17	Endowment and Similar Funds
18	(4) "Endowment funds," to account for funds for which the terms of the gift instrument
19	creating the fund stipulated that the principal of the fund is not expendable;
20	(5) "Term endowment funds," to account for those funds that are like endowment funds
21	except that all or part of the principal may be used after a stated period of time or upon
22	the occurrence of a certain event;
23	(6) "Quasi-endowment funds," to account for those funds that the governing board of the
24	institution, rather than a donor or other external agency, determined to retain and

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1		invest;
2	— Annu	ity and Life Income Funds
3	(7)	"Annuity funds," to account for those funds acquired by an institution under an
4		agreement that makes money or other property available to the institution on condition
5		that it bind itself to pay stipulated amounts periodically to the donor or other
6		designated individual until the time specified in the agreement for the payments to
7		terminate;
8	(8)	"Life income funds," to account for those funds acquired by an institution under an
9		agreement that makes money or other property available to the institution on condition
10		that it bind itself to pay the income earned by the donated assets periodically to the
11		donor or other designated individual, usually for the lifetime of the income beneficiary;
12	Agen	cy Funds
13	(9)	"Agency funds," to account for funds held by the institution as custodian or fiscal agent
14		for individual students, faculty, staff members, and organizations;
15	— Plant	Funds
16	(10)	"Unexpended plant funds," to account for unexpended resources derived from various
17		sources to finance the acquisition of long-lived plant assets and their associated
18		liabilities;
19	(11)	"Funds for renewals and replacements," to account for the renewal and replacement
20		of plant fund assets as distinguished from additions and improvements to plant;
21	(12)	"Funds for retirement of indebtedness," to account for the accumulation of resources
22		for interest and principal payments and other debt service charges, including
23		contributions for sinking funds, relating to plant fund indebtedness;
24	(13)	"Investment in plant," to account for all long-lived assets in the service of the

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1 institution and all construction in progress, as well as all associated liabilities except 2 for long-lived assets held as investments in endowment and similar funds, or construction in progress carried in the unexpended plant funds and funds for renewals 3 4 and replacements subgroups until completion of the project. 5 In addition to these fund groups, institutions of higher education may use such additional fund 6 groups as may be necessary to report their fiscal condition in conformity with generally accepted 7 accounting principles. 8 All endowments, gifts, and bequests made directly to any state institution of higher education, 9 and the income therefrom, shall belong to and be used only by that institution. Direct 10 endowments, gifts, and bequests, including those received indirectly by foundations affiliated with 11 an institution, may not be used to reduce its state appropriation. Nothing contained in this section 12 may require the continuation of programs or program levels achieved as the result of those 13 endowments, gifts, and bequests, nor may it apply to state appropriated funds. 14 Section 3. That § 4-4-6 be amended to read as follows: 15 4-4-6. The Bureau of Finance and Management shall annually prepare financial statements for 16 the State of South Dakota. The financial statements shall include all funds and account groups of 17 the state and shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. 18 Section 4. That chapter 13-52 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as 19 follows: 20 All endowments, gifts, and bequests made directly to any state institution of higher education, 21 and the income therefrom, shall belong to and be used only by that institution. Direct 22 endowments, gifts, and bequests, including those received indirectly by foundations affiliated with 23 an institution, may not be used to reduce its state appropriation. Nothing contained in this section 24 may require the continuation of programs or program levels achieved as the result of those

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1 endowments, gifts, and bequests, nor may it apply to state appropriated funds.

SEVENTY-SIXTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2001

670E0381

SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE ENGROSSED NO. $SB\ 88$ - 01/25/2001

Introduced by: Senators Olson (Ed), Duxbury, and Whiting and Representatives Monroe, Davis, Garnos, Solum, and Van Etten

1	FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to prohibit certain deceptive trade practices regarding		
2	prescription discount cards.		
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:		
4	Section 1. That § 37-24-6 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SUBDIVISION to read a		
5	follows:		
6	Sell, market, promote, advertise, or otherwise distribute any card or other purchasing		
7	mechanism or device that is not insurance that purports to offer discounts or access to discount		
8	from pharmacies for prescription drug purchases if:		
9	(a)	The card or other purchasing mechanism or device does not expressly state in	
10		bold and prominent type, prevalently placed, that discounts are not insurance;	
11	(b)	The discounts are not specifically authorized by a separate contract with each	
12		pharmacy listed in conjunction with the card or other purchasing mechanism or	
13		device; or	
14	(c)	The discount or access to discounts offered, or the range of discounts or access	

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- to the range of discounts, is misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent, regardless of the literal wording.
- 3 Section 2. The provisions of section 1 of this Act do not apply to a customer discount or
- 4 membership card issued by a store or buying club for use in that store or buying club.