



## 2020 South Dakota Legislature

# House Bill 1261

Introduced by: **Representative** David Johnson

1 **An Act to provide procedures to enforce the integrity of the United States**  
 2 **Constitution.**

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

4 **Section 1.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

5 **2-18-1. Title.**

6 This act may be cited as the United States Constitution Enforcement and Integrity  
 7 Act.

8 **Section 2.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

9 **2-18-2. Definitions.**

10 Terms used in this chapter mean:

- 11 (1) "Committee," the Joint Legislative Committee on Constitutional Enforcement;  
 12 (2) "Federal action," any federal law, any federal agency rule, policy, or standard, any  
 13 executive order of the president of the United States, any order or decision of a  
 14 federal court, and the making or enforcing of a treaty;  
 15 (3) "Unconstitutional federal action," a federal action enacted, adopted, or  
 16 implemented without power specifically delegated to the federal government by  
 17 the people and the states through the United States Constitution.

18 **Section 3.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

19 **2-18-3. Joint Legislative Committee on Constitutional Enforcement--**  
 20 **Establishment.**

21 There shall be appointed at each regular session of the Legislature a Joint  
 22 Legislative Committee on Constitutional Enforcement. The committee is established to  
 23 review federal actions that exceed the delegated powers specifically outlined in the United

1 States Constitution or that challenge the sovereignty of the state and of the people for the  
2 purpose of determining if the federal action is unconstitutional.

3 **Section 4.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

4 **2-18-4. Membership--Appointment--Terms.**

5 The committee consists of the following twelve members:

6 (1) Six members of the House of Representatives appointed by the House Judiciary  
7 Committee; and

8 (2) Six members of the Senate appointed by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

9 Not more than five House members of the committee may be members of the same  
10 political party. Not more than five Senate members of the committee may be members of  
11 the same political party. If a vacancy occurs on the committee, the chair and vicechair of  
12 the committee shall appoint a corresponding member of the House or Senate to serve for  
13 the remainder of the unexpired term.

14 **Section 5.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

15 **2-18-5. Meetings--Quorum.**

16 The House and Senate Judiciary Committees shall each designate one member of  
17 the committee as a joint chair of the committee. The committee shall meet at the call of  
18 either joint chair. A majority of the members of the committee constitute a quorum.

19 **Section 6.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

20 **2-18-6. Determination of unconstitutionality.**

21 The committee may review any federal action to determine whether the action is  
22 an unconstitutional federal action. When reviewing a federal action, the committee shall  
23 consider the plain reading and reasoning of the text of the United States Constitution and  
24 the understood definitions at the time of the framing and construction of the United States  
25 Constitution by our forefathers before making a final declaration of constitutionality, as  
26 demonstrated by the:

27 (1) Understanding of the leading participants at the original constitutional convention;

28 (2) Understanding of the United States Constitution by the first United States  
29 Congress;

30 (3) Opinions of the first chief justice of the United States Supreme Court;

31 (4) Opinions and statements expressed in The Federalist Papers; and

1       (5) Statements of support for natural law and natural rights by the original framers  
2       and authors of the United States Constitution.

3       **Section 7.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

4               **2-18-7. Voting.**

5               No later than ninety days after the date the committee holds its first public hearing  
6               to review a specific federal action, the committee shall vote to determine whether the  
7               action is an unconstitutional federal action. The committee may determine that a federal  
8               action is an unconstitutional federal action by a majority vote.

9       **Section 8.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

10              **2-18-8. Determination of unconstitutionality--Report.**

11              If the committee determines that a federal action is an unconstitutional federal  
12              action, the committee shall report the determination to the House of Representatives and  
13              to the Senate during the:

14              (1) Current session of the Legislature if the Legislature is convened when the  
15              committee makes the determination; or

16              (2) Next regular session of the Legislature if the Legislature is not convened when the  
17              committee makes the determination.

18              Each house of the Legislature shall vote on whether the federal action is an  
19              unconstitutional federal action. If a two-thirds majority of the members of each house  
20              determine that the federal action is an unconstitutional federal action, the determination  
21              shall be sent to the federal government under § 2-18-10. A federal action is declared by  
22              the state to be an unconstitutional federal action on the day both the House of  
23              Representatives and Senate approves the determination with a two-thirds majority.

24       **Section 9.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

25              **2-18-9. Forwarding Determination--Federal Government.**

26              If the determination is approved as described under § 2-18-9, the secretary of  
27              state shall forward official copies of the declaration to the president of the United States,  
28              to the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate of the  
29              Congress of the United States, and to all members of the South Dakota delegation to  
30              Congress with the request that the declaration of unconstitutional federal action be  
31              entered in the Congressional Record.

1 **Section 10.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

2 **2-18-10. Authority of Governor.**

3 This chapter does not limit or alter the authority of the Governor, the attorney  
4 general, a statewide elected official, a state or federal court, a judge or justice, a state or  
5 local appointed or elected official, or the governing body of a political subdivision of this  
6 state to issue a verbal or written opinion determining a federal action to be  
7 unconstitutional. An opinion issued under this section may be referred to the committee  
8 for review under this chapter.

9 **Section 11.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

10 **2-18-11. Effect--Determination--Federal Action.**

11 If a federal action is declared to be an unconstitutional federal action under § 2-  
12 18-9:

13 (1) It has no legal effect in this state and may not be recognized by this state or a  
14 political subdivision of this state as having legal effect;

15 (2) The state and a political subdivision of the state may not spend public money or  
16 resources or incur public debt to implement or enforce a federal action declared to  
17 be an unconstitutional federal action; and

18 (3) A person authorized to enforce the laws of this state may not enforce those laws  
19 against a person who attempts to implement or enforce a federal action declared  
20 to be unconstitutional.

21 This chapter does not prohibit a public officer who has taken an oath to defend the  
22 United States Constitution from interposing to stop acts of the federal government that  
23 have been declared to be an unconstitutional federal action. South Dakota officials in  
24 federal, state, and local government shall honor their oaths to preserve, protect, and  
25 defend the United States Constitution and shall act to constitutionally defend this state  
26 and the people of this state.

27 **Section 12.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

28 **2-18-12. Attorney General--Authority.**

29 The attorney general may:

30 (1) Defend the state to prevent the implementation and enforcement of a federal  
31 action declared to be an unconstitutional federal action;

1 (2) Prosecute a person under § 3-16-11 who attempts to implement or enforce a  
2 federal action declared to be an unconstitutional federal action, or another  
3 provision of law; or

4 (3) Appear before a grand jury in connection with an offense the attorney general is  
5 authorized to prosecute under this section.

6 The authority to prosecute prescribed by this chapter does not affect the authority  
7 derived from other laws to prosecute the same offenses.

8 **Section 13.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

9 **21-24-17. Declarations--Unconstitutional Acts--Federal Government.**

10 Any court in this state has original jurisdiction of a proceeding seeking a declaratory  
11 judgment that a federal action effective in this state is an unconstitutional federal action.  
12 A person is entitled to declaratory relief if the court determines that a federal action is an  
13 unconstitutional federal action. In determining whether to grant declaratory relief to a  
14 person under this section, a court may not rely solely on the decisions of other courts  
15 interpreting the United States Constitution and instead shall rely on the plain meaning of  
16 the text of the United States Constitution and any applicable constitutional doctrine as  
17 understood by the original framers and authors of the United States Constitution. Section  
18 21-24-10 does not apply to relief sought under this section.

19 **Section 14.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

20 **3-16-11. Implementation--Unconstitutional Duty--Misdemeanor.**

21 Any public officer, or upon any person holding any public trust or employment, who  
22 attempts to perform such duty or implement such a law declared unconstitutional under  
23 § 2-18-7 or § 1-1A-1, where no special provision has been made for the punishment of  
24 such action, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

25 **Section 15.** Not later than the thirtieth day following the effective date of this Act:

26 (1) The House and Senate Judiciary Committee shall appoint the initial members of  
27 the Joint Legislative Committee on Constitutional Enforcement; and

28 (2) The secretary of state shall forward official copies of this Act to the president of the  
29 United States, to the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of  
30 the Senate of the Congress of the United States, and to all members of the South

1           Dakota delegation to Congress with the request that this Act be officially entered  
2           in the Congressional Record.

3           Not later than the forty-fifth day following the effective date of this Act, the  
4           secretary of state shall forward official copies of this Act to the presiding officers of the  
5           legislatures of the several states.