

2020 South Dakota Legislature House Bill 1018

Introduced by: The Committee on Commerce and Energy at the request of the Department of Labor and Regulation

1 An Act to revise certain provisions regarding life and health insurance insolvencies.

- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. That § 58-29C-45 be AMENDED:

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58-29C-45. Purpose of chapter--Creation of association.

A. The purpose of this chapter is to protect, subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in subpart A of § 58-29C-46 against failure in the performance of contractual obligations, under life<u>and</u>, health<u>insurance</u> policies, and annuity<u>policies</u>, <u>plans</u>, or contracts specified in subpart B of § 58-29C-46, because of the impairment or insolvency of the member insurer that issued the policies, plans, or contracts.

B. To provide this protection, an association of <u>member</u> insurers is organized to pay benefits and to continue coverages as limited by this chapter, and members of the association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of this chapter.

14 Section 2. That § 58-29C-46 be AMENDED:

15 58-29C-46. Persons provided with coverage--Policies and portions of
 policies not covered.

A. This chapter shall provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified insubpart B:

- 19 (1) To persons who, regardless of where they reside (except for nonresident certificate
 20 holders under group policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, assignees, or
 21 payees of the persons covered under subdivision (2);
- (2) To persons who are owners of or certificate holders under the policies or contracts
 (other than structured settlement annuities) and in each case who:
- 24 (a) Are residents; or
- 25 (b) Are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions:

1		(i) The <u>member</u> insurer that issued the policies or contracts is domiciled
2		in this state;
3		(ii) The states in which the persons reside have associations similar to the
4		association created by this chapter; and
5		(iii) The persons are not eligible for coverage by an association in any other
6		state due to the fact that the insurer was not licensed in the state at
7		the time specified in the state's guaranty association law;
, 8	(3)	For structured settlement annuities specified in subpart B, subdivisions (1) and (2)
9	(3)	of this subpart do not apply, and this chapter shall (except as provided in
10		subdivisions (4) and (5) of this subpart) provide coverage to a person who is a
10		payee under a structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary of a payee if the payee
12		is deceased), if the payee:
13		(a) Is a resident, regardless of where the contract owner resides; or
13		(a) Is a resident, regardless of where the contract owner resides, of(b) Is not a resident, but only under both of the following conditions:
15		(i)(I) The contract owner of the structured settlement annuity is a resident,
16		or
10		(II) The contract owner of the structured settlement annuity is not a
18		resident, but the insurer that issued the structured settlement annuity
10		is domiciled in this state and the state in which the contract owner
20		resides has an association similar to the association created by this
20		chapter; and
22		(ii) Neither the payee (or beneficiary) nor the contract owner is eligible for
23		coverage by the association of the state in which the payee or contract
23 24		owner resides;
25	(4)	This chapter does not provide coverage to a person who is a payee (or beneficiary)
26	(-)	of a contract owner resident of this state, if the payee (or beneficiary) is afforded
20		any coverage by the association of another state;
28	(5)	This chapter is intended to provide coverage to a person who is a resident of this
29	(3)	state and, in special circumstances, to a nonresident. In order to avoid duplicate
30		coverage, if a person who would otherwise receive coverage under this chapter is
31		provided coverage under the laws of any other state, the person may not be
32		provided coverage under this chapter. In determining the application of the
33		provisions of this paragraph in situations where a person could be covered by the
33 34		association of more than one state, whether as an owner, payee, beneficiary, or
57		association of more than one state, whether as an owner, payee, beneficially, of

1		assig	nee, t	his chapter shall be construed in conjunction with other state laws to
2		resul	t in co	verage by only one association.
3	В	. (1) T	his cha	apter shall provide coverage to the persons specified in subpart A for the
4	polici	ies or c	contrac	ts of direct, nongroup life insurance, health insurance, or annuity policies
5	or cc	ontract	s annu	ities, and for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and
6	for s	upplem	ental	contracts to any of these, in each case except as limited by this chapter.
7	Annu	ity cor	ntracts	and certificates under group annuity contracts include allocated funding
8	agree	ements	s, stru	ctured settlement annuities, and any immediate or deferred annuity
9	conti	racts.		
10	(2)	This	Except	<u>as otherwise provided in subdivision (3) of this subpart, this chapter</u>
11		may	not pr	ovide coverage for:
12		(a)	Аро	rtion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by the <u>member</u> insurer, or
13			unde	r which the risk is borne by the policy or contract owner;
14		(b)	A pol	icy or contract of reinsurance, unless assumption certificates have been
15			issue	d pursuant to the reinsurance policy or contract;
16		(c)	А ро	rtion of a policy or contract to the extent that the rate of interest on
17			whicl	n it is based, or the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor
18			detei	mined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy
19			or co	ntract employed in calculating returns or changes in value:
20			(i)	Averaged over the period of four years prior to the date on which the
21				member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this
22				chapter, whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate of interest determined
23				by subtracting two percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond
24				Yield Average averaged for that same four-year period or for such
25				lesser period if the policy or contract was issued less than four years
26				before the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer
27				under this chapter, whichever is earlier; and
28			(ii)	On and after the date on which the member insurer becomes an
29				impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier,
30				exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting three
31				percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as most
32				recently available;
33		(d)	А ро	tion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer,
34			asso	ciation, or other person to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to its
35			emple	oyees, members, or others, to the extent that the plan or program is

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1		self-funded or uninsured, including benefits payable by an employer,
2		association, or other person under:
3		(i) A multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in section 3(40)
4		of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
5		§ 1002(40));
6		(ii) A minimum premium group insurance plan;
7		(iii) A stop-loss group insurance plan; or
8		(iv) An administrative services only contract;
9	(e)	A portion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides for:
10		(i) Dividends or experience rating credits;
11		(ii) Voting rights; or
12		(iii) Payment of any fees or allowances to any person, including the policy
13		or contract owner, in connection with the service to or administration
14		of the policy or contract;
15	(f)	A policy or contract issued in this state by a member $% \left({{{\mathbf{x}}_{i}}} \right)$ insurer at a time when
16		it was not licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy
17		or contract in this state;
18	(g)	A portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the assessments required
19		by § 58-29C-52 with respect to the policy or contract are preempted by
20		federal or state law;
21	(h)	An obligation that does not arise under the express written terms of the policy $% \left({{{\left({{{\left({{{\left({{{c}}} \right)}} \right)}_{i}}} \right)}_{i}}} \right)$
22		or contract issued by the $\underline{\mbox{member}}$ insurer to the $\underline{\mbox{certificate holder,}}$ contract
23		owner or policy owner, including without limitation:
24		(i) Claims based on marketing materials;
25		(ii) Claims based on side letters, riders, or other documents that were
26		issued by the <u>member</u> insurer without meeting applicable policy <u>or</u>
27		<u>contract</u> form filing or approval requirements;
28		(iii) Misrepresentations of or regarding policy or contract benefits;
29		(iv) Extra-contractual claims; or
30		(v) A claim for penalties or consequential or incidental damages;
31	(i)	A contractual agreement that establishes the member $% \left({{{\left[{{{\rm{m}}} \right]}_{{\rm{m}}}}_{{\rm{m}}}} \right)$ insurer's obligations to
32		provide a book value accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit
33		plan participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the
34		benefit plan or its trustee, which in each case is not an affiliate of the member
35		insurer;

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(j) An unallocated annuity contract;

- 2 A portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other (k) 3 changes in value to be determined by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract, but which have not been credited 4 5 to the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract owner's rights 6 are subject to forfeiture, as of the date the member insurer becomes an 7 impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier. If a 8 policy's or contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently 9 than annually, then for purposes of determining the values that have been 10 credited and are not subject to forfeiture under this subsection, the interest 11 or change in value determined by using the procedures defined in the policy 12 or contract will shall be credited as if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing values was the date of impairment or insolvency, whichever is 13 14 earlier, and will not be subject to forfeiture; and
- 15(I)A policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription drug, or16other health care benefits pursuant to Part C or Part D of Subchapter XVIII17Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code (commonly known as Medicare18Part C & D), or Subchapter XIX, Chapter 7 Title 42 of the United States Code19(commonly known as Medicaid), or any regulations issued pursuant thereto.
- 20 (3) The exclusion from coverage under subsection (2)(c) of this subdivision does not
 21 apply to any portion of a policy or contract, including a rider, that provides long 22 term care or any other health insurance benefits.
- C. The benefits that the association may become obligated to cover may in no eventexceed the lesser of:
- 25 (1) The contractual obligations for which the <u>member</u> insurer is liable or would have
 26 been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
- 27 (2)(a) With respect to one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:
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- Three hundred thousand dollars in life insurance death benefits, but not more than one hundred thousand dollars in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance;
 - (ii) In-For_health insurance benefits:
- 32(I)One hundred thousand dollars for coverages not described in33clauses (II) and (III) below, including any net cash surrender34and net cash withdrawal values;

1		(II)	Three hundred thousand dollars for disability income insurance
2			as defined in § 58-17-108, and three hundred thousand dollars
3			for long-term care insurance as defined in subdivision 58-17B-
4			2(6);
5		(III)	Five hundred thousand dollars for basic hospital, medical and
6			surgical insurance, or major medical insurance as defined in the
7			National Association of Insurance Commissioners Health
8			Insurance Shoppers' Guide, as of January 1, 2003 health benefit
9			<u>plans;</u> or
10		(iii) Two	hundred fifty thousand dollars in the present value of annuity
11		benet	fits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
12		or	
13	(b)	With respec	t to each payee of a structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary
14		or beneficia	ries of the payee if deceased), two hundred fifty thousand dollars
15		in present	value annuity benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash
16		surrender a	nd net cash withdrawal values, if any;
17	(c)	However, ir	n no event may the association be obligated to cover more than
18		(i) an aggre	egate of three hundred thousand dollars in benefits with respect
19		to any one	life under subsections 2(a) and 2(b) of subpart C of this section
20		except with	n respect to benefits for basic hospital, medical and surgical
21		insurance, a	and major medical insurance health benefit plans under subsection
22		<u>subparagra</u> p	<u>oh</u> 2(a)(ii) of this section, in which case the aggregate liability of
23		the associa	tion may not exceed five hundred thousand dollars with respect
24		to any one	individual, or (ii) with respect to one owner of multiple nongroup
25		policies of li	fe insurance, whether the policy <u>or contract</u> owner is an individual,
26		firm, corpo	ration, or other person, and whether the persons insured are
27		officers, ma	anagers, employees, or other persons, more than five million
28		dollars in be	enefits, regardless of the number of policies and contracts held by
29		the owner;	
30	(d)	The limitati	ons set forth in this section are limitations on the benefits for
31		which the	association is obligated before taking into account either its
32		subrogation	and assignment rights or the extent to which those benefits could
33		be provided	out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable
34		to covered	policies. The costs of the association's obligations under this
35		chapter ma	y be met by the use of assets attributable to covered policies or

1	reimbursed to the association pursuant to its subrogation and assignment					
2		rights <u>; and</u>				
3		(e) For the purposes of this chapter, benefits provided by a long-term care rider				
4		to a life insurance policy or annuity contract are considered the same type				
5		of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to which it				
6		<u>relates</u> .				
7	D	. In performing its obligations to provide coverage under § 58-29C-51, the				
8	assoc	ciation may not be required to guarantee, assume, reinsure, reissue, or perform, or				
9	cause	e to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured, <u>reissued,</u> or performed, the contractual				
10	obliga	ations of the insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or contract that do				
11	not n	naterially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the covered policy or				
12	contr	act.				
13	Section	7 That S EQ 20C 49 ha AMENDED				
12	Section	3. That § 58-29C-48 be AMENDED:				
14	5	8-29C-48. Definitions.				
15		Terms used in this chapter mean:				
16	(1)	"Account," either of the two accounts created under § 58-29C-49;				
17	(2)	"Association," the South Dakota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association				
18		described in § 58-29C-49;				
19	(3)	"Authorized assessment" or the term "authorized" when used in the context of				
20		assessments, means a resolution by the board of directors has been passed				
21		whereby an assessment will be called immediately or in the future from member				
22		insurers for a specified amount. An assessment is authorized when the resolution				
23		is passed;				
24	(4)	"Benefit plan," a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit				
25		plan;				
26	(5)	"Called assessment" or the term "called" when used in the context of assessments,				
27		means that a notice has been issued by the association to member insurers				
28		requiring that an authorized assessment be paid within the time frame set forth				
29		within the notice. An authorized assessment becomes a called assessment when				
30		notice is mailed by the association to member insurers;				
31	(6)	"Contractual obligation," an obligation under a policy or contract or certificate under				
32	X - 7	a group policy or contract, or portion thereof for which coverage is provided under				
33		§ 58-29C-46;				
34	(7)	"Covered <u>contract</u> " or "covered policy," a policy or contract or portion of a policy or				
	(-)					

1		contract for which coverage is provided under § 58-29C-46;
2	(8)	"Director," the director of the Division of Insurance of this state;
3	(9)	-"Extra-contractual claims," include, for example, claims relating to bad faith in the
4		payment of claims, punitive or exemplary damages, or attorneys' fees and costs;
5	<u>(9)</u>	"Health benefit plan," any hospital or medical expense policy or certificate. This
6		term does not include:
7		(a) Accident only insurance;
8		(b) Credit insurance;
9		(c) Dental only insurance;
10		(d) Vision only insurance;
11		(e) Medicare supplement insurance;
12		(f) Benefits for long-term care, home health care, community-based care, or
13		any combination thereof;
14		<u>(g) Disability income insurance;</u>
15		(h) Coverage for on-site medical clinics; or
16		(i) Specified disease, hospital confinement indemnity, or limited benefit health
17		insurance if the types of coverage do not provide coordination of benefits
18		and are provided under separate policies or certificates;
19	(10)	"Impaired insurer," a member insurer which, after July 1, 2003, is not an insolvent
20		insurer, and is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of
21		competent jurisdiction;
22	(11)	"Insolvent insurer," a member insurer which after July 1, 2003, is placed under an
23		order of liquidation by a court of competent jurisdiction with a finding of insolvency;
24	(12)	"Member insurer," an insurer licensed or that holds a certificate of authority to
25		transact in this state any kind of insurance for which coverage is provided under
26		§ 58-29C-46, and includes an insurer whose license or certificate of authority in this
27		state may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn,
28		but does not include:
29		(a) A hospital or medical service organization, whether for profit or nonprofit;
30		(b) A health maintenance organization;
31		(c) A fraternal benefit society;
32		(d) A mandatory state pooling plan;
33		(e) A mutual assessment company or other person that operates on an
34		assessment basis;
35		(f) An insurance exchange;

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(g) An organization engaged in the issuance of charitable gift annuities, which is described in § 58-1-16; or

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(h) An entity similar to any of the above;

- 4 (13) "Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average," the Monthly Average Corporates as
 5 published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or any successor thereto;
- 6 (14) "Owner" of a policy or contract-and, "policyholder," "policy owner," and "contract 7 owner," the person who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy 8 or contract or who is otherwise vested with legal title to the policy or contract 9 through a valid assignment completed in accordance with the terms of the policy or 10 contract and properly recorded as the owner on the books of the <u>member</u> insurer. 11 The terms owner, contract owner, <u>policyholder</u>, and policy owner do not include 12 persons with a mere beneficial interest in a policy or contract;
- (15) "Person," an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
 association, governmental body or entity, or voluntary organization;
- 15 (16)"Premiums," amounts or considerations (by whatever name called) received on 16 covered policies or contracts less returned premiums, considerations, and deposits 17 and less dividends and experience credits. The term, premiums, does not include 18 amounts or considerations received for policies or contracts or for the portions of 19 policies or contracts for which coverage is not provided under subpart B of § 58-29C-46 except that assessable premium may not be reduced on account of 20 21 subsection 58-29C-46B(2)(c) relating to interest limitations and subdivision 58-22 29C-46C(2) relating to limitations with respect to one individual, one participant, 23 and one policy or contract owner. Premiums do not include:
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(a) Premiums on an unallocated annuity contract; or

- (b) With respect to multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by one
 owner, whether the policy<u>or contract</u> owner is an individual, firm,
 corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers,
 managers, employees, or other persons, premiums in excess of five million
 dollars with respect to these policies or contracts, regardless of the number
 of policies or contracts held by the owner;
- (17) "Principal place of business" of a plan sponsor or a person other than a natural
 person, the single state in which the natural persons who establish policy for the
 direction, control, and coordination of the operations of the entity as a whole
 primarily exercise that function, determined by the association in its reasonable
 judgment by considering the following factors:

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1		(a) The state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of
2		the entity is located;
3		(b) The state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the
4		entity is located;
5		(c) The state in which the board of directors (or similar governing person or
6		persons) of the entity conducts the majority of its meetings;
7		(d) The state in which the executive or management committee of the board of
8		directors (or similar governing person or persons) of the entity conducts the
9		majority of its meetings;
10		(e) The state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity
11		is directed; and
12		(f) In the case of a benefit plan sponsored by affiliated companies comprising a
13		consolidated corporation, the state in which the holding company or
14		controlling affiliate has its principal place of business as determined using the
15		above factors. However, in the case of a plan sponsor, if more than fifty
16		percent of the participants in the benefit plan are employed in a single state,
17		that state shall be deemed_ is determined to be the principal place of business
18		of the plan sponsor.
19		The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan shall be deemed
20		is determined to be the principal place of business of the association, committee,
21		joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who
22		establish or maintain the benefit plan that, in lieu of a specific or clear designation
23		of a principal place of business, shall be deemed is determined to be the principal
24		place of business of the employer or employee organization that has the largest
25		investment in the benefit plan in question;
26	(18)	"Receivership court," the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's state having
27		jurisdiction over the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of the member
28		insurer;
29	(19)	"Resident," a person to whom a contractual obligation is owed and who resides in
30		this state on the date of entry of a court order that determines a member insurer
31		to be an impaired insurer or a court order that determines a member insurer to be
32		an insolvent insurer. A person may be a resident of only one state, which in the
33		case of a person other than a natural person shall be is its principal place of
34		business. Citizens of the United States that are either (i) residents of foreign

countries, or (ii) residents of United States possessions, territories, or protectorates

that do not have an association similar to the association created by this chapter,
 shall be deemedare determined to be residents of the state of domicile of the
 member insurer that issued the policies or contracts;

- 4 (20) "Structured settlement annuity," an annuity purchased in order to fund periodic
 5 payments for a plaintiff or other claimant in payment for or with respect to personal
 6 injury suffered by the plaintiff or other claimant;
- 7 (21) "State," a state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and a United States
 8 possession, territory, or protectorate;
- 9 (22) "Supplemental contact," a written agreement entered into for the distribution of 10 proceeds under a life, health, or annuity policy or contract;
- (23) "Unallocated annuity contract," an annuity contract or group annuity certificate
 which_that is not issued to and owned by an individual, except to the extent of any
 annuity benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under the contract or
 certificate.
- 15 **Section 4.** That § 58-29C-50 be AMENDED:

58-29C-50. Board of directors--Appointment and term--Vacancies--

17 **Compensation.**

- A. The board of directors of the association shall consist of not less than five seven nor more than <u>nine_eleven_member</u> insurers serving terms as established in the plan of operation. The insurer members of the board shall be elected by member insurers subject to the approval of the director. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to the approval of the director.
- B. In approving selections or in appointing members to the board, the director-shall
 may consider, among other things, whether all member insurers are fairly represented.
- 26 C. Members of the board may be reimbursed from the assets of the association for 27 expenses incurred by them as members of the board of directors, but members of the 28 board may not otherwise be compensated by the association for their services rendered.
- 29 Section 5. That § 58-29C-51 be AMENDED:

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58-29C-51. Impaired or insolvent member—Actions authorized.

A. If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, the association may, in its discretion, and subject to any conditions imposed by the association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by the director:

1 Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, (1)2 reissued, or reinsured, any or all of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer; 3 and 4 (2) Provide such any moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means as are 5 is proper to effectuate subdivision (1) and assure payment of the contractual 6 obligations of the impaired insurer pending action under subdivision (1). 7 B. If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer, the association shall, in its discretion, 8 either: 9 (1)(a)(i)Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, 10 assumed, reissued, or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent 11 insurer; or 12 (ii) Assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer; 13 and 14 Provide moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means (b) 15 reasonably necessary to discharge the association's duties; or 16 (2) Provide benefits and coverages in accordance with the following provisions: 17 With respect to life and health insurance policies and annuities policies and (a) 18 <u>contracts</u>, assure payment of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums 19 and benefits (except for terms of conversion and renewability) that would 20 have been payable under the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer, 21 for claims incurred: 22 (i) With respect to group policies and contracts, not later than the earlier 23 of the next renewal date under those policies or contracts or forty-five 24 days, but in no event less than thirty days, after the date on which the 25 association becomes obligated with respect to the policies and 26 contracts; 27 (ii) With respect to nongroup policies, contracts, and annuities not later 28 than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under the policies or 29 contracts or one year, but in no event less than thirty days, from the 30 date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to the 31 policies or contracts; 32 (b) Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds or annuitants (for 33 nongroup policies and contracts), or group policy or contract owners with 34 respect to group policies and contracts, thirty days notice of the termination 35 (pursuant to subsection (a) of this subdivision) of the benefits provided;

1	(c) Wit	h respect to nongroup life and health insurance policies and annuities
2		<u>icies and contracts</u> covered by the association, make available to each
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		own insured or annuitant, or owner if other than the insured or annuitant,
4		d with respect to an individual formerly <u>an</u> insured or formerly an annuitant
5		der a group policy <u>or contract</u> who is not eligible for replacement group
6		verage, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis in
7		cordance with the provisions of subsection (d), if the insureds or annuitants
8	hao	d a right under law or the terminated policy <u>, contract</u> , or annuity to convert
9	CO	verage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy, contract,
10	or	annuity in force until a specified age or for a specified time, during which
11	the	e insurer had no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the
12	pol	icy <u>, contract</u> , or annuity or had a right only to make changes in premium
13	by	class;
14	(d)(i) In	providing the substitute coverage required under subsection (c), the
15	ass	sociation may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue
16	an	alternative policy or contract at the actuarially justified rates subject to
17	prie	or approval of the director;
18	(ii)	Alternative or reissued policies <u>or contracts</u> shall be offered without
19		requiring evidence of insurability, and may not provide for any waiting
20		period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated
21		policy <u>or contract;</u>
22	(iii)	The association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy or
23		<u>contract;</u>
24	(e)(i) Alt	ernative policies <u>or contracts</u> adopted by the association are subject to the
25	ар	proval of the domiciliary insurance d irector and the receivership court . The
26	ass	sociation may adopt alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> of various types for
27	fut	ure issuance without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency;
28	(ii)	Alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> shall contain at least the minimum
29		statutory provisions required in this state and provide benefits that
30		may not beare not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged.
31		The association shall set the premium in accordance with a table of
32		rates that it shall adopt. The premium shall reflect the amount of
33		insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured,
34		but may not reflect any changes in the health of the insured after the
35		original policy or contract was last underwritten;
55		original policy of contract was last under written,

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- (iii) Any alternative policy or contract issued by the association shall provide coverage of a type similar to that of the policy or contract issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the association;
- (f) If the association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the terminated policy<u>or contract</u>, the premium shall be<u>actuarially justified and</u> set by the association in accordance with the amount of insurance<u>or coverage</u> provided and the age and class of risk, subject to<u>prior</u> approval of the domiciliary insurance director and the receivership court;
- 11(g)The association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy or12contract of the impaired or insolvent insurer or under any reissued or13alternative policy or contract shall cease on the date the coverage or policy14or contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by the policy or15contract owner, the insured, or the association;
- 16 (h) When proceeding under this subdivision B(2) with respect to a policy or 17 contract carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the association shall 18 assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest consistent with 19 subsection 58-29C-46(B)(2)(c).

20 C. Nonpayment of premiums within thirty-one days after the date required under the 21 terms of any guaranteed, assumed, alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute 22 coverage shall terminate the association's obligations under the policy<u>, contract</u>, or 23 coverage under this chapter with respect to the policy<u>, contract</u>, or coverage, except with 24 respect to any claims incurred or any net cash surrender value which may be due in 25 accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

D. Premiums due for coverage after entry of an order of liquidation of an insolvent insurer shall belong to and be payable at the direction of the association. If the liquidator of an insolvent insurer requests, the association shall provide a report to the liquidator regarding <u>such-any</u> premium collected by the association. The association shall be liable for unearned premiums due to policy or contract owners arising after the entry of the order.

E. The protection provided by this chapter does not apply where <u>if</u> any guaranty protection is provided to residents of this state by the laws of the domiciliary state or jurisdiction of the impaired or insolvent insurer other than this state.

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F. In carrying out its duties under subpart B, the association may:

1(1)Subject to approval by a court in this state, impose permanent policy or contract2liens in connection with a guarantee, assumption, or reinsurance agreement, if the3association finds that the amounts which that can be assessed under this chapter4are less than the amounts needed to assure full and prompt performance of the5association's duties under this chapter, or that the economic or financial conditions6as they affect affecting member insurers are sufficiently adverse to render the7imposition of such permanent policy or contract liens, to be in the public interest;

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8 (2) Subject to approval by a court in this state, impose temporary moratoriums or liens 9 on payments of cash values and policy loans, or any other right to withdraw funds 10 held in conjunction with policies or contracts, in addition to any contractual 11 provisions for deferral of cash or policy loan value. In addition, in the event of a 12 temporary moratorium or moratorium charge imposed by the receivership court on payment of cash values or policy loans, or on any other right to withdraw funds 13 14 held in conjunction with policies or contracts, out of the assets of the impaired or 15 insolvent insurer, the association may defer the payment of cash values, policy 16 loans, or other rights by the association for the period of the moratorium or 17 moratorium charge imposed by the receivership court, except for claims covered by 18 the association to be paid in accordance with a hardship procedure established by 19 the liquidator or rehabilitator and approved by the receivership court.

G. A deposit in this state, held pursuant to law or required by the director for the 20 21 benefit of creditors, including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the domiciliary 22 liquidator upon the entry of a final order of liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation 23 plan of an a member insurer domiciled in this state or in a reciprocal state, pursuant to 24 §§ 58-29B-144 and 58-29B-149, shall be promptly paid to the association. The association 25 shall be entitled to retain a portion of any amount so paid to it equal to the percentage 26 determined by dividing the aggregate amount of policy or contract owners' claims related 27 to that insolvency for which the association has provided statutory benefits by the 28 aggregate amount of all policy or contract owners' claims in this state related to that 29 insolvency and shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount so-paid to the association 30 less the amount retained pursuant to this subpart. Any amount so-paid to the association 31 and retained by it the association shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets 32 pursuant to § 58-29B-98 or similar provision of the state of domicile of the impaired or 33 insolvent insurer.

H. If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time with respect to an
 insolvent insurer, as provided in subpart B of this section, the director shall have the

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powers and duties of the association under this chapter with respect to the insolvent insurer.

I. The association may render assistance and advice to the director, upon the director's
 request, concerning rehabilitation, payment of claims, continuance of coverage, or the
 performance of other contractual obligations of an impaired or insolvent insurer.

6 J. The association shall have standing to appear or intervene before a court or agency 7 in this state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the 8 association is or may become obligated under this chapter or with jurisdiction over any 9 person or property against which the association may have rights through subrogation or 10 otherwise. Standing shall extend extends to all matters germane to the powers and duties 11 of the association, including proposals for reinsuring, reissuing, modifying, or 12 guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations. The association also 13 14 has the right to appear or intervene before a court or agency in another state with 15 jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the association is or may 16 become obligated or with jurisdiction over any person or property against whom the 17 association may have rights through subrogation or otherwise.

18 K. (1) A person receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed is determined 19 to have assigned the rights under, and any causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from, or otherwise relating to, the covered policy or contract to 20 21 the association to the extent of the benefits received because of this chapter, whether the 22 benefits are payments of or on account of contractual obligations, continuation of 23 coverage, or provision of substitute or alternative policies, contracts, or coverages. The 24 association may require an assignment to it of such the association of the rights and cause 25 of action by any payee, policy, or contract owner, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant as a 26 condition precedent to the receipt of any right or benefits conferred by this chapter upon 27 the person.

- (2) The subrogation rights of the association under this subpart shall have the same
 priority against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by
 the person entitled to receive benefits under this chapter.
- 31 (3) In addition to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subpart, the association shall have all
 32 common law rights of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that
 33 would have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or owner,
 34 beneficiary, or payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or contracts.

- 1 (4) If the preceding provisions of this subpart are invalid or ineffective with respect to 2 any person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the association with 3 respect to the related covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized 4 by any other person with respect to the person or claim that is attributable to the 5 policies<u>or contracts</u> (or portion thereof) covered by the association.
- 6 (5) If the association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a 7 person recovers amounts as to which the association has rights as described in the 8 preceding subdivisions of this subpart, the person shall pay to the association the 9 portion of the recovery attributable to the policies <u>or contracts</u> (or portion thereof) 10 covered by the association.
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- L. In addition to the rights and powers elsewhere in this chapter, the association may:
- 12 (1) Enter into such contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and
 13 purposes of this chapter;
- 14 (2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper to recover
 15 any unpaid assessments under § 58-29C-52 and to settle claims or potential claims
 16 against it;
- 17 (3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this chapter; any notes or other evidence
 18 of indebtedness of the association not in default shall be are legal investments for
 19 domestic member insurers and may be carried as admitted assets;
- 20 (4) Employ or retain <u>such any</u> persons as <u>are-necessary</u> or appropriate to handle the
 21 financial transactions of the association, and to perform <u>such</u> other functions as
 22 become necessary or proper under this chapter;
- (5) Take such legal action as may be necessary or appropriate to avoid or recover
 payment of improper claims;
- (6) Exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the extent approved by the
 director, the powers of a domestic life insurer or health insurer, but in no case may
 the association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued
 to perform its obligations under this chapter;
- 29 (7) Organize itself the association as a corporation or in other legal form permitted by
 30 the laws of the state;
- (8) Request information from a person seeking coverage from the association in order
 to aid the association in determining its obligations under this chapter with respect
 to the person, and the person shall promptly comply with the request; and

(9) <u>Unless prohibited by law, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy</u>
 or contract, file for actuarially justified rate or premium increases for any policy or
 contract for which the association provides coverage under this chapter; and

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(<u>10</u>) Take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge <u>its</u> <u>the</u> duties and obligations <u>under</u> <u>of the association as provided in</u> this chapter or to exercise its powers under this chapter.

M. The association may join an organization of one or more other state associations of similar purposes, to further the purposes and administer the powers and duties of the association.

10 N. (1)(a) At any time within one hundred eighty days of the date of the order of 11 liquidation, the association may elect to succeed to the rights and obligations of the ceding 12 member insurer that relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, 13 by the association, in each case under any one or more reinsurance contracts entered into 14 by the insolvent insurer and its reinsurers and selected by the association. Any-such 15 assumption election shall be effective as of the date of the order of liquidation. The election 16 shall be effected by the association or the National Organization of Life and Health 17 Insurance Guaranty Associations (NOLHGA) on its behalf sending written notice, return 18 receipt requested, to the affected reinsurers.

- 19 (b) To facilitate the earliest practicable decision about whether to assume any of 20 the contracts of reinsurance, and in order to protect the financial position of 21 the estate, the receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall 22 make available upon request to the association or to NOLHGA on its behalf 23 as soon as possible after commencement of formal delinguency proceedings:
 - (i) Copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all related files and records relevant to the determination of whether such-contracts should be assumed; and
 - (ii) Notices of any defaults under the reinsurance contracts or any known event or condition which with the passage of time could become a default under the reinsurance contracts.
- 30(c)Subparagraphs (i) to (iv) apply to reinsurance contracts so assumed by the31association:
- 32 (i) The association shall be is responsible for all unpaid premiums due
 33 under the reinsurance contracts for periods both before and after the
 34 date of the order of liquidation, and shall be is responsible for the
 35 performance of all other obligations to be performed after the date of

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the order of liquidation, in each case which relate to policies, <u>contracts</u>, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association. The association may charge policies, <u>contracts</u>, or annuities covered in part by the association, through reasonable allocation methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the association and shall provide notice and an accounting of these charges to the liquidator;

- (ii) The association is entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation and that relate to policies, <u>contracts</u>, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association, provided that, upon receipt of any such amounts, the association is obliged to pay to the beneficiary under the policy, <u>contract</u>, or annuity on account of which the amounts were paid a portion of the amount equal to the lesser of:
 - (A) The amount received by the association; and
 - (B) The excess of the amount received by the association, over the amount equal to the benefits paid by the association on account of the policy, <u>contract</u>, or annuity less the retention of the insurer applicable to the loss or event.
- (iii) Within thirty days following the association's election (the "election date"), the association and each reinsurer under contracts assumed by the association shall calculate the net balance due to or from the association under each reinsurance contract as of the election date with respect to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association, which calculation shall give full credit to all items paid by either the member insurer or its receiver or the reinsurer prior to the election date. The reinsurer shall pay the receiver any amounts due for losses or events prior to the date of the order of liquidation, subject to any set-off for premiums unpaid for periods prior to the date, and the association or reinsurer shall pay any remaining balance due the other, in each case within five days of the completion of the aforementioned calculation. Any disputes over the amounts due to either the association or the reinsurer shall be resolved by arbitration pursuant to the terms of the affected reinsurance contracts or, if the contract contains no arbitration clause, as otherwise provided by law.

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1		If the receiver has received any amounts due the association pursuant
2		to subsection <u>subparagraph</u>(1)(c)(ii), the receiver shall remit the same
3		<u>amounts</u> to the association as promptly as practicable.
4		(iv) If the association or receiver, on the association's behalf, within sixty
5		days of the election date, pays the unpaid premiums due for periods
6		both before and after the election date that relate to policies, contracts,
7		or annuities covered, in whole or in part by the association, the
8		reinsurer is not entitled to may not terminate the reinsurance contracts
9		for failure to pay premium insofar as the reinsurance contracts relate
10		to policies <u>, contracts</u> , or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the
11		association, and is not entitled to may not set off any unpaid amounts
12		due under other contracts, or unpaid amounts due from parties other
13		than the association, against amounts due the association.
14	(2)	During the period from the date of the order of liquidation until the election date
15		(or, if the election date does not occur, until one hundred eighty days after the date
16		of the order of liquidation);
17		(a)(i) Neither the association nor the reinsurer <u>shall have has</u> any rights or
18		obligations under reinsurance contracts that the association has the right to
19		assume under subsection <u>subdivision</u> (1), whether for periods prior to or after
20		the date of the order of liquidation; and
21		(ii) The reinsurer, the receiver, and the association shall, to the extent
22		practicable, provide each other data and records reasonably requested;
23		(b) Provided that once the association has elected elects to assume a reinsurance
24		contract, the parties' rights and obligations shall be governed by subsection
25		subdivision_(1).
26	(3)	If the association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by the election
27		date pursuant to subsection subdivision (1), the association shall have no rights or
28		obligations, in each case for periods both before and after the date of the order of
29		liquidation, with respect to the reinsurance contract.
30	(4)	When policies, contracts, or annuities, or covered obligations with respect thereto,
31		are transferred to an assuming insurer, reinsurance on the policies, contracts, or
32		annuities may also be transferred by the association, in the case of contracts
33		assumed under subsection subdivision (1), subject to the following:

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- 1 (a) Unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree otherwise, the 2 reinsurance contract transferred may not cover any new policies of insurance 3 or annuities in addition to those transferred;
 - (b) The obligations described in subsection <u>subdivision</u> (1) of this section no longer apply with respect to matters arising after the effective date of the transfer; and
 - (c) The transferring party shall give notice in writing, return receipt requested, to the affected reinsurer not less than thirty days prior to the effective date of the transfer;
- The provisions of subsection subpart N shall supersede the provisions of any state 10 (5) 11 law or of any affected reinsurance contract that provides for or requires any 12 payment of reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation, to the receiver of the insolvent 13 14 insurer or any other person. The receiver shall remain remains entitled to any 15 amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to 16 losses or events that occur in periods prior to the date of the order of liquidation, 17 subject to applicable setoff provisions; and
- 18 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in subsection subpart N alters 19 or modifies the terms and conditions of any reinsurance contract. Nothing in this 20 section abrogates or limits any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled to 21 the reinsurer is entitled to rescind a reinsurance contract. Nothing in this section 22 gives a policyholder, policy owner, contract owner, certificate holder, or beneficiary 23 an independent cause of action against a reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in 24 the reinsurance contract. No provision in this section limits or affects the 25 association's rights as a creditor of the estate against the assets of the estate. No 26 provision in this section applies to reinsurance agreements covering property or 27 casualty risks.
- 28 O. The board of directors of the association shall have discretion and may exercise 29 reasonable business judgment to determine the means by which the association is to 30 provide the benefits of this chapter in an economical and efficient manner.
- P. Where <u>If</u> the association has arranged or offered to provide the benefits of this chapter to a covered person under a plan or arrangement that fulfills the association's obligations under this chapter, the person is not entitled to benefits from the association in addition to or other than those provided under the plan or arrangement.

1 Q. Venue in a suit against the association arising under the chapter shall be is in 2 Hughes County. The association may not be required to give an appeal bond in an appeal 3 that relates to a cause of action arising under this chapter.

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R. In carrying out its-the association's duties in connection with guaranteeing, 5 assuming, reissuing, or reinsuring policies or contracts under subpart A or B of this section, 6 the association may, subject to approval of the receivership court, issue substitute 7 coverage for a policy or contract that provides an interest rate, crediting rate, or similar 8 factor determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or 9 contract employed in calculating returns or changes in value by issuing an alternative 10 policy or contract in accordance with the following provisions:

11 (1)In lieu of the index or other external reference provided for in the original policy or 12 contract, the alternative policy or contract provides for (i) a fixed interest rate or (ii) payment of dividends with minimum guarantees or (iii) different methods for 13 14 calculating interest or changes in value;

- 15 (2) There is no requirement for evidence of insurability, waiting period, or other 16 exclusion that would not have applied under the replaced policy or contract; and
- 17 The alternative policy or contract is substantially similar to the replaced policy or (3) 18 contract in all other material terms.
- 19 Section 6. That § 58-29C-52 be AMENDED:

20 58-29C-52. Funding provided by assessment of members--Classification of 21 assessments--Amounts of assessments--Abatements--Refunds.

22 A. For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and 23 duties of the association, the board of directors shall assess the member insurers, 24 separately for each account, at such the time and for such the amounts as the board finds 25 necessary. Assessments shall be are due not less than thirty days after prior written notice to the member insurers and shall accrue interest at ten percent per annum on and after 26 27 the due date.

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B. There shall be are two classes of assessments, as follows:

29 Class A assessments shall be are authorized and called for the purpose of meeting (1)30 administrative and legal costs and other expenses. Class A assessments may be 31 authorized and called whether or not related to a particular impaired or insolvent 32 insurer.

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Class B assessments shall be are authorized and called to the extent necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association under § 58-29C-51 with regard to an impaired or an insolvent insurer.

C. (1) The amount of a Class A assessment shall be determined by the board and may 4 5 be authorized and called on a pro rata or-nonpro rata non-pro rata basis. If pro rata, the 6 board may provide that it be credited against future Class B assessments. The total of all 7 nonpro rata assessments may not exceed three hundred dollars per member insurer in 8 any one calendar year. The amount of a Class B assessment shall be allocated for 9 assessment purposes among the accounts pursuant to an allocation formula which may 10 be based on the premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other 11 standard deemed by the board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under 12 the circumstances.

- The amount of a Class B assessment, except for assessments related to long-term 13 (2) 14 care insurance shall be allocated for assessment purposes between the accounts 15 and among the subaccounts of the life insurance and annuity account, pursuant to 16 an allocation formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of the 17 impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard the board in its sole discretion 18 determines is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.
- 19 The amount of the Class B assessment for long-term care insurance written by the (3) impaired or insolvent insurer shall be allocated according to a methodology 20 21 included in the association's plan of operation and approved by the director. The 22 methodology shall provide for fifty percent of the assessment to be allocated to 23 accident and health member insurers and fifty percent to be allocated to life and 24 annuity member insurers.
- 25 (4) Class B assessments against member insurers for each account and subaccount 26 shall be in the proportion that the premiums received on business in this state by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each account 27 28 for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available 29 preceding the year in which the member insurer became insolvent (or, in the case 30 of an assessment with respect to an impaired insurer, the three most recent 31 calendar years for which information is available preceding the year in which the 32 member insurer became impaired) bears to premiums received on business in this 33 state for those calendar years by all assessed member insurers.
- 34 (3)(5) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to 35 an impaired or insolvent insurer may not be authorized or called until necessary to

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implement the purposes of this chapter. Classification of assessments under subpart B and computation of assessments under this subpart shall be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always be possible. The association shall notify each member insurer of its the member insurer's anticipated pro rata share of an authorized assessment not yet called within one hundred eighty days after the assessment is authorized.

7 D. The association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member 8 insurer if, in the opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the 9 ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. In the event an 10 assessment against a member insurer is abated, or deferred in whole or in part, the 11 amount by which the assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other 12 member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in this section. Once the conditions that caused a deferral have been removed or rectified, the 13 14 member insurer shall pay all assessments that were deferred pursuant to a repayment 15 plan approved by the association.

E. (1)(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this subdivision, the total of all assessments authorized by the association with respect to a member insurer for each subaccount of the life insurance and annuity account and for the health account may not in one calendar year exceed two percent of that member insurer's average annual premiums received in this state on the policies and contracts covered by the subaccount or account during the three calendar years preceding the year in which the <u>member</u> insurer became an impaired or insolvent insurer.

- 23 (b) If two or more assessments are authorized in one calendar year with respect 24 to<u>member</u> insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar 25 years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate 26 assessment percentage limitation referenced in subsection (a) of this 27 subdivision shall be equal and limited to the higher of the three-year average 28 annual premiums for the applicable subaccount or account as calculated 29 pursuant to this section.
- 30 (c) If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the association 31 in an account, does not provide in one year in either account an amount 32 sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary 33 additional funds shall be assessed as soon thereafter as permitted by this 34 chapter.

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The board may provide in the plan of operation a method of allocating funds among claims, whether relating to one or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.

4 (3) If the maximum assessment for a subaccount of the life and annuity account in one
5 year does not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the
6 association, then pursuant to subdivision C(2)C(4), the board shall access assess
7 the other subaccounts of the life and annuity account for the necessary additional
8 amount, subject to the maximum stated in subdivision (1) of this section.

9 F. The board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, 10 refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each member insurer to 11 that account, the amount by which the assets of the account exceed the amount the board 12 finds <u>determines</u> is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account, including assets accruing from assignment, 13 14 subrogation, net realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may 15 be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association 16 and for future losses claims.

G. It shall be is proper for any member insurer, in determining its the member insurer's premium rates and policy owner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the scope of this chapter, to consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its_the member insurer's assessment obligations under this chapter.

21 H. The association shall issue to each member insurer paying an assessment under 22 this chapter, other than a Class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form 23 prescribed by the director, for the amount of the assessment so-paid. All outstanding 24 certificates shall be are of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates 25 of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its financial statement 26 as an asset in such form and for such amount, if any, and period of time as the director may approve. The member insurer in its financial statement may show a certificate of 27 contribution as an asset in the form, amount, and period of time as approved by the 28 29 director.

I. (1) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of the assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the association. The payment <u>shall be is</u> available to meet association obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent appeal. Payment shall be accompanied by a statement in writing that the payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for the protest. 1 (2) Within sixty days following the payment of an assessment under protest by a 2 member insurer, the association shall notify the member insurer in writing of its the 3 <u>association's</u> determination with respect to the protest unless the association 4 notifies the member insurer that additional time is required to resolve the issues 5 raised by the protest.

- 6 (3) Within thirty days after a final decision has been made, the association shall notify
 7 the protesting member insurer in writing of that final decision. Within sixty days of
 8 receipt of notice of the final decision, the protesting member insurer may appeal
 9 that final action to the director.
- 10 (4) In the alternative to rendering a final decision with respect to a protest based on a 11 question regarding the assessment base, the association may refer protests to the 12 director for a final decision, with or without a recommendation from the association.
- 13 (5) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or
 14 excess shall be returned to the member <u>company_insurer</u>. Interest on a refund due
 15 a protesting member<u>insurer</u> shall be paid at the rate actually earned by the
 16 association.

J. The association may request information of member insurers in order to aid in the exercise of its the association's power under this section and member insurers shall promptly comply with a request.

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Section 7. That § 58-29C-55 be AMENDED:

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58-29C-55. Detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies or impairments--Reports by board.

- 23 To aid in the detection and prevention of <u>member</u> insurer insolvencies or 24 impairments,
 - A. It shall be is the duty of the director:
- 26 (1) To notify the directors of all the other states, territories of the United States and
 27 the District of Columbia within thirty days following the action taken or the date the
 28 action occurs, when the director takes any of the following actions against a
 29 member insurer:
 - (a) Revocation of license;
 - (b) Suspension of license; or
- 32 (c) Makes a formal order that the company <u>member</u> insurer restrict its premium 33 writing, obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from the state, 34 reinsure all or any part of its the member insurer's business, or increase

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capital, surplus, or any other account for the security of policy owners, <u>contract owners, certificate holders</u>, or creditors.

- 3 (2) To report to the board of directors when the director has taken any of the actions 4 set forth in subdivision (1) or has received a report from any other director 5 indicating that any such action has been taken in another state. The report to the 6 board of directors shall contain all significant details of the action taken or the report 7 received from another director.
- 8 (3) To report to the board of directors when the director has reasonable cause to believe 9 from an examination, whether completed or in process, of any member insurer that 10 the insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.
- To furnish to the board of directors the National Association of Insurance 11 (4) 12 Commissioners Insurance Regulatory Information System (IRIS) ratios and listings of companies not included in the ratios developed by the National Association of 13 14 Insurance Commissioners, and the board may use the information contained therein 15 in carrying out its the board's duties and responsibilities under this section. The 16 report and the information contained therein shall be kept confidential by the board 17 of directors until such time as the report is made public by the director or other 18 lawful authority.
- B. The director may seek the advice and recommendations of the board of directors concerning any matter affecting the duties and responsibilities of the director regarding the financial condition of member insurers and companies seeking admission to transact insurance business in this state.
- C. The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations to the director upon any matter germane to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation of any member insurer or germane to the solvency of any company seeking to do <u>an</u>_insurance business in this state. The reports and recommendations <u>may not be considered_are not</u> public documents.
- 28 D. The board of directors may, upon majority vote, notify the director of any 29 information indicating a member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.
- 30 E. The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the 31 director for the detection and prevention of <u>member</u> insurer insolvencies.

32 Section 8. That § 58-29C-57 be AMENDED:

2

58-29C-57. Liability for unpaid assessment--Records of meetings--

Association as creditor of impaired or insolvent insurer--Liquidation,

3 rehabilitation, or conservation proceedings.

A. This chapter may not be construed to reduce the liability for unpaid assessments
of the insureds of an impaired or insolvent insurer operating under a plan with assessment
liability.

7 B. Records shall be kept of all meetings of the board of directors to discuss the activities 8 of the association in carrying out $\frac{1}{100}$ the board's powers and duties under § 58-29C-51. 9 The records of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer may not be disclosed prior to the termination of a liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation 10 proceeding involving the impaired or insolvent insurer, except (i) upon the termination of 11 12 the impairment or insolvency of the insurer, or (ii) upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this subpart shall limit limits the duty of the association to render 13 14 a report of its activities under § 58-29C-58.

15 C. For the purpose of carrying out its the association's obligations under this chapter, the association shall be deemed to be is a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to 16 17 the extent of assets attributable to covered policies reduced by any amounts to which the 18 association is entitled as subrogee pursuant to subpart § 58-29C-51K. Assets of the 19 impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies or contracts shall be used to 20 continue all covered policies and pay all contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent 21 insurer as required by this chapter. Assets attributable to covered policies or contracts, as 22 used in this subpart, are that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have 23 been established for such the policies or contracts bear to the reserves that should have 24 been established for all policies of insurance or health benefit plans written by the impaired 25 or insolvent insurer.

26 D. As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer as established in subpart C of this 27 section and consistent with § 58-29B-98, the association and other similar associations 28 shall be are entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets, from 29 time to time as the assets become available to reimburse it the association, as a credit 30 against contractual obligations under this chapter. If the liquidator has not, within one 31 hundred twenty days of a final determination of insolvency of an-a member insurer by the 32 receivership court, made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to 33 disburse assets out of marshaled assets to guaranty associations having obligations 34 because of the insolvency, then the association shall be is entitled to make application to

1 the receivership court for approval of its the association's own proposal to disburse these 2 assets.

3 E. (1) Prior to the termination of any liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation 4 proceeding, the court may take into consideration the contributions of the respective 5 parties, including the association, the shareholders, <u>contract owners</u>, certificate holders, 6 and policy owners of the insolvent insurer, and any other party with a bona fide interest, 7 in making an equitable distribution of the ownership rights of the insolvent insurer. In 8 such a determination, consideration shall must be given to the welfare of the policy 9 owners, contract owners, and certificate holders of the continuing or successor member 10 insurer.

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13 14

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(2)

be made may not make a distribution to stockholders until and unless the total

amount of valid claims of the association with interest thereon for funds expended in carrying out its the association's powers and duties under § 58-29C-51 with respect to the <u>member</u> insurer have been fully recovered by the association.

No distribution to stockholders, if any, of an An impaired or insolvent insurer shall

16 F. (1) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of an-a member insurer domiciled in 17 this state has been entered, the receiver appointed under the order has a right to recover 18 on behalf of the member insurer, from any affiliate that controlled it, the amount of 19 distributions, other than stock dividends paid by the <u>member</u> insurer on its capital stock, 20 made at any time during the five years preceding the petition for liquidation or 21 rehabilitation subject to the limitations of subdivisions (2) to (4), inclusive.

22 (2) No such-distribution is recoverable if the member insurer shows that when paid the 23 distribution was lawful and reasonable, and that the member insurer did not know 24 and could not reasonably have known that the distribution might adversely affect 25 the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its the member insurer's contractual 26 obligations.

Any person who was an affiliate that controlled the <u>member</u> insurer at the time the 27 (3) 28 distributions were paid is liable up to the amount of distributions received. Any 29 person, who was an affiliate that controlled the member insurer at the time the 30 distributions were declared, shall be liable up to the amount of distributions which 31 would have been received if they_the distributions had been paid immediately. If 32 two or more persons are liable with respect to the same distributions, they the 33 persons shall be jointly and severally liable.

1 (4) The maximum amount recoverable under this subpart shall be is the amount needed 2 in excess of all other available assets of the insolvent insurer to pay the contractual 3 obligations of the insolvent insurer.

4 (5) If any person liable under subdivision (3) is insolvent, all its the member insurer's affiliates that controlled it the member insurer at the time the distribution was paid,
6 shall be jointly and severally liable for any resulting deficiency in the amount recovered from the insolvent affiliate.

8

Section 9. That § 58-29C-62 be AMENDED:

58-29C-62. Use of existence of association for sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase insurance prohibited--Summary document of purposes and limitations of chapter--Disclaimer.

12 A. No person, including an <u>a member</u> insurer, agent, or affiliate of an <u>a member</u> insurer may make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause 13 14 directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before 15 the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in 16 17 any other way, any advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or oral, which 18 uses the existence of the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association of this state for 19 the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance 20 covered by the South Dakota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association chapter. 21 However, this section does not apply to the South Dakota Life and Health Insurance 22 Guaranty Association or any other entity which does not sell or solicit insurance.

23 B. Within one hundred eighty days of July 1, 2003, the association shall prepare a 24 summary document describing the general purposes and current limitations of the chapter 25 and complying with subpart C of this section. This document shall be submitted to the 26 director for approval. At the expiration of the sixtieth day after the date on which the 27 director approves the document, an a member insurer may not deliver a policy or contract 28 to a policy-or owner, contract owner, or certificate owner unless the summary document 29 is delivered to the policy-or owner, contract owner, or certificate holder at the time of 30 delivery of the policy or contract. The document shall also be available upon request by a 31 policy owner, contract owner, or certificate holder. The distribution, delivery, or contents 32 or interpretation of this document does not guarantee that either the policy or the contract 33 or the owner of the policy or contract policy owner, contract owner, or certificate holder 34 is covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a member insurer. The

description document shall be revised by the association as amendments to the chapter
 may require. Failure to receive this document does not give the policy owner, contract
 owner, certificate holder, or insured any greater rights than those stated in this chapter.

- C. The document prepared under subpart B shall contain a clear and conspicuous
 disclaimer on its face. The director shall establish the form and content of the disclaimer.
 The disclaimer shall:
- 7 (1) State the name and address of the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association
 8 and insurance department;
- 9 (2) Prominently warn the policy or contract owner_policy owner, contract owner, or 10 <u>certificate holder</u> that the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association may not 11 cover the policy or, if coverage is available, it—will_shall be subject to substantial 12 limitations and exclusions and conditioned on continued residence in this state;
- 13 (3) State the types of policies <u>or contracts</u> for which guaranty funds will provide
 14 coverage;
- 15 (4) State that the <u>member</u> insurer and <u>its-the member insurer's</u> agents are prohibited
 by law from using the existence of the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty
 Association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any
 form of insurance;
- (5) State that the policy or contract owner_policy owner, contract owner, or certificate
 holder should not rely on coverage under the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty
 Association when selecting an insurer;
- 22 (6) Explain rights available and procedures for filing a complaint to allege a violation of
 23 any provisions of this chapter; and
- (7) Provide other information as directed by the director including sources for
 information about the financial condition of insurers provided that the information
 is not proprietary and is subject to disclosure under that state's public records law.
 D. A member insurer shall retain evidence of compliance with subpart B for so as long
- as the policy or contract for which the notice is given remains in effect.
- 29 Section 10. That a NEW SECTION be added:
- 30

58-41-52.1. Collection for covered services prohibited.

31 Except for coinsurance, deductibles, or copayments as specifically provided in the

32 <u>evidence of coverage, in no event, including nonpayment by the health maintenance</u>

- 33 organization, insolvency of the health maintenance organization, or breach of contract
- 34 among the health maintenance organization, risk bearing entity, or participating provider,

may a risk bearing entity or participating provider bill, charge, collect a deposit from, seek
compensation, remuneration or reimbursement from, or have any recourse against an
enrollee or a person other than the health maintenance organization acting on behalf of
the enrollee for covered services provided. No risk bearing entity or participating provider,
nor any agent, trustee or assignee of the risk bearing entity or participating provider may
maintain an action at law against an enrollee to collect sums owed by the health
maintenance organization.
Section 11 That a NEW SECTION be added:

8 **Section 11.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

9

58-41-52.2. Contracts--Hold harmless provision.

10 <u>All contracts among health maintenance organizations, risk bearing entities, and</u> 11 <u>participating providers shall include a hold harmless provision specifying protection for</u> 12 <u>enrollees consistent with §§ 58-41-52.1 to 58-41-52.3, inclusive. Any attempted waiver</u> 13 <u>or amendment in a manner materially adverse to the interests of enrollees of a hold</u> 14 <u>harmless provision are null and void and unenforceable. Any violation of the provisions of</u> 15 <u>this section constitutes an unfair trade practice under chapter 58-33.</u>

16 **Section 12.** That a NEW SECTION be added:

17 **58-41-52.3.** Hold harmless provision--Language of provision.

18 <u>The requirements of § 58-41-52.2 shall be met by including a provision</u>
 19 <u>substantially similar to the following:</u>

20 Provider agrees that in no event, including but not limited to nonpayment by the 21 health maintenance organization or intermediary organization, insolvency of the 22 health maintenance organization or intermediary organization, or breach of this agreement, may the provider bill, charge, collect a deposit from, seek 23 24 compensation, remuneration or reimbursement from, or have any recourse against 25 an enrollee or a person (other than the health maintenance organization or 26 intermediary organization) acting on behalf of the enrollee for covered services 27 provided pursuant to this agreement. This agreement does not prohibit the 28 provider from collecting coinsurance, deductibles, copayments or services in excess 29 of limits, as specifically provided in the evidence of coverage, or fees for uncovered 30 services delivered on a fee-for-service basis to enrollees.

31 **Section 13.** That § 58-41-26 be AMENDED:

58-41-26. Exemption from insurance laws--Exceptions--Taxation.

2 Any health maintenance organization is exempt from all provisions of the insurance 3 laws of this state other than this chapter. However, the corporation is subject to the provisions of this title on matters and procedures of mergers and licensure of insurance 4 5 producers. The corporation is also subject to fees and taxation as insurers under § 58-2-6 29 and chapter 10-44. The corporation is also subject to §§ 58-17-53 and 58-17-54 if 7 entering into a contract after July 1, 1990, with the State of South Dakota, counties, 8 school districts, municipalities, and any other unit of state government using public funds. 9 The state, however, may not collect premium taxes for insurance written on individuals 10 residing outside this state or property located outside this state if no comparable tax is paid by the direct writing health maintenance organization to any appropriate taxing 11 12 authority. Health maintenance organizations are also subject to the following chapters: 58-1, 58-2, 58-3, 58-4, 58-5, 58-5A, 58-6, 58-7, 58-11, 58-12, 58-14, 58-17, 58-17A, 13 14 58-17F, 58-17G, 58-17H, 58-17I, 58-18, 58-18A, 58-18B, 58-18C, 58-26, 58-27, 58-29B 15 on the same basis as insurers, 58-30, 58-33A; and 58-43. Nothing in chapters 58-5 or 58-6 shall may be construed to prohibit a nonprofit health maintenance organization from 16 17 transacting business under this title based upon its nonprofit status.

18 To the extent that a health maintenance organization is compliant with the provisions 19 of chapters 58-17F to 58-17I, inclusive, for purposes of network adequacy, quality 20 assessment and improvements, utilization review and benefit determinations, and 21 grievance procedure, the health maintenance organization is compliant with the provisions 22 of this chapter.