

2024 South Dakota Legislature

Senate Bill 211

Introduced by: Senator Wheeler

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- 1 An Act to revise notarial acts.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
 - Section 1. That § 7-9-7.4 be AMENDED:
 - **7-9-7.4.** Unless otherwise provided by law, a paper document that is to be recorded or filed in the register of deeds' records as provided in this section or other applicable law—shall_must contain the original signatures of the parties who execute the document and, if required to be acknowledged or further proven, original signatures of the notary public, witnesses, or other officer taking an acknowledgment. However, any Any financing statement filed and recorded pursuant to chapter 57A-9—does_is not_need required to contain:
 - (1) The signatures the signature of the debtor or the secured party; or
 - (2) An an acknowledgment.

No original signature <u>may be is</u> required <u>for any document to be recorded or filed</u> <u>in the register of deeds' records</u> if the document—is:

- (1) Is attached as an exhibit to an affidavit or other document that has an original signature that is acknowledged, sworn to with a proper jurat, or proved according to law-;
- (2) Contains electronic signatures executed and notarized in accordance with the requirements of section 4 of this Act and is recorded electronically pursuant to chapter 7-9A; or
- (3) Is a printed copy of an electronic record containing electronic signatures executed and notarized in accordance with the requirements of section 4 of this Act and a certificate acknowledging the authenticity of the copy pursuant to section 7 of this Act.

25 **Section 2. That § 18-1-1.1 be AMENDED:**

1		18-1-1.1. Terms in this chapter mean:		
2	(1)	"Acknowledgment," a declaration by a person before a notarial officer that		
3		persoi	n has signed a document for the purpose stated in the document and , if that	
4		the do	ocument is signed by a representative who is:	
5		(a)	An authorized officer, agent, partner, trustee, or other representative of a	
6			person other than a natural person;	
7		(b)	A public officer, personal representative, guardian, or other representative	
8			in the capacity stated in a document;	
9		(c)	An attorney-in-fact for a natural person; or	
10		(d)	An authorized representative of another person in any other capacity, that	
11			the representative signed the document with proper authority and signed it	
12			as the act of the person identified in the document;	
13	(2)	<u>"Docu</u>	ment" or "record," information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that	
14		is stor	red in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;	
15	(3)	"Ident	tity proofing," a process or service by which a third party provides a notarial	
16		officer	with a reasonable means to verify the identity of an individual by review of	
17		perso	nal information from public or proprietary data sources;	
18	(4)	_"Nota	rial act," an act <u>, whether performed with respect to a tangible or electronic</u>	
19		record	<u>d,</u> that a notarial officer may perform under the laws of this state. The term	
20		includ	es taking an acknowledgment, administering an oath or affirmation, taking a	
21		verific	ation on oath or affirmation, witnessing or attesting a signature, certifying	
22		or atte	esting a copy, and noting a protest of a negotiable instrument;	
23	(3) (5)	"Nota	rial officer," a notary public or other person authorized to perform a notarial	
24		act;		
25	(4) (6)	"Offici	al seal," a seal, stamp, or physical image affixed to or embossed on a tangible	
26		record	d or an electronic image attached to or logically associated with an electronic	
27		record	<u>1;</u>	
28	<u>(7)</u>	"Perso	onal knowledge," a notarial officer has personal knowledge of the identity of	
29		an ind	lividual appearing before the officer if -either :	
30		(a)	The individual is personally known to the officer through dealings sufficient	
31			to provide reasonable certainty that the individual has the identity claimed.	
32			The notarial officer must have known and had regular interactions with the	
33			individual for an extended period of time. A mere acquaintance does not	
34			amount to personal knowledge for purposes of this definition; or	

1		(b) The notarial officer represents the individual as their the individual's		
2		attorney, real estate agent, auctioneer, or public accountant, or any		
3		combination thereof; or		
4		(c) The notarial officer can reasonably identify the individual by two different		
5		methods of identity proofing.		
6	(5) (8)	"Remotely located person," a person who is not in the physical presence of the		
7		notary;		
8	<u>(9)</u>	"Tamper-evident," any change to an electronic record displays evidence of the		
9		change;		
10	<u>(10)</u>	"Verification on oath or affirmation," a declaration, made by a person on oath or		
11		affirmation before a notarial officer, that a statement in a document is true; <u>and</u>		
12	(6) (11) "Video communication technology," an electronic device or process that allows		
13		a notarial officer physically located in this state and a remotely located person not		
14		in the physical presence of the notarial officer to communicate in real-time with		
15		each other simultaneously by sight and sound and that, as necessary, makes		
16		reasonable accommodation for individuals with vision, hearing, or speech		
17		impairments.		
18	Section 3	3. That § 18-1-3.1 be AMENDED:		
19		18-1-3.1. A notarial officer-shall must have a an official seal-that shall to be used		
20	for the	e purpose of acknowledging a document. The seal-shall must be of a type approved		
21	by the	e secretary of state and-shall <u>must</u> contain at least:		
22	(1)	The notarial officer's name;		
23	(2)	The words , "South Dakota";		
24	(3)	The words, <u>"notary public"</u> ; and		
25	(4)	A-border surrounding-the imprint_border.		
26		A seal may be a rubber stamp or a physical device capable of affixing to or		

Section 4. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

commission expires below the official seal under this section.

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A notarial officer in this state, while located in this state, may perform a notarial act executed on an electronic record by a person not in the physical presence of the

embossing on a tangible document. A rubber Rubber stamp seal shall seals and electronic

A notarial officer-shall must indicate the date on which the notarial officer's

seals must contain the word, words and seal within the surrounding border.

- notarial officer but observed by the notarial officer through means of video communication technology if the notarial officer:
 - (1) Has personal knowledge, by means of two different methods of identity proofing, that the person has the identity being claimed;
 - (2) Affixes the notarial officer's signature to the electronic record executed by the person;
 - (3) Indicates the remote location of the person executing the document in the notarial certificate pursuant to section 11 of this Act;
 - (4) Indicates in the notarial certificate pursuant to section 11 of this Act that the notarial act involved a statement made or a signature executed by a person not in the physical presence of the notarial officer, but appearing by means of video communication technology, and a tamper-evident electronic notarization system; and
 - (5) Creates an audio-visual copy of the performance of the notarial act.

Section 5. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

A notarial officer must retain an electronic audio-visual copy of each notarial act involving the use of a tamper-evident notarization system for ten years from the date of the performance. Upon suspension or revocation of a notarial officer's commission, or upon death or incapacity, the notarial officer or the guardian, conservator, or personal representative of the incapacitated or deceased notarial officer must retain an electronic audio-visual copy of each notarial act for ten years. In lieu of retaining copies as required by this section, the copies may be held by a repository designated by or on behalf of the notarial officer.

Section 6. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

A notarial officer, prior to performing notarial acts with respect to electronic records, must select at least one tamper-evident electronic notarization system with which to place the signature and official seal of the notarial officer on electronic records. A person may not require a notarial officer to perform a notarial act with respect to an electronic record with a system that the notarial officer has not selected. A notarial officer must notify the secretary of state, on forms prescribed by the secretary, of the names of each tamper-evident notarization system used by that notarial officer for the notarization of electronic records.

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Section 7. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

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A register of deeds must accept for record a tangible copy of an electronic record containing a notarial certificate as satisfying any requirement that a signature on a record accepted for recording be an original, if the notarial officer executing the notarial certificate certifies the tangible copy is an accurate copy of the electronic record pursuant to section 8 of this Act.

Section 8. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

8 The certificate authenticating a printed electronic record under section 7 of this Act 9 must be substantially in the following form: 10 , a notary public, certify that the attached document is an 11 accurate copy of the original electronic record upon which my electronic signature and 12 official seal are inscribed, and that the electronic record was printed by me or under my supervision. 13 14 I hereunto set my hand and official seal. 15 16 17 Title of officer.

Section 9. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

19 The secretary of state may promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 1-26 to:

- (1) Create standards for online notarial acts in accordance with this Act, including standards for credential analysis, identity proofing, and communication technology used for online notarial acts; and
- 23 (2) Ensure the integrity, security, and authenticity of online notarial acts in accordance 24 with this Act.

Section 10. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-1:

The failure of a notarial officer to perform a duty or meet a requirement specified by law does not invalidate a notarial act performed by the notarial officer. The validity of a notarial act does not prevent an aggrieved person from seeking to invalidate the record or transaction that is the subject of the notarial act or from seeking other remedies based on the law of this state or the law of the United States. Nothing in this section validates a

purported notarial act performed by an individual who does not have the authority to 1 2 perform notarial acts.

Section 11. That a NEW SECTION be added to chapter 18-4:

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4	The notarial certificate of a document executed pursuant to section 4 of this Act
5	must be substantially in the following form:
6	State of South Dakota
7	County of ss
8	On this day of , in the year , before me,
9	(notary's name), the undersigned office appeared
10	(signer's name) with a remote location of (city/state), whom I have
11	personal knowledge by identity proofing and whom I positively identified as the person
12	whose name is subscribed to the within instrument, appeared before me not in my physical
13	presence but by means of a tamper-evident electronic notarization system, and I observed
14	his/her execution of the same for the purposes contained therein and confirm that I affix
15	my official seal to the same instrument so executed.