2025 South Dakota Legislature

House Bill 1020

AMENDMENT 1020B FOR THE INTRODUCED BILL

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1 An Act to establish education savings accounts.

2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

3 Section 1. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:

4		Terms used in this chapter mean:
5	<u>(1)</u>	"Curriculum," a course of study for a specific content area or grade level, which is
6		approved by the Department of Education;
7	<u>(2)</u>	"Eligible student," a child who:
8		(a) Has not reached the age of nineteen prior to July first of the current school
9		<u>year;</u>
10		(b) Is, or during the applicable school year will be, in any educational grade
11		level from kindergarten through twelve;
12		(c) Is a United States citizen or an alien who has permanent resident status;
13		(d) Is a resident of this state; and
14		(e) Is not and will not, during the applicable school year, be enrolled full-time
15		in a school district in this state; and
16		(f) Does not and will not, during the applicable school year, have a notification
17		of alternative instruction on file with the department;
18	<u>(3)</u>	"Microschool," an educational entity that:
19		(a) Is registered with the secretary of state;
20		(b) Is located within this state;
21		(c) Provides educational services to students who receive alternative
22		instruction in accordance with chapter 13-27; and
23		(d) Requires enrollment and the payment of tuition;
24		"Nonaccredited nonpublic school," an educational entity that:
25		(a) Provides educational services to students in the basic skills of language arts
26		and mathematics;

1	(b) Is located within this state;
2	(c) Has a student-instructor ratio no greater than twenty-two to one; and
3	(d) Is not required to become accredited by the department;
4	(4) "Parent," a biological or adoptive parent, stepparent, legal guardian, or custodian
5	of an eligible student; and
6	(5) "Qualifying school,":
7	(a) An accredited nonpublic school located in this state;
8	(b) A-microschool nonaccredited nonpublic school; or
9	(c) A provider that offers virtual coursework approved by the Department of
10	Education department, but not on behalf of a school district; or
11	(d) A provider of alternative instruction, in accordance with § 13-27-3.
12	Section 2. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
13	Upon submission of an initial application by a parent, and approval by the
14	Department of Education, the department shall establish and provide the parent access to
15	an education savings account. Moneys in the account may be expended only for the
16	following:
17	(1) Tuition and fees required for:
18	(a) Enrollment at an accredited nonpublic school located within this state;
19	(b) Enrollment at a microschool nonaccredited nonpublic school that is
20	registered with the secretary of state;
21	(c) Virtual coursework approved by the department and offered by a provider,
22	but not on behalf of a school district;
23	(2) The purchase of curricula and associated instructional materials or supplies;
24	(3) The purchase of educationally related technological devices and associated
25	hardware and services; and
26	(4) The fee for any standardized college or university entrance examination approved
27	by the department.
20	
28	Section 3. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
29	The Department of Education shall consider each initial and renewal application in
30	the order it is received.
31	The department may not approve more applications than those for which moneys
32	have been appropriated.

1	For the second and any subsequent year of continuous participation, the parent
2	shall submit a renewal application to the department.
3	Section 4. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
4	If the number of applications exceeds the moneys that have been appropriated for
5	the purposes of this Act, the Department of Education shall prioritize the approval of the
6	applications as follows:
7	(1) Renewal applications;
8	(2) Applications in which the household income is less than one hundred and fifty
9	percent of eligibility for reduced price meals through the National School Lunch
10	Program, as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1751 et seq. (January 1, 2025);
11	(3) Applications in which the household income is at least one hundred and fifty percent
12	but no greater than two hundred percent of eligibility for reduced price meals
13	<u>through the National School Lunch Program, as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1751 et seq.</u>
14	<u>(January 1, 2025); and</u>
15	(4) Any remaining applications.
16	Section 5. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
17	Upon approval of an initial or a renewal application, the department shall deposit
18	into an education savings account an amount equal to forty percent of the per student
19	equivalent, as defined in § 13-13-10.1. The number of students eligible to receive an
20	education savings account is determined, each year, in accordance with the amount
21	appropriated for that purpose.
22	If an eligible student is enrolled in a school district for a portion of the instructional
23	day, the department must pro rate the amount to be deposited.
24	Section 6. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
25	Any moneys that remain unexpended, in an account, as of each June thirtieth,
26	revert to the state.
27	Section 7. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
28	The Department of Education shall conduct random compliance audits of education
29	savings accounts and shall refer any cases of suspected fraud to the attorney general for
30	an investigation and if applicable, a civil action for the recovery of moneys.

1	Section 8. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
2	The right of a parent to appeal any determination by the Department of Education
3	must occur in accordance with chapter 1-26 and is limited to matters regarding the
4	eligibility of a student.
5	Section 9. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
6	The Department of Education shall transmit information regarding a student's
7	education savings account to the partners in education tax credit program, as established
8	in chapter 13-65.
9	Section 10. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
10	The Department of Education shall develop and make available on its website a
11	handbook regarding the education savings account program, as established in this Act.
12	Section 11. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
13	The Department of Education shall promulgate rules in accordance with chapter 1-
14	<u>26, to:</u>
15	(1) Develop forms to be used when initially applying for and renewing an education
16	savings account;
17	(2) Establish a process for and the criteria by which initial and renewal applications
18	must be evaluated;
19	(3) Establish a process for and the criteria by which the department must verify, for
20	purposes of an authorized expenditure from an education savings account, tuition
21	and fees required for:
22	(a) Enrollment at an accredited nonpublic school located within this state;
23	(b) Enrollment at a microschool nonaccredited nonpublic school; and
24	(c) Virtual coursework approved by the department and offered by a provider,
25	but not on behalf of a school district;
26	(4) Establish a process for and the criteria by which the department must evaluate, for
27	purposes of an authorized expenditure from an education savings account:
28	(a) Curricula and associated instructional materials or supplies;
29	(b) Educationally related technological devices and associated hardware and
30	services;
31	(c) Virtual coursework; and

1	(d) Standardized college or university entrance examinations;
2	(5) Establish a process for and the criteria by which the department may terminate an
3	education savings account;
4	(6) Establish criteria for random compliance audits of education savings accounts; and
5	(7) Establish a process for and the criteria by which expenditures from education
6	savings accounts may occur.
7	Section 12. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
8	Nothing in this Act limits the independence or autonomy of a qualifying school. A
9	qualifying school is entitled to all freedoms and flexibilities necessary for the provision of
10	education to its students, without governmental control.
11	Nothing in this Act requires a qualifying school to alter its admissions policy, beliefs,
12	creed, curriculum, employment practices, or any other policy or practice, in order to accept
13	eligible students.
14	Nothing in this Act requires the disclosure of household income, unless
15	prioritization of the application is pursued in accordance with section 4 of this Act.
16	Nothing in this Act expands the regulatory authority of this state, its officers, or
17	any school district, with respect to the imposition of any additional requirements or
18	restrictions on qualifying schools, beyond those necessary to enforce the requirements of
19	this program.
20	Nothing in this Act imposes or authorizes the imposition of any additional
21	requirements or restrictions on any parent or other provider of alternative instruction to
22	the parent's child, as a result of the parent's decision not to apply for an education savings
23	<u>account.</u>
24	Section 13. That a NEW SECTION be added to a NEW CHAPTER in title 13:
25	Nothing in this Act authorizes a qualifying school to impose upon a student who
26	utilizes an education savings account, a higher tuition charge or fee than that imposed
27	upon a student who does not utilize an account.
28	Section 14. That § 13-25-1 be AMENDED:
29	13-25-1. In addition to all other requirements provided by law, every public-or
30	and accredited nonpublic school, or private institution operating a school shall be, is
31	subject to the provisions of this chapter and shall must be constructed, equipped,

operated, and maintained in a safe condition, so as to provide for the safety of all persons employed, accommodated, housed, or assembled therein, with respect to the type of construction and materials used, fireproofing, the number and types of ways of egress, aisles and passageways, stairs and fire escapes, wall openings, exits and exit signs, doors and doorways, shaft ways and other vertical openings, fire alarm systems, electrical equipment, flammable and explosive materials, heating systems and fuel storage, numbers of occupants, ventilation, and all other emergency protection.

8 Section 15. That § 13-27-1 be AMENDED:

9 13-27-1. Any person having control of a child, who is not younger than five or 10 older than six years old by the first day of September, or any child who, by the first day 11 of September, is at least six years old, but who has not exceeded the age of eighteen, shall cause the child to regularly attend a public or an accredited nonpublic school, either 12 13 public, nonpublic, or, receive alternative instruction as set forth in § 13-27-3, or attend a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, until the child reaches 14 the age of eighteen years, unless the child has graduated or is excused as provided in this 15 16 chapter. However, the The requirements of this section are met if a child who is at least 17 sixteen years of age enrolls in a high school equivalency test preparation program and the 18 child successfully completes the test or reaches the age of eighteen years.

A child is eligible to enroll in a school-based or school-contracted high school equivalency test preparation program or take the high school equivalency test if the child is sixteen or seventeen years of age, and the child presents written permission from the child's parent or guardian and one of the following:

- (1) Verification from a school administrator that the child will not graduate with the
 child's cohort class because of credit deficiency;
- 25 (2) Authorization from a court services officer;
- 26 (3) A court order requiring the child to enter the program;
- 27 (4) Verification that the child is under the direction of the Department of Corrections;28 or
- (5) Verification that the child is enrolled in Job Corps, as authorized by Title I-C of the
 Workforce Investment Act of 1998, as amended to 20 U.S.C. 9201 (January 1,
 20092025).

Any child who is sixteen or seventeen years of age and who completes the high school equivalency test preparation program may take a high school equivalency test immediately following release from the school program or when ordered to take the test by a court. Any such child who fails to successfully complete the test shall re-enroll in the
 school district and may continue the high school equivalency preparation program or other
 suitable program, as determined by the school district.

All children shall attend kindergarten prior to age seven. Any child who transfers
from another state may proceed in a continuous educational program without interruption,
if the child has not previously attended kindergarten.

7 Section 16. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 13-27:

- 8 When a notification is filed with the Department of Education or the school district, 9 by a parent, guardian, or other person having control of a child, the department or the 10 school district has notice that the child is being enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic 11 school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, and is being provided with the basic skills of 12 language arts and mathematics. The person providing instruction is not required to be 13 certified.
- 14One instructor may not serve more than twenty-two children. All instruction must15be given so as to lead to a mastery of the English language.
- 16 If a student has on file with the department a notification of alternative instruction,
- 17 <u>the acceptance by the department of an initial application for an education savings account</u>
- 18 serves as a notice of intent to register as a student in a nonaccredited nonpublic school
- 19 and revokes the prior notification of alternative instruction for the applicable school year.

20 Section 17. That § 13-27-11 be AMENDED:

21 13-27-11. Any A person is quilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor for a first offense if, 22 having control of a child of compulsory school age who, the person fails to have: 23 Have the child attend school, as required by the provisions of this title, or provide; (1) 24 Provide alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3, is guilty of a Class 2 (2) 25 misdemeanor for the first offense; or 26 (3) Enroll the child in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this 27 Act. 28 For eachEach subsequent offense, a violator of this section is quilty of a Class 1 29 misdemeanor.

30 Section 18. That § 13-27-16 be AMENDED:

1	13-27-16. Each schoolThe board of a school district shall warn a noncompliant
2	parents or persons parent or person in control of children a child of compulsory school age
3	that the children child must enter school and attend regularly, or enroll:
4	(1) Enroll in a high school equivalency test preparation program in accordance with
5	§ 13-27-1 , or comply;
6	(2) Comply with § 13-27-3, and; or
7	(3) Enroll in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act.
8	The board shall report the parents or persons parent or person in control of the
9	children child to the truancy officer for the district, if the warning is not heeded. All school
10	board members, superintendents, and teachers shall cooperate in the enforcement of the
11	school attendance laws.

12 Section 19. That § 13-27-18 be AMENDED:

13 13-27-18. Any superintendent or school board president who fails to make prompt 14 reports on attendance as required by law; any person who harbors or employs a child of 15 compulsory school age who is not legally excused during the school term or being, 16 provided alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3, or enrolled in a nonaccredited 17 nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act; the members of any school board 18 who neglect or refuse to provide school facilities for children enrolled in their school district for at least nine months during the school year, or neglect to perform any other duties 19 20 enumerated under the compulsory school attendance laws of this state; any truancy 21 officer who neglects to perform the duties of his or her office; or any person who hampers 22 or hinders a child of compulsory school age from attending a school in which the child is enrolled that meets all legal requirements, or who interferes or attempts to interfere with 23 24 the child's attendance at the school in which the child is enrolled is guilty of a Class 2 25 misdemeanor.

26 Section 20. That § 13-27-20 be AMENDED:

- 13-27-20. Each truancy officer shall make and file truancy complaints for children
 who are a child who is enrolled in the school district. Any teacher, school officer, or citizen
 may make and file a truancy complaint, before a circuit court judge, against any person
 having control of a child of compulsory school age who is not being provided with
 alternative instruction or if:
- 32 (1) The child is not attending school or whose;
- 33 (2) The child's attendance at school is irregular;

1 (3) The child is not being provided with alternative instruction; or

2 (4) The child is not enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section
 3 <u>1 of this Act</u>.

The complaint must state the name of the parent, guardian, or person responsible for the control of the child. The complaint must be verified by oath upon belief of the complainant. A truancy complaint that, together with any accompanying affidavit, does not establish probable cause must be dismissed upon motion of the defendant to the circuit court judge.

9 Section 21. That § 13-27-29 be AMENDED:

10 13-27-29. If a child of compulsory school age has been attending an unaccredited 11 elects to enroll in a school district in this state, after having attended a nonaccredited school in another state or country-or has been, after receiving alternative instruction 12 pursuant to § 13-27-3 enrolls in a public school in this state, or after having attended a 13 14 nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, the child shall must be placed at the child's demonstrated level of proficiency, as established by one or more 15 16 standardized tests. However, a A child's placement may be in one grade level higher than 17 warranted by the child's chronological age, assuming entry into the first grade at age six 18 and annual grade advancement thereafter. After initial placement, the child may be 19 advanced according to the child's demonstrated performance.

20 If a child of secondary school age has been attending an unaccredited elects to 21 enroll in a school district in this state, after having attended an nonaccredited school in 22 another state or country or has been, after receiving alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3 enrolls in a public school in this state, or after having attended a nonaccredited 23 24 nonpublic school, the child-shall must be placed in English and math mathematics at the 25 level of achievement demonstrated by one or two standardized tests, and must be placed 26 in all other subjects based on a review of transcripts according to the policy formally 27 adopted by the school board of the district. The child's placement may be in one grade 28 level higher than warranted by the child's chronological age, assuming entry into the first 29 grade at age six and annual grade advancement thereafter. After initial placement, the 30 child may be advanced according to his the child's demonstrated performance.

Any<u>A</u> parent or guardian who is dissatisfied with the <u>child's</u> placement of his child
 may appeal-it to the secretary of the Department of Education.

33 Section 22. That § 13-28-37 be AMENDED:

1 **13-28-37.** Any student in grades nine, ten, eleven, or twelve may apply to an 2 institution of higher education or a technical college, as a special student in <u>a course one</u> 3 or <u>more</u> courses offered at the institution of higher education or technical college. The 4 institution of higher education or technical college shall set admission standards and 5 tuition rates. The student shall obtain the school district's approval of <u>the each</u> 6 postsecondary course prior to <u>enrolling enrollment</u>.

7 If the student is enrolled in-a an accredited nonpublic school or a tribal school, the
8 student must obtain approval of the each postsecondary course, from the accredited
9 nonpublic school or the tribal school, prior to enrolling, and if enrollment.

<u>If</u> the student is receiving alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3, <u>or if the</u>
 <u>student is enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act,</u>
 the student must obtain approval of <u>the each</u> postsecondary course prior to <u>enrolling</u>
 <u>enrollment</u>, from the provider of the alternative instruction<u>or an instructor at the</u>
 <u>nonaccredited nonpublic school</u>.

If approved, the student must receive full credit toward high school graduation, as well as postsecondary credit, for each postsecondary course. The school district shall record each course under this section on the student's transcript and shall use each course score to calculate academic standing.

If a student receives a failing final course grade is received in a postsecondary
 course under this section, the student receiving the failure is no longer eligible to enroll
 for in a postsecondary courses course under this section, absent a showing of good cause.

22 Section 23. That § 13-28-41 be AMENDED:

13-28-41. A school district shall grant a request for a transfer into the district or 23 24 within the district, unless the transfer would result in an inability to provide a quality 25 educational program, based on criteria established by the district pursuant to \S 13-28-44. 26 In addition, aA school district shall grant a request to admit into the district a child 27 who is a resident of another school district and who is excused from attending school in 28 the resident district pursuant to § 13-27-2, or is a child who is provided with alternative 29 instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3, or who is enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, 30 as defined in section 1 of this Act, unless admitting the nonresident child would result in 31 an inability to provide a quality educational program based on criteria established by the 32 district pursuant to § 13-28-44.

33 Section 24. That § 13-28-51 be AMENDED:

1 **13-28-51.** The resident school district of a child being provided alternative 2 instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3 and the resident school district of a child enrolled in a 3 nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, shall admit that child 4 to a public school in the district, upon request from the child's parent or legal guardian. A 5 child enrolled in a school district pursuant to this section may be enrolled in attend a 6 school-of the school in the district on only a partial basis and shall continue to also be 7 provided with alternative instruction pursuant to \S 13-27-3 or continue to attend a 8 nonaccredited nonpublic school.

9 Section 25. That § 13-34-23 be AMENDED:

10 13-34-23. Each public school The board of a school district shall loan, without 11 charge, to all persons ages any person age five through nineteen, who are either is 12 enrolled in a public school, or a an accredited nonpublic school, or who are engaged in a course of in the district, is receiving alternative instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3, within 13 14 the school district under such board's jurisdiction or who are residing in such or is enrolled 15 in a nonaccredited nonpublic school in the district but are, as defined in section 1 of this 16 Act, and to any person age five through nineteen who is not enrolled in any-such school 17 or-engaged in any such course of is not receiving alternative instruction, such nonsectarian 18 textbooks designed for individual use as are and normally furnished by such school the board to individual students enrolled in the public schools of the district-under such board's 19 20 jurisdiction.

For the purposes of this chapter, textbooks are <u>"textbooks" mean</u> any instructional
 materials that constitute the principal source of teaching and learning for a given course
 of study, including print and digital materials, but not including any computer hardware.

All-such textbooks-shall_must be approved by the respective board of the school
 boards_district.

- 26 Section 26. That § 13-36-4 be AMENDED:
- 13-36-4. The school board of a public school, approved and accredited by the
 secretary of the Department of Education, board of a school district may delegate, on a
 year to year basis, the control, supervision, and regulation of any high school
 interscholastic activities to any association that is voluntary and nonprofit if:
- 31 (1) Membership in the association is open to all high schools approved and accredited
 32 pursuant to this section by the Department of Education, including any school that
 33 allows participation by students receiving who:

1		(a) Receive alternative instruction as set forth in § 13-27-3, pursuant to the
2		provisions of this title <u>; or</u>
3		(b) Are enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of
4		this Act;
5	(2)	The constitution, bylaws, and rules of the association are subject to ratification by
6		the school boards of the member public school districts and the governing boards
7		of the member nonpublic schools, and include a provision for a proper review
8		procedure and review board;
9	(3)	The report of any audit required by § 13-36-5 is made public on the association's
10		website, as well as the Department of Legislative Audit's website;
11	(4)	The association complies with the provisions of chapter 1-25 and chapter 1-27-
12		However, provided the association, and its employees, meetings, and records, are
13		afforded the same exemptions and protections as a political subdivision or public
14		body is provided under chapter 1-25 and chapter 1-27; and
15	(5)	The association shall report to the Government Operations and Audit Committee
16		annually, or at the call of the chair.
17		The governing body of a nonpublic school, approved and accredited by the
18	secret	tary of the Department of Education, or, AdvancED, or the Association of Christian
19	Schoo	ols International (ACSI), or, the Association of Classical and Christian Schools
20	(ACCS	5), or, Christian Schools International (CSI), or, the National Lutheran School
21	Accre	ditation (NLSA), or the Commission for Oceti Sakowin Accreditation (COSA), or the
22	Wisco	nsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod School Accreditation, may also delegate, on a year
23	to yea	ar basis, the control, supervision, and regulation of any high school interscholastic
24	activit	ties to any association that is voluntary and nonprofit, if membership in-such the
25	assoc	iation is open to all high schools approved and accredited pursuant to this section,
26	includ	ling any school that allows participation by students receiving alternative instruction,
27	as set	forth in § 13-27-3, pursuant to the provisions of this title and by students enrolled
28	<u>in a</u>	nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, and if the
29	consti	tution, bylaws, and rules of the association are subject to ratification by the school
30	board	s of the member-public school districts and the governing boards of the member
31	nonpu	Iblic schools and include a provision for a proper review procedure and review board.
32		Any association that complies with this section may exercise the control,
33	super	vision, and regulation of interscholastic activities, including interscholastic athletic
34	event	s of member schools. The association may promulgate-reasonable uniform rules, to

make decisions and to provide and enforce reasonable penalties for the violation of the
 rules.

3 Section 27. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 13-36:

4 Each school district shall allow participation in athletics, fine arts, or activities by a 5 child who is enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this 6 Act, and resides in the district. The parent, guardian, or other person in control of the 7 child shall submit proof of the child's age at the time of participation in athletics, fine arts, 8 or activities. The participating child must be held to the same local training rules and South 9 Dakota High School Activities Association transfer and non-academic eligibility rules as all 10 other enrolled students. Before the current season of the sport or activity in which the child enrolled in a 11 nonaccredited nonpublic school is participating, the parent, guardian, or other person in 12 control of the child shall provide the appropriate school official with a copy of a transcript 13 14 that is issued by the nonaccredited nonpublic school and which shows the previous 15 semester's coursework completed by the child.

- The parent, guardian, or other person in control of the child shall notify the
 appropriate school official if the child becomes ineligible under any applicable South
- 18 Dakota High School Activities Association or local school rules.
- 19 <u>Nothing in this section confers in any student or child wishing to participate in an</u>
 20 <u>interscholastic activity, any vested right to be selected for competition.</u>
- 21 Section 28. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 13-55:
- 22 In order to be eligible for a South Dakota opportunity scholarship pursuant to this 23 section, a student who is enrolled in a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in 24 section 1 of this Act, must: 25 (1) Be a resident of this state: 26 Obtain a composite score or superscore of at least twenty-four on the ACT or a (2) 27 comparable score on the SAT, as determined by the Board of Regents; 28 Provide a transcript of completed coursework that is issued by the parent or (3) 29 guardian listed on the notification and includes: 30 Four or more units of language arts, including: (a) 31 (i) One and one-half units of writing; 32 (ii) One and one-half units of literature, one-half unit of which must be 33 American literature;

1		(iii) One-half unit of speech or debate; and
2		(iv) One-half unit of a language arts elective;
3		(b) Three or more units of social studies, including:
4		(i) One unit of U.S. history;
5		(ii) One-half unit of U.S. government;
6		(iii) One-half unit of geography;
7		(iv) One-half unit of world history; and
8		(v) One-half unit of a social studies elective;
9		(c) Four units of mathematics, including:
10		(i) One unit of algebra I;
11		(ii) One unit of geometry;
12		(iii) One unit of algebra II; and
13		(iv) One unit of advanced math;
14		(d) Four units of science, at least three of which must be laboratory science,
15		including:
16		(i) One unit of biology;
17		(ii) One unit of any physical science;
18		(iii) One unit of chemistry or physics; and
19		(iv) One unit of science electives;
20		(e) Two units of either of the following or a combination of the two:
21		(i) Career and technical education; and
22		(ii) World languages;
23		(f) One-half unit of personal finance or economics;
24		(g) One unit of fine arts;
25		(h) One-half unit of physical education; and
26		(i) One-half unit of health or health integration;
27	<u>(4)</u>	Attend a university, college, or technical school that is accredited by the Higher
28		Learning Commission and provides instruction from a campus located in this state;
29		and
30	<u>(5)</u>	Enter into the program:
31		(a) Within five years after the conclusion of the school year in which the student
32		graduated from a nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of
33		this Act; or
34		(b) Within one year after the conclusion of the school year in which the student
35		was discharged from active duty with the armed forces, provided the

discharge occurred within five years after the conclusion of the school year

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2	in which the student graduated from a nonaccredited nonpublic school.
3	If a student attends full-time a regionally accredited university, college, or technical
4	school, located outside this state, and within two years from the end of the school year in
5	which the student graduated from a nonaccredited nonpublic school, or within two years
6	after the conclusion of the school year in which the student was discharged from active
7	duty with the armed forces, as set forth in subdivision (5) of this section, returns to the
8	state to attend full-time a regionally accredited university, college, or technical school, the
9	student is eligible to receive a partial award.
10	A student is eligible to participate in the South Dakota opportunity scholarship
11	program for the equivalent of eight consecutive fall and spring semesters or until the
12	attainment of a baccalaureate degree, whichever comes first. The Board of Regents may
13	grant exceptions to the continuous enrollment requirement upon a showing of good cause.
14	Section 29. That § 26-8A-5 be AMENDED:
15	26-8A-5. As used in §§ 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-7, the terms "teacher," "school
16	counselor," "school official," "school administrator," "school principal," and "school
17	superintendent" apply to any:
18	(1) Any person, except as otherwise provide in subdivision (3), substantially
19	performing the respective duties of any such the position in a public or private
20	nonpublic school, whether accredited or unaccredited, and to any;
21	(2) Any person providing instruction pursuant to § 13-27-3; and
22	(3) Any person providing instruction in a nonaccredited nonpublic school as defined in
23	section 1 of this Act.
24	Section 30. That § 26-8A-7 be AMENDED:
25	26-8A-7. Any person who has contact with a child through the performance of
26	services in any public or private nonpublic school, whether accredited or unaccredited, as
27	a teacher, school nurse, school counselor, school official or administrator, or any person
28	providing services pursuant to § 13-27-3 shall notify the school principal or school
29	superintendent or designee of suspected abuse or neglect. The school principal or
30	superintendent shall report the information in accordance with the provisions of § 26-8A-
31	8. Each school district shall have a written policy on the reporting of child abuse and
32	neglect.

1	Any person who has contact with a child through the performance of services
2	pursuant to § 13-27-3, shall report any suspected abuse or neglect in accordance with the
3	provisions of § 26-8A-8.
4	Any person who has contact with a child through the performance of services in a
5	nonaccredited nonpublic school, as defined in section 1 of this Act, shall report any
6	suspected abuse or neglect in accordance with the provisions of § 26-8A-8.
7	Any person who knowingly and intentionally fails to make a required report is guilty
8	of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Each school district shall have a written policy on reporting of
9	child abuse and neglect.