

# **OFFICIAL DIRECTORY**

# and

# **RULES**

# of the

# **SOUTH DAKOTA**

# LEGISLATURE

Ninety-Ninth Session 2024

# OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

# and RULES

# of the

# SOUTH DAKOTA

# LEGISLATURE

# Ninety-Ninth Session 2024

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# OATH OF OFFICE FOR LEGISLATORS AND OFFICERS

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the state of South Dakota, and will discharge the duties faithfully of (senator, representative or officer) according to the best of my abilities, and that I have not knowingly or intentionally paid or contributed anything, or made any promise in the nature of a bribe, to directly or indirectly influence any vote at the election at which I was chosen to fill said office, and have not accepted, nor will I accept or receive directly or indirectly, any money, pass, or any other valuable thing, from any corporation, company or person, for any vote or influence I may give or withhold on any bill or resolution, or appropriation, or for any other official act

# **2024 LEGISLATIVE TIMETABLE**

1 0	First days of Casaian
Jan. 9	First day of Session
Jan. 31	Last day for introduction of individual
	bills and resolutions
Feb. 1	Last day for introduction of committee
	bills and resolutions
Feb. 15	Last day for JCA selection of general
	fund revenue targets (JR 7-11.1)
Feb. 20	Last day to move required delivery of
	bills or resolutions by a committee to the
	house of origin. Last day to use JR 5-17
Feb. 21	Last day to pass bills or joint resolutions
	by the house of origin (Crossover Day).
	Last day to invoke JR 7-7 in the house
	of origin
Feb. 23	Last day for JCA to move required
	delivery of special appropriation bills to
	house of origin (JR 17-1)
Feb. 26	Last day for house of origin to pass
1 051 20	special appropriation bills referred from
	JCA (JR 17-1)
Feb. 28	JR 5-13 in effect. Last day for
160.20	introduction of commemorations
Feb. 29	
Feb. 29	Last day to move required delivery of
	bills or joint resolutions by a committee
	to the second house
Mar. 4	Last day for a bill or joint resolution to
	pass both houses. Last day to invoke JR
	7-7 in the second house
Mar. 25	Reserved for consideration of
	gubernatorial vetoes
Mar. 7	37 <sup>th</sup> Legislative Day
Jul. 1	Effective date of enacted legislation
	(except emergency measures)

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# **TELEPHONE DIRECTORY**

Legislative	1
Senate	2
House	3
Executive and Judicial	4

# SENATE

Members	5
Standing Committees	
Officers and Employees	24
Interns	
Pages	26

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Members	27
Standing Committees	62
Officers and Employees	65
Interns	66
Pages	67

# LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COUNCIL

Background		69
Employees.		70

# RULES

Senate	71
House	83
Joint	97

# LEGISLATIVE DEADLINES ...... 174

### Visit the Legislature online <u>https://sdlegislature.gov</u>

# LEGISLATIVE TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

TITLE/OFFICE	PHONE NUMBER	OFFICE
Appropriations Suite	773-5352	358
Capitol Security	773-3154	118
Doctor of the Day	773-3999	408
Doctor – Cell Phone	295-4248	
Legislative Audit	773-3595	
Legislative Committee Secretaries	773-3323	
Legislative Post Office	773-3834	367
Legislative Research Council	773-3251	331
Legislator Fax (Only during Session)	773-6806	367
Page Advisor	773-5257	368

# SENATE TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

POSITION	NAME	PHONE NUMBER	OFFICE
President of the Senate	Larry Rhoden	773-3662	A215
President Pro Tempore	Lee Schoenbeck	773-3828	321
Majority Leader	Casey Crabtree	773-3828	329
Minority Leader	Reynold F. Nesiba	773-4494	301
Asst. Majority Leader	Michael Diedrich	773-3824	327
Majority Whip	Helene Duhamel	773-3824	327
Majority Whip	Jack R. Kolbeck	773-3821	411
Majority Whip	Ryan M. Maher	773-3821	411
Majority Whip	David Wheeler	773-3821	321
Asst. Minority Leader	Shawn Bordeaux	773-4494	301
Minority Whip	Liz Larson	773-4494	403
Secretary of the Senate	Peggy Laurenz	773-3825	330
Senate Lobby		773-3821	

# HOUSE TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

POSITION	NAME	PHONE NUMBER	OFFICE
Speaker of the House	Hugh M. Bartels	773-3830	365
Speaker Pro Tempore	Mike Stevens	773-3851	366
Majority Leader	Will Mortenson	773-3845	370
Minority Leader	Oren L. Lesmeister	773-4484	384
Asst. Majority Leader	Taylor Rehfeldt	773-3845	370
Majority Whip	Rocky Blare	773-3851	451
Majority Whip	Gary Cammack	773-3851	468
Majority Whip	Kirk Chaffee	773-3851	468
Majority Whip	Becky J. Drury	773-3851	451
Majority Whip	James D. Wangsness	773-3851	468
Asst. Minority Leader	Erin Healy	773-4484	384
Minority Whip	Kameron Nelson	773-4484	384
Minority Whip	Peri Pourier	773-4484	384
Chief Clerk of the House	Patricia Miller	773-3987	364
House Lobby		773-3821	

# EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

Agriculture and Natural Resources	773-5559
Attorney General	773-3215
Auditor	773-3341
Board of Regents	773-3455
Bureau of Administration	773-3688
Bureau of Finance and Management	773-3411
Bureau of Human Resources	773-3148
Bureau of Information and Telecommunications	773-4165
Capitol Security	773-3154
Corrections	773-3478
Education	773-3134
Game, Fish and Parks	773-3718
Governor	773-3212
Governor's Office of Economic Development	773-4633
Health	773-3361
Human Services	773-5990
Labor and Regulation	773-3101
Military	773-3269
Public Safety	773-3178
Public Utilities Commission	773-3201
Revenue	773-3311
School and Public Lands	773-3303
Secretary of State	773-3537
Social Services	773-3165
Tourism	773-3301
Transportation	773-3265
Treasurer	773-3378
Tribal Relations	773-3415
Unified Judicial System	773-3474
Veterans' Affairs	773-3269

# SENATE MEMBERS NINETY-NINTH SESSION, 2024

\*\*Denotes Chair \*Denotes Vice Chair



## Beal, Arch

Party: Status: Occupation: District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Other House **Business Owner** 12 4815 N. Northview Ave Sioux Falls, SD 57107 605-773-3821 \*Commerce and Energy, Transportation



### Bolin, Jim

Party: Status: Occupation: District: Address:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Retired Educator 16 403 W. 11th St. Canton, SD 57013 Home Phone: 605-261-9669 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committee on Appropriations, \*\*Retirement Laws



# Bordeaux, Shawn

rty:	Democrat
atus:	Other House
cupation:	Director
strict:	26
dress:	PO Box 283
	Mission, SD 57555
rre Phone:	605-773-3821
mmittees:	Education, Health
	and Human
	Services, Taxation
	Education, Health and Human



### Breitling, Bryan

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Incumbent Healthcare Administrator 23 PO Box 166 Miller, SD 57362 605-773-3821 \*Committee on Appropriations

# Manual of the Legislature



Crabtree, Ca	asey
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Director of Economic
	Development
District:	08
Address:	115 Woodland Dr.
	Madison, SD 57042
Home Phone:	605-291-2767
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, *Legislative
	Procedure, **State
	Affairs



Davis, Sydney	
Party:	Republican
Status:	Other House
Occupation:	CRNA/Cattle
	Producer
District:	17
Address:	46838 307th St.
	Burbank, SD 57010
Home Phone:	605-770-7029
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Education, *Health
	and Human
	Services, State
	Affairs

# 7



### Deibert, Randy Partv

Deibert, Kai	luy
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Professional Land
	Surveyor
District:	31
Address:	1715 Scott Ave.
	Spearfish, SD 57783
Home Phone:	605-642-8133
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	*Agriculture and
	Natural Resources,
	Local Government,
	Retirement Laws,
	Transportation



#### **Diedrich**, Michael Party: Republican Status: Incumbent Occupation: Attornev District: 34 Address: 4884 Cliff Dr. Rapid City, SD 57702 Home Phone: 605-343-0735 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: Health and Human Services, Judiciary, \*State Affairs



### Duhamel, Helene Party:

Republican Incumbent Occupation: Law Enforcement/ **Business Owner** 32 1622 West Blvd. Rapid City, SD 57701 Home Phone: 605-342-2078 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: \*\*Judiciary, Legislative Procedure, State Affairs, Transportation



Foster, Red	Dawn
Party:	Democrat
Status:	Incumbent
District:	27
Address:	PO Box 602
	Pine Ridge, SD
	57770
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations



Frye-Mueller, Julie		
Republican		
Incumbent		
Family Retail		
Business		
30		
23764 Wallace St.		
Rapid City, SD		
57702		
605-342-2782		
605-773-3821		



Hoffman, Brent "B.R." Party: Republican

Status: New Member Occupation: Writer District: 09 PO Box 335 Address: Hartford, SD 57033-0335 605-773-3821 Pierre Phone: Committees: Commerce and Energy, Judiciary, Military and Veterans Affairs, \*Taxation



Hunhoff, Jean Party: Republican Status: Incumbent Occupation: Registered Nurse/ Small Business Owner District: 18 Address: 2511 Mulligan Dr. Yankton, SD 57078 Home Phone: 605-665-1463 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 \*\*Committee on Committees: Appropriations, Government Operations and Audit



# Johnson, David

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Arborist/Tree Nurseryman/Comm. Pilot 33 PO Box 3403 Rapid City, SD 57709 Home Phone: 605-209-0555 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Commerce and Energy, Local Government, \*\*Military and Veterans Affairs, Transportation



lumb, Joshua	
arty:	Republican
atus:	Incumbent
ccupation:	Farmer/Technical
	Director
strict:	20
dress:	1707 Westview Dr
	Mitchell, SD 57301
erre Phone:	605-773-3821
ommittees:	Agriculture and
	Natural Resources,
	Taxation,
	**Transportation



#### Kolbeck, Jack R. Party: Republican Status: Incumbent Occupation: KAM-Beal Dist. Inc. District: 13 Address: 1124 E. Plum Creek Rd. Sioux Falls, SD 57105 Home Phone: 605-332-6490 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: Committee on Appropriations, Legislative Procedure, Military and Veterans Affairs



### Kolbeck, Steve P

KOIDECK, Ste	246
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Principal Manager -
	Xcel Energy
District:	02
Address:	713 S. 5th Ave.
	Brandon, SD 57005
Home Phone:	605-582-8600
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, *Education,
	Local Government



Larson, Liz Party:

Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Democrat New Member Independent Consultant/ Economic Development 10 2013 S. Main Ave. Sioux Falls, SD 57105 Home Phone: 605-310-3317 605-773-3821 Agriculture and Natural Resources, Education, Local Government, \*Transportation

# Manual of the Legislature



Maher, Ryan M.	
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Insurance Agent/
	Business Owner
District:	28
Address:	PO Box 237
	Isabel, SD 57633
Home Phone:	605-466-2080
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations,
	Legislative
	Procedure



### Mehlhaff, Jim Party: Re

Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Retired
District:	24
Address:	1014 W. Capitol Ave.
	Pierre, SD 57501
Home Phone:	605-280-3274
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Agriculture and
	Natural Resources,
	Judiciary, *Local
	Government,
	*Retirement Laws



## Nesiba, Reynold F.

Party:	
Status:	
Occupation:	
District:	
Address:	

Committees:

Democrat Incumbent Economics Professor 15 802 S. Willow Ave. Sioux Falls, SD 57104-4543 Home Phone: 605-371-6311 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Commerce and Energy, Government Operations and Audit, Legislative Procedure, Retirement Laws, State Affairs



Novstrup, Al

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Family Entertainment Center Manager 03 1705 Northview Ln. Aberdeen, SD 57401-2268 Home Phone: 605-360-9711 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Agriculture and Natural Resources, Health and Human Services, Taxation



### Otten, Herman Party: Ren

iun
Republican
Incumbent
Construction
06
PO Box 325
Tea, SD 57064
605-773-3821
**Agriculture and
Natural Resources,
Taxation



## Pischke, Tom

Party:	Republican
Status:	Other House
Occupation:	Insurance
District:	25
Address:	503 E. 12th St.
	Dell Rapids, SD
	57022
Home Phone:	605-999-2948
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Education, Local
	Government

### Manual of the Legislature



Reed, Tim Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Other House Former Mayor of Brookings/Economic **Development CEO** 07 1409 Whitetail Path Brookings, SD 57006 605-773-3821 Education, Government Operations and Audit, Health and Human Services, \*\*Local Government



Rohl, Michael

Party: Republican Incumbent Status: Occupation: General Manager District: 01 38635 129th St. Address: Aberdeen, SD 57401 605-773-3821 Pierre Phone: Committees: Health and Human Services, Judiciary, State Affairs



### Schoenbeck, Lee Party:

Republican Incumbent Status: Occupation: Attornev District: 05 1200 Mickelson Address: Drive, Suite 310 Watertown, SD 57201 Home Phone: 605-882-0612 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: Commerce and Energy, \*\*Legislative Procedure, State Affairs



Schoenfish, Kyle Party: Republican Incumbent Status: Certified Public Occupation: Accountant:CPA District: 19 Address: 42472 Maxwell Rd. Scotland, SD 57059 Home Phone: 605-660-6468 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 \*\*Education, Committees: Taxation, Transportation



Stalzer, Jim	
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Retired
District:	11
Address:	5909 W. Bristol Dr.
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57106
Home Phone:	605-838-0354
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3821
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, *Judiciary,
	Military and
	Veterans Affairs,

\*\*Taxation



Tobin, Erin Party: Status: Occupation: District:

Address:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Nurse Practitioner/ Rancher 21 921 E. 5th Street Winner, SD 57580 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Agriculture and Natural Resources, \*\*Health and Human Services, State Affairs



Wheeler, David Party:

Status:

District:

Address:

Republican Incumbent Occupation: Attornev 22 PO Box 1363 Huron, SD 57350 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 \*\*Commerce and Committees: Energy, \*Government Operations and Audit, Judiciary, Legislative Procedure, State Affairs



Wiik, John

Party: Republican Incumbent Status: Occupation: Parts Manager District: 04 103 3rd Ave. Address: Big Stone City, SD 57216 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: Committee on Appropriations



Wink, Dean Republican Party: Other House Status: Rancher Occupation: District: 29 Address: PO Box 137 Howes, SD 57748 Home Phone: 605-985-5240 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3821 Committees: Committee on Appropriations, \*\*Government Operations and Audit



Zikmund, Larry P. Party:

Address: Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Incumbent Retired 14 2405 E. 52nd St. Sioux Falls, SD 57103 605-773-3821 Committee on Appropriations, \*Military and Veterans Affairs, Retirement Laws

# SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES

\*\*Denotes Chair \*Denotes Vice Chair

Agriculture and Natural Resources (7 Members) Room 423 T,Th 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Otten (Herman), \*Deibert, Klumb, Larson, Mehlhaff, Novstrup, Tobin

Commerce and Energy (9 Members) Room 412 T,Th 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Wheeler, \*Beal, Crabtree, Hoffman, Johnson, Kolbeck (Steve), Nesiba, Schoenbeck, Stalzer

Committee on Appropriations (9 Members) Room 362 M - F 8:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Hunhoff, \*Breitling, Bolin, Foster, Kolbeck (Jack), Maher, Wiik, Wink, Zikmund

Education (7 Members)Room 423T,Th 7:45 AM-9:45 AM\*\*Schoenfish, \*Kolbeck (Steve), Bordeaux,Davis, Larson, Pischke, Reed

Government Operations and Audit (5 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair \*\*Wink, \*Wheeler, Hunhoff, Nesiba, Reed

Health and Human Services (7 Members) Room 412 M,W,F 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Tobin, \*Davis, Bordeaux, Diedrich, Novstrup, Reed, Rohl

Judiciary (7 Members) Room 413 T,Th 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Duhamel, \*Stalzer, Diedrich, Hoffman, Mehlhaff, Rohl, Wheeler Legislative Procedure (7 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair \*\*Schoenbeck, \*Crabtree, Duhamel, Kolbeck (Jack), Maher, Nesiba, Wheeler

### Local Government (7 Members) Room 412 M,W,F 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Reed, \*Mehlhaff, Deibert, Johnson, Kolbeck (Steve), Larson, Pischke

# Military and Veterans Affairs (5 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair

\*\*Johnson, \*Zikmund, Hoffman, Kolbeck (Jack), Stalzer

Retirement Laws (5 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair \*\*Bolin, \*Mehlhaff, Deibert, Nesiba, Zikmund

### State Affairs (9 Members) Room 414 M,W,F 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Crabtree, \*Diedrich, Davis, Duhamel, Nesiba,

Rohl, Schoenbeck, Tobin, Wheeler

Taxation (7 Members)Room 423M,W,F 10:00 AM-12:00 PM**\*\*Stalzer, \*Hoffman,** Bordeaux, Klumb,Novstrup, Otten (Herman), Schoenfish

Transportation (7 Members) Room 423 M,W,F 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Klumb, \*Larson, Beal, Deibert, Duhamel, Johnson, Schoenfish

## SENATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

NAME	POSITION	CITY
Larry Rhoden	President	Union Center
Lee Schoenbeck	President Pro Tempore	Watertown
Peggy Laurenz	Secretary of the Senate	Pierre
Mike Oakland	Assistant to the Secretary of the Senate	Pierre
Janelle Toman	Assistant to the Secretary of the Senate	Pierre
Craig Wexler	Chief Chaplain	Pierre
Gerry Barnes-Baucom	Appropriations Secretary	Pierre
Susan Anderson	Committee Secretary	Sioux Falls
Jean Denton	Committee Secretary	Pierre
Susan Gullickson	Committee Secretary	Pierre
Mary Kirk	Committee Secretary	Pierre
Doug Mortenson	Committee Secretary	Pierre
David Bonde	Sergeant at Arms	Ft. Pierre
Gary Hoscheid	Assistant Sergeant at Arms	Pierre
Mike Fugitt	Assistant Sergeant at Arms	Pierre

# SENATE

# Interns

Joshua Brown	Corryton, TN
Joshua Chase	Vermillion
Jordan Christensen	Vermillion
Sarah Cox	Vermillion
Marcus Hluchy	Vermillion
Ubah Mahamed	Sioux City, IA
Rachel Overstreet	Vermillion
Jorja Whempner	Aberdeen
Paige Willett	Sioux Falls

## Aide

Caleb StorkBr	ookings
---------------	---------

# Pages - 1st Term

Elly Broers	Pierre
Ayden Calvert	Watertown
Addison Huber	Yankton
Gabriyelle Irving	Pierre
Neva Mikkelsen	Gettysburg
Emma Peterson	Vienna
Ariel Schatz	New Leipzig
Ty Sullivan	Watertown
Mily Vasquez	Gettysburg

# Pages - 2nd Term

Chloe Blom	Yankton
Ashley Bondesen	Lennox
Alexa Comes	Watertown
Chloe Culver	Huron
Kaia Day	Meadow
Lowell Gillespie	Hudson
Chloe Heermann	Brookings
Jack Jerde	Reva
Miranda Maas	Aberdeen
Elijah Morrissette	Redfield

Jadeyn ReinerSpea
-------------------

# Pages - 3rd Term

Quinn Alt	Sioux Falls
Jamie Bacon	Tripp
Trey Dunse	Webster
Rebecca Feldhaus	Howard
Lily Fods	Colton
Nicholas Gray	Fort Pierre
Madelyn Hinkelman	Summit
Bridgett Lemmel	Faith
Eliot Nielsen	Hartford
Nicole Steffensen	Arlington
Malachi Swift	Burke

## Pages - 4th Term

Patrick Barnett	Sioux Falls
Jillian Bauer	Summit
Chasety Christensen	Huron
Cameron Cutshaw	Huron
Dakota Jensen	Hoven
Lauren Murphy	Hartford
Hayden Otten	Lennox
Addison Pearl	Miller
Baylie Somsen	Webster
Landon Stefani	Worthing
Connor Wilk	Big Stone City

# Pages - 5th Term

Lance Dannenbring	Yankton
Liberty Harrington	Fort Pierre
Mya Heintzman	Aberdeen
Graham Lightfield	Milbank
Madisyn Raymond	Ethan
Halle Swenson	Sioux Falls

# HOUSE MEMBERS NINETY-NINTH SESSION, 2024

\*\*Denotes Chair \*Denotes Vice Chair



### Arlint, Amber Republican

Party: Status:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees.

New Member Occupation: Insurance Agency Owner 12 4800 S Louise Ave Box 208 Sioux Falls, SD 57106 605-773-3851 Commerce and Energy, Education

Auch, Julie K.

Party: Status: Occupation: Owner District: 18 Address:

Committees:

Republican New Member Farmer/Business PO Box 1096 Yankton, SD 57078 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Agriculture and Natural Resources, Local Government, Military and Veterans Affairs



Aylward, Aaron

Republican Party: Incumbent Status: Recruiter Occupation: District: 06 Address: 609 Kent St. Harrisburg, SD 57032 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Local Government, Military and Veterans Affairs, Taxation



Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican New Member Municipal Finance Officer 19 PO Box 522 Alexandria, SD 57311 605-773-3851 Commerce and Energy, Local Government



Bartels, Hugh M. Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Incumbent **Retired Community** Banker 05 1244 N. Maple Watertown, SD 57201 Home Phone: 605-868-1381 605-773-3851 \*Government Operations and Audit, \*\*Legislative Procedure. \*\*Retirement Laws, State Affairs



Blare, Rocky Republican Party: Incumbent Status: Occupation: Retired District: 21 31176 269th St. Address: Ideal, SD 57541 Home Phone: 605-842-1617 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: State Affairs, \*\*Transportation



Callies, Byron I. Republican Party: New Member Status: Occupation: Retired Military/ Retired Energy Industry District: 05 Address: 1332 20th St NE Watertown, SD 57201 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: Commerce and Energy, Education, Local Government, Military and Veterans Affairs



Cammack, Gary Party: Republican Status: Other Hous Occupation: Rancher District: 29 Address: PO Box 100

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Other House Rancher 29 PO Box 100 Union Center, SD 57787 605-773-3851 Health and Human Services, Legislative Procedure, State Affairs



k
Republican
Incumbent
Retired
29
PO Box 280
Whitewood, SD
57793
605-773-3851
State Affairs,
**Taxation



Chase, Roge	er
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Farmer/Real Estate
	Broker
District:	22
Address:	20451 398th Ave.
	Huron, SD 57350
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	**Agriculture and
	Natural Resources,
	State Affairs

P S C

Ľ A

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## DeGroot, Roger

Degroot, RC	iyei
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Retired Educator
District:	07
Address:	1925 Oriole Trail
	Brookings, SD
	57006-6614
Home Phone:	605-360-0644
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Education, Taxation



## Derby, Mike Party: Republican Status: Incumbent Occupation: Commercial Real Estate Broker Associate District: 34 Address: 3912 Park Drive Rapid City, SD 57702 Home Phone: 605-381-0992 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: \*\*Committee on Appropriations



## Deutsch, Fred Part

auscii, i i	eu
ty:	Republican
itus:	Incumbent
cupation:	Retired
trict:	04
dress:	16452 449th Ave.
	Florence, SD 57235
rre Phone:	605-773-3851
nmittees:	*Education, Health
	and Human
	Services, Military
	and Veterans Affairs



## Donnell, Joe

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Committees:

Republican New Member Business Owner/ College Outreach Coordinator 01 PO Box 145 Sisseton, SD 57262 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Commerce and Energy, Health and Human Services



Drury, Beck	y J.
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Retired
District:	34
Address:	1 Wyoming St.
	Rapid City, SD
	57701
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	**Local
	Government,
	Military and
	Veterans Affairs,
	State Affairs



## Duba, Linda

Party:	Democrat
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Retired
District:	15
Address:	421 N. Phillips Ave.,
	Apt. 309
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57104
Home Phone:	605-610-6590
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations,
	Government
	Operations and
	Audit



Duffy, Steve	
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Property
	Management
District:	32
Address:	1622 West Blvd.
	Rapid City, SD
	57701
Home Phone:	605-342-2078
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, Taxation,
	Transportation



Ε.
Democrat
New Member
Paramedic
26A
PO Box 321
Rosebud, SD 57570
605-773-3851
Education,
Transportation



## Fitzgerald, Mary J.

Republican Party: Status: Incumbent Self Employed Occupation: District: 31 PO Box 341 Address: Spearfish, SD 57783 Home Phone: 605-641-2045 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Judiciary, \*Local Government



Gross, Randy Party: R

Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Incumbent Farmer/Retired Banker 25 48006 221st St. Elkton, SD 57026 605-773-3851 Agriculture and Natural Resources, Military and Veterans Affairs, \*Transportation



Hansen, Jor	n
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Lawyer
District:	25
Address:	47484 Dells Dr.
	Dell Rapids, SD
	57022
Home Phone:	605-610-8063
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	**Judiciary, State
	Affairs



Healy, Erin Party: Democrat Status: Incumbent Occupation: Patient Experience Strategist District: 10 Address: 911 S. 2nd Ave. Sioux Falls, SD 57104-5005 Home Phone: 605-212-9597 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Health and Human Services, Legislative Procedure, State Affairs



Heermann, Mellissa	
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Revenue Cycle
	Director
District:	07
Address:	860 Regency Ct.
	Brookings, SD
	57006-2903
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Education, Health
	and Human Services



Jamison, Gr	eg
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Real Estate Broker
	Associate
District:	12
Address:	6300 S. Grand
	Prairie Dr.
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57108
Home Phone:	605-310-1930
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Local Government,
	*Taxation



## Jensen, Kevin D.

Republican
Incumbent
Business Owner
16
27808 484th Ave.
Canton, SD 57013
605-366-6947
605-773-3851
**Health and
Human Services,
Transportation



Jensen, Phil

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Republican Incumbent Small Business Owner 33 10215 Pioneer Ave. Rapid City, SD 57702 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Education, Taxation



Karr, Chris	
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Self Employed
District:	11
Address:	7421 W. Luke Dr.
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57106
Home Phone:	605-695-0391
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations



#### Kassin, Chris Party: Republican Status: New Member Occupation: Nonprofit Administration District: 17 Address: 312 Joplin St. Vermillion, SD 57069 Home Phone: 605-670-9698 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Committee on Appropriations



Koth, Lance	R.
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Retired Banker
District:	20
Address:	1311 Firesteel Dr.
	Mitchell, SD 57301
Home Phone:	605-770-3293
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations

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Krohmer, Ben

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Committees:

Republican New Member Business Owner/ Plumbing and Heating Contractor 20 507 E 16th Ave. Mitchell, SD 57301-1153 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Commerce and Energy, Transportation



Krull, Dennis		
Party:	Republican	
Status:	New Member	
Occupation:	Retired Business	
	Man	
District:	30	
Address:	PO Box 232	
	Hill City, SD 57745	
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851	
Committees:	Committee on	
	Appropriations	



**Kull, David** Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican New Member Retired Law Enforcement/City Council Member 02 408 N. Sunday Dr. Brandon, SD 57005 605-773-3851 Health and Human Services, Judiciary



## Ladner, Trish Party: Status:

Republican Incumbent Occupation: Business Owner 30 12567 Pine Shadows Rd. Hot Springs, SD 57747 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Agriculture and Natural Resources, Local Government



## Lems, Karla J.

Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Business Owner
District:	16
Address:	47980 281st St.
	Canton, SD 57013
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Agriculture and
	Natural Resources,

Local Government



_esmeister,	Oren L.
Party:	Democrat
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Farmer/Rancher/Ag
	Business Owner
District:	28A
Address:	HC 76 Box 23
	Parade, SD 57625
Home Phone:	605-964-3023
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	State Affairs



-

Massie, Curt		
Party:	Republican	
Status:	New Member	
Occupation:	SD State & Local	
	Tax Consultant	
District:	33	
Address:	8041 Clarkson Rd.	
	Rapid City, SD	
	57702	
Home Phone:	605-389-7345	
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851	
Committees:	Judiciary, Taxation	



May, Liz	
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Rancher/Small
	Business Owner
District:	27
Address:	20261 BIA 2
	Kyle, SD 57752
Home Phone:	605-455-2588
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Taxation,

Transportation



Mills, John Party: Republican Status: Incumbent Occupation: Construction/Real Estate Development District: 08 Address: 1323 Main Ave. S. Brookings, SD 57006 Home Phone: 605-826-4290 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Committee on Appropriations



Moore, Scott	
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Manager/CEO FEM
	Electric Association
District:	23
Address:	PO Box 192
	Ipswich, SD 57451
Home Phone:	605-216-2617
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Education, Health
	and Human
	Services, Military
	and Veterans Affairs



Mortenson, Will Party: Repu

Republican Incumbent Status: Occupation: Attorney/Cow Hand District: 24 PO Box 190 Address: Fort Pierre, SD 57532 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Legislative Procedure, \*\*State Affairs



Mulally, Tin	a L.
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Homemaker/Sr
	Business Owne
District:	35
Address:	6390 Long Viev
	Rapid City, SD
	57703
Home Phone:	605-393-1337

Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851

Small ner ew Rd. C Committees: Commerce and Energy, Transportation

## Mulder, Brian

411
Republican
New Member
11
2200 S. Oxford Ave.
Sioux Falls, SD
57106-0574
605-610-6274
605-773-3851
Education, Health
and Human Services

## 47



## Nelson Kameron

Neison, Kan	
Party:	Democrat
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Philanthropy
District:	10
Address:	221 W 23rd St.
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57105
Home Phone:	605-496-9655
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, Health and
	Human Services,
	Retirement Laws



## **Odenbach**, Scott

Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Attorney
District:	31
Address:	PO Box 998
	Spearfish, SD 57783
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
o	

Committees: Education, Judiciary



## Otten, Ernie Par

otten, Lime	-
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Carpenter/Retired
District:	06
Address:	46787 273rd St.
	Tea, SD 57064
Home Phone:	605-368-5716
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Committee on
	Appropriations,
	**Government
	Operations and
	Audit



## Overweg, Marty

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Aq Businessman/ Farmer 21 PO Box 24 New Holland, SD 57364 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 \*Agriculture and Natural Resources, Local Government



Perry, Carl E. Republican Party: Incumbent Status: Retired Education/ Occupation: Collection Management District: 03 Address: 2722 Railroad Cir. Aberdeen, SD 57401-5347 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: \*Commerce and Energy, Retirement

Laws, Taxation

## Peterson, Drew

Republican Party: Status: New Member Occupation: Farmer/Rancher District: 19 44174 245th St. Address: Salem, SD 57058 Home Phone: 605-247-3043 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: Agriculture and Natural Resources. Government Operations and Audit, Transportation



Peterson, Sue		
Party:	Republican	
Status:	Incumbent	
Occupation:	Former Banker/	
	Track Coach	
District:	13	
Address:	6405 S. Killarney	
	Cir.	
	Sioux Falls, SD	
	57108	
Home Phone:	605-371-1668	
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851	
Committees:	Local Government,	
	Taxation	



## Pinnow, Neal

Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Owner/Operator of
	Hausauer Seamless
	Products LLC
District:	28B
Address:	311 6th Ave. W
	Lemmon, SD 57638
Home Phone:	605-374-3205
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, Retirement
	Laws, Taxation



Pourier, Peri Party: Democrat Status: Incumbent Occupation: Small Business Owner 27 District: Address: 14946 Back Country Trl. Rapid City, SD 57703 Home Phone: 605-877-1238 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Judiciary, Military and Veterans Affairs, Taxation



Randolph, Tony		
Party:	Republican	
Status:	Incumbent	
Occupation:	<b>Electrical Contractor</b>	
District:	35	
Address:	5530 Colvin Ct.	
	Rapid City, SD	
	57703	
Home Phone:	605-863-6239	
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851	
Committees:	Taxation,	
	Transportation	



## Rehfeldt, Taylor Party:

Status:

District:

Republican Incumbent Occupation: Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist 14 2525 E. Old Orchard Address: Trl Sioux Falls, SD 57103-4353 Home Phone: 605-391-4378 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 \*Health and Human Committees: Services, Legislative Procedure, \*State Affairs



Reimer, Rebecca Party: Status: Occupation:

Pierre Phone:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent

District: Address:

Business Owner/ **Financial Services** 26B 138 S. Main St. Chamberlain, SD 57325 605-773-3851 Judiciary, State Affairs



Reisch, Tim Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican New Member Retired Sheriff/ Corrections/National Guard 08 703 S Main St. Howard, SD 57349-8730 Home Phone: 605-579-0349 605-773-3851 Education, Government Operations and Audit, Judiciary, \*\*Military and

Veterans Affairs

## Sauder, Stephanie



Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Republican New Member Aa Producer/Retired K-12 Educator 04 PO Box 94 Bryant, SD 57221-0094 Home Phone: 605-628-2732 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Agriculture and Committees: Natural Resources, Education, Military and Veterans Affairs



## Schaefbauer, Brandei

Party: Status: Occupation: District: Address:

Committees:

Republican New Member Wife/Mother 03 2425 Pheasant Run Blvd. Aberdeen, SD 57401-0101 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Health and Human Services, Transportation



## Schneider, Lynn

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone: Committees:

Republican Incumbent Retired Community Banker 22 900 Beach Ave. N.E. Huron, SD 57350 Home Phone: 605-354-2640 605-773-3851 Agriculture and Natural Resources, Commerce and Energy



## Shorma, William Ρ

Shorma, wi	IIIdiii
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Business Owner
District:	17
Address:	21 Spanish Bay
	Dakota Dunes, SD
	57049
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Commerce and
	Energy, Military and
	Veterans Affairs,
	Transportation



### Sjaarda, John Party: Republican Status: New Member Occupation: Farmer District: 02 115 Lynx St. Address: Valley Springs, SD 57068 Home Phone: 605-321-4073 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Agriculture and Natural Resources, Local Government



Soye, Bethany		
Party:	Republican	
Status:	Incumbent	
Occupation:	Mother/Attorney/	
	Banking	
District:	09	
Address:	PO Box 84124	
	Sioux Falls, SD	
	57118	
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851	
Committees:	Education, Judiciary	



St. John, Tamara		
Republican		
Incumbent		
Archivist		
01		
702 Old Agency Dr. #142		
Sisseton, SD 57262		
605-268-0920		
605-773-3851		
Agriculture and		
Natural Resources,		
Judiciary		



## Stevens, Mike Par

Stevens, m	KC .
Party:	Republican
Status:	Incumbent
Occupation:	Attorney
District:	18
Address:	214 Marina Del Ave.
	Yankton, SD 57078
Home Phone:	605-661-0057
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	**Education,
	*Judiciary,
	*Legislative
	Procedure



Teunissen, Kenneth Republican

Party: Status: Occupation: District: Address:

Committees:

New Member Retired 09 7908 W Alexandra St Sioux Falls, SD 57106 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Judiciary, \*Military and Veterans Affairs, Transportation



## Tordsen, Tyler Par

Torusen, Ty	lei
Party:	Republican
Status:	New Member
Occupation:	Economic
	Development CEO
District:	14
Address:	4705 E Tiger Lilly St.
	Sioux Falls, SD
	57110
Home Phone:	605-610-8884
Pierre Phone:	605-773-3851
Committees:	Education, Judiciary



## Venhuizen, Tony

Party: Republican Status: New Member Occupation: Attornev District: 13 Address: 119 W. Carmel Ln. Sioux Falls, SD 57108 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: \*Committee on Appropriations, Legislative Procedure



## Wangsness, James D.

Republican Party: Status: New Member Occupation: Farmer/Rancher District: 23 Address: 20211 355th Ave. Miller, SD 57362 Home Phone: 605-853-3493 605-773-3851 Pierre Phone: Committees: Agriculture and Natural Resources, Military and Veterans Affairs, State Affairs



## Weisgram, Mike

Party: Status: Occupation:

District: Address:

Pierre Phone:

Committees:

Republican Incumbent Retired Retailer/ **Business Owner** 24 114 Port Charlotte Ave. Fort Pierre, SD 57532 Home Phone: 605-280-0294 605-773-3851 \*\*Commerce and Energy, Health and Human Services, \*Retirement Laws



Wittman, Kadyn Party:

Democrat Status: New Member Occupation: Development Director District: 15 Address: 317 S. Phillips Ave., Apt. 201 Sioux Falls, SD 57104 Pierre Phone: 605-773-3851 Committees: Agriculture and Natural Resources, Local Government

## HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES

\*\*Denotes Chair \*Denotes Vice Chair

Agriculture and Natural Resources (13 Members) Room 414 T,Th 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Chase, \*Overweg, Auch, Gross, Ladner, Lems, Peterson (Drew), Sauder, Schneider, Sjaarda, St. John, Wangsness, Wittman

Commerce and Energy (13 Members) Room 464 M,W,F 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Weisgram, \*Perry, Arlint, Bahmuller, Callies, Donnell, Duffy, Krohmer, Mulally, Nelson, Pinnow, Schneider, Shorma

Committee on Appropriations (9 Members) Room 362 M - F 8:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Derby, \*Venhuizen, Duba, Karr, Kassin, Koth, Krull, Mills, Otten (Ernie)

Education (15 Members) Room 413 M,W,F 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Stevens, \*Deutsch, Arlint, Callies, DeGroot, Emery, Heermann, Jensen (Phil), Moore, Mulder, Odenbach, Reisch, Sauder, Soye, Tordsen

Government Operations and Audit (5 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair \*\*Otten (Ernie), \*Bartels, Duba, Peterson (Drew), Reisch

Health and Human Services (13 Members) Room 412 T,Th 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Jensen (Kevin), \*Rehfeldt, Cammack, Deutsch, Donnell, Healy, Heermann, Kull, Moore, Mulder, Nelson, Schaefbauer, Weisgram Judiciary (13 Members) Room 413 M,W,F 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Hansen, \*Stevens, Fitzgerald, Kull, Massie, Odenbach, Pourier, Reimer, Reisch, Soye, St. John, Teunissen, Tordsen

## Legislative Procedure (7 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair

**\*\*Bartels, \*Stevens,** Cammack, Healy, Mortenson, Rehfeldt, Venhuizen

## Local Government (13 Members) Room 414 T,Th 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Drury, \*Fitzgerald, Auch, Aylward, Bahmuller, Callies, Jamison, Ladner, Lems, Overweg, Peterson (Sue), Sjaarda, Wittman

## Military and Veterans Affairs (13 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair

**\*\*Reisch, \*Teunissen,** Auch, Aylward, Callies, Deutsch, Drury, Gross, Moore, Pourier, Sauder, Shorma, Wangsness

## Retirement Laws (5 Members) Meets at the call of the Chair

\*\*Bartels, \*Weisgram, Nelson, Perry, Pinnow

State Affairs (13 Members) Room 414 M,W,F 7:45 AM-9:45 AM \*\*Mortenson, \*Rehfeldt, Bartels, Blare, Cammack, Chaffee, Chase, Drury, Hansen, Healy, Lesmeister, Reimer, Wangsness

# Taxation (13 Members)Room 464T,Th 7:45 AM-9:45 AM\*\*Chaffee, \*Jamison, Aylward, DeGroot, Duffy,<br/>Jensen (Phil), Massie, May, Perry, Peterson (Sue),<br/>Pinnow, Pourier, Randolph

## Transportation (13 Members) Room 413 T,Th 10:00 AM-12:00 PM \*\*Blare, \*Gross, Duffy, Emery, Jensen (Kevin), Krohmer, May, Mulally, Peterson (Drew), Randolph, Schaefbauer, Shorma, Teunissen

## HOUSE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

NAME	POSITION	CITY
Hugh M. Bartels	Speaker of the House	Watertown
Mike Stevens	Speaker Pro Tempore	Yankton
Patricia Miller	Chief Clerk of the House	Pierre
Mary Beth Fravel	Assistant to the Chief Clerk	Ft. Pierre
Shirleen Fugitt	Assistant to the Chief Clerk	Pierre
Judy Page	Assistant to the Chief Clerk	Pierre
Tamara Kintz	Secretary to the Majority Party	Pierre
Aubrey Hofmeister	Secretary to the Minority Party	Pierre
Leonard Chick	Appropriations Secretary	Pierre
Jean Denton	Committee Secretary	Pierre
Pam Kean	Committee Secretary	Pierre
Mary Kirk	Committee Secretary	Pierre
James Sapp	Committee Secretary	Bruce
Madisen Vetter	Committee Secretary	Aberdeen
James Smith	Sergeant at Arms	Pierre
Rollie Borth	Assistant Sergeant at Arms	Pierre

## HOUSE

## Interns

Brent Ekanger	Aberdeen
Finiasi Epapy	Harrisburg
Samantha Gavette	Monroe
Allison Gross	Vermillion
Ellie Hart	Mitchell
McKenzie Hofer	Hitchcock
Marissa Kjorness	Vermillion
Savannah Shrake	Aberdeen
Charles Streeter	Vermillion
Jonathon Sundet	Brookings
Karlie Ten Eyck	Egan
Ashlyne Utter	
Michael Wagenaar	

# Pages - 1st Term

Madison Johnson	Sioux Falls
Charlee Jorgensen	Lennox
Elie Land	Dell Rapids
Wyatt Lesmeister	Belle Fourche
Gracie Moore	Sioux Falls
Harlee Nielson	Tulare
Taylyn Rausch	Hoven
Raegan Taylor	Fort Pierre
Avery VanOverbeke	Big Stone City

## Pages - 2nd Term

Gunnar Albertsen	Elk Point
Ava Brown	Sioux Falls
Kate Hamilton	Wessington
Nicolette Hoffman	Armour
Mariela Hyzer	Hurley
Daniela Lee	Colman
Christina Messerli	Brookings
Katherine Palmer	Piedmont
Claire Pearman	Martin

Tristen Petrik	Platte
Kendra Saylor	Sioux Falls
Evelyn Torberson	Belle Fourche
Raelie Williams	Deadwood

## Pages - 3rd Term

Joseph Grady	Salem
Onica Graham	Sioux Falls
Elliot Hendrix	Rapid City
Paul Kaffar	Spencer
Emma Kilene	Worthing
Grant Masek	Sioux Falls
Eden Otten	Rapid City
Jayda Reinert	Wall
Taylor Reisch	Howard
Charley Stroh	Sioux Falls
Henry Thronson	Pierre
Samuel Weinheimer	Onida
Brooke Wright	Colman

## Pages - 4th Term

Jennifer Barnett	Wagner
Faith Gaye	Sioux Falls
Melody Gilkerson	Brookings
Rayden Haak	
Reese Hadrick	Faulkton
Rachel Heinemann	Flandreau
Rebecca Heinemann	Flandreau
Savanah Hendricks	Vivian
Henry Homstad	Yankton
Amelia Knutson	
Lucy Moon	Creighton
Sabrina Strand	Mount Vernon
Kevin Weller	Redfield

## Pages - 5th Term

Rebecca Bich	Cavour
Reagan Blackburn	Aberdeen
Whitewood	
-----------	
Aberdeen	
Wall	
Aberdeen	
Watertown	
Custer	
Bath	

# LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COUNCIL

The South Dakota Legislative Research Council (LRC) was established by action of the 1951 Legislature.

By statute, the LRC consists of all members of the Legislature. It is the function of the LRC to consider legislative policies between sessions. The council is directed by a fifteen-member executive board, consisting of eight representatives and seven senators. The executive board employs the Director and the Code Counsel.

### MISSION

The mission of the LRC is to provide to the members of the Legislature legal analysis, fiscal analysis, and advice in addition to research, drafting, and budget services in a professional, confidential, and nonpartisan manner.

### SERVICES WE PROVIDE TO LEGISLATORS

The staff of the LRC provides the following services to Legislators: bill and amendment drafting; research for the development of legislation; legal and fiscal research and analysis; federal and state case law research; legal and fiscal services for legislative committees; resolution drafting; and requests for attorney general opinions. These services will be provided on request to legislators and as part of legislative meetings including partisan caucuses.

The staff of the LRC will not provide the following services: policy advocacy; writing speeches; writing partisan press releases; compiling voting records; providing legal services to constituents or the public; and issuing official legal opinions.

# LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COUNCIL EMPLOYEES

### NAME

John McCullough

Kaitlvn Baucom Jacob Carlson Hilary Carruthers Michelle Devo-Amende **Bill Douglas** Melanie Dumdei **Bailey Fierro** Jamie Fry Justin Goetz Teddy Haislip Brandon Hartman Mitch Honan Kim Hunt Joslyn Jessop Joey Knofczynski Hillary Larsen Anna Madsen Jeff Mammenga Amanda Marsh Joleh McCullouah Jeff Mehlhaff Sharon Metzinger Lance Nixon Rachael Person Carol Richardson Elijah Rodriguez William Steward Anita Thomas Kelly Thompson

### TITLE

Interim Director/ Chief Research & Legal Analyst Administrative Specialist Research Analyst Legislative Systems Analyst Administrative Specialist Fiscal Analyst Legislative Attorney Administrative Specialist Network Administrator Code Counsel Senior Software Engineer Lead Software Engineer Fiscal Analyst Page Advisor Senior Fiscal Analyst Senior Fiscal Analyst Legislative Attorney Senior Research Analyst Documents Clerk Principal Research Analyst Administrative Specialist Chief Fiscal Analyst Text Editor Research Analyst Chief of Operations Business Manager Chief IT Officer Research Analyst Principal Legislative Attorney Supervisor of Text Editing Services

#### SENATE RULES Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1.	PRESIDING OFFICER
CHAPTER 2.	FLOOR PRIVILEGES, SEATING,
	AND MEETINGS
CHAPTER 3.	OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES
CHAPTER 4.	COMMITTEES
CHAPTER 5.	RULES
CHAPTER 6.	CONSENT CALENDAR
CHAPTER 7.	NOMINATIONS FROM THE
	GOVERNOR
CHAPTER 8.	DISCIPLINE AND EXPULSION OF
	MEMBERS

# CHAPTER 1. PRESIDING OFFICER

### **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

# Art. IV, § 5. Powers and duties of lieutenant governor.

The lieutenant governor shall be president of the senate but shall have no vote unless the senators be equally divided. The lieutenant governor shall perform the duties and exercise the powers that may be delegated to him by the Governor.

### RULES

**S1-1. Presiding officer.** The presiding officer of the Senate is the president pro tempore. The president pro tempore shall prescribe all Senate policies not otherwise provided by law or rule and shall perform all the duties of a presiding officer except for presiding over Senate floor sessions when the president of the Senate is present.

**S1-2. President of the Senate.** The lieutenant governor is the president of the Senate. The president shall preside over Senate floor sessions.

**S1-3. President pro tempore presides in absence of president.** If the president of the Senate is absent or unable to serve during a Senate floor session, the president pro tempore shall preside over the Senate. The acts of the president pro tempore have the same validity as those of the president.

**S1-4.** Presiding officer in absence of president and president pro tempore. If the president of the Senate and the president pro tempore are absent or unable to serve during a Senate floor session, any member called to the chair by the Senate may preside over the Senate. The acts of such a member have the same validity as those of the president.

**S1-5. Bill and joint resolution signing deadline.** When a bill or joint resolution is presented pursuant to Joint Rule 6G-8, the bill or joint resolution must be signed before the Senate adjourns on the legislative day after the bill or joint resolution is presented.

### CHAPTER 2. FLOOR PRIVILEGES, SEATING, AND MEETINGS

# S2-1. Repealed.

**S2-2. Seating assignments.** The president pro tempore of the Senate, with the advice of the minority leader, shall make the seating assignments for the floor of the Senate.

**S2-3. Hour of meeting.** The hour of meeting of the Senate is 2:00 p.m. on each legislative day unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

**S2-4. Introduction of honored guests.** Any Senator may, with the prior approval of the

president pro tempore, present honored guests for introduction on the floor of the chamber. Any honored guest should be a representative of some noteworthy event, charity, or benevolent organization or the recipient of some significant honor, title, or award and shall be briefly conducted onto the Senate floor from the legislators' side lobby. However, all such presentations may only occur during the first hour of business, and the honored guests may not address any remarks to the Senate. Introduction shall be made by the president of the Senate or the member presiding over the Senate floor session.

**S2-5. Time allowed for a member to speak.** No member may speak for longer than ten minutes on a pending subject. However, a member may speak an additional ten minutes if the time is yielded by another member of the body. Each member may speak on the pending subject before any member speaks twice. No member may speak more than twice on the same subject without the consent of a majority of the members present.

### S2-6. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 3. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

**S3-1. Elective officers.** The officers of the Senate are a president pro tempore of the Senate, who shall be a member of the body, a secretary of the Senate and such other officers necessary to conduct the business of the Senate, who shall be formally elected by a majority vote of the members-elect of the Senate. Employees necessary to conduct the business of the Senate shall be appointed by the president pro tempore and their appointment shall be announced at the opening of the session.

# CHAPTER 4. COMMITTEES

**S4-1. Standing committees.** The president of the Senate shall announce the members of the following standing committees after their selection by the president pro tempore with advice from the minority leader. The number of members is indicated after each committee:

- (1) Agriculture and Natural Resources (7)
- (2) Appropriations (9)
- (3) Commerce and Energy (9)
- (4) Education (7)
- (5) Government Operations and Audit (5)
- (6) Health and Human Services (7)
- (7) Judiciary (7)
- (8) Legislative Procedure (7)
- (9) Local Government (7)
- (10) Military and Veterans Affairs (5)
- (11) Retirement Laws (5)
- (12) State Affairs (9)
- (13) Taxation (7)
- (14) Transportation (7)

The president of the Senate is an ex officio member of the committee on legislative procedure.

**S4-2.** Chairs of standing committees. The president pro tempore of the Senate shall serve as the chair of the legislative procedure committee. For other committees, the member of a committee announced first is the chair. In the absence of the chair, the member announced next shall act as chair, and so on as often as necessary.

**S4-3. Referral of bills to committee.** Upon the first reading of a bill, the president pro tempore of the Senate or his designee shall assign that bill to an appropriate committee for hearing.

# S4-4. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 5. RULES

**S5-1. Adoption, suspension, or amendment of rules.** A motion to adopt the rules of the Senate shall be decided by a majority of the members-elect, subject to debate. A motion to suspend or amend a rule of the Senate shall be decided by a two-thirds majority of the members-elect, subject to debate.

**S5-2. Proceedings governed by Mason's Manual.** *Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure* governs the proceedings of the Senate in all cases not covered by these rules or the Joint Rules.

**S5-3. Conflicting rules.** If the Senate rules and the Joint Rules conflict, the Senate Rules govern.

# CHAPTER 6. CONSENT CALENDAR

**S6-1. Consent calendar.** Notwithstanding Joint Rule 13-1, a bill requiring a two-thirds vote of the members-elect may not be voted on the Senate consent calendar. If such a bill is placed on the Senate consent calendar, the president of the Senate or the member presiding shall order it removed and placed on the next legislative day's regular bill calendar.

**S6-2.** Approval of consent calendar is final disposition. Notwithstanding Joint Rule 13-4, after allowing a reasonable time for questions from the floor on the bills and resolutions on the consent calendar and after permitting the proponents to answer the questions, the president of the Senate shall call for a vote on the consent calendar. Approval of the consent calendar by a majority of the members-elect of the Senate is considered final

disposition of all the bills and resolutions on the consent calendar.

### CHAPTER 7. NOMINATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

S7-1. Confirmation procedure. Nominations from the Governor shall be referred to a standing or select committee. A committee receiving such a referral shall conduct hearings on the fitness and gualifications of the nominee to serve in the post for which the nominee has been nominated. After the hearings and subsequent deliberations, the committee shall report to the full Senate its recommendation that the nomination should or should not receive the consent of the Senate. Following the committee report, action on the confirmation shall be set for a day certain on the legislative calendar. In committee and on the floor, consideration of the Governor's appointments that require Senate confirmation shall take place in open session unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the body present.

**S7-2. Time for taking final action.** Final action on nominations by the Governor may not be taken until the second legislative day after receiving the nomination. This rule does not apply to a nomination received during the three final legislative days.

**S7-2.1. Uncontested nominations on consent calendar.** Each standing committee may report an uncontested nomination out of committee with recommendation that it be placed on the consent calendar where it shall be subject to Joint Rules 13-2, 13-3, and 13-4.

**S7-3.** Motion of advice and consent. On considering nominations from the Governor, the president of the Senate or the member presiding shall put the following question: "Does the Senate

advise and consent to the executive appointment of <u>(name)</u> pursuant to the executive message as found on page \_\_\_\_\_ of the Senate Journal?"

**S7-4.** Vote requirements. Confirmation of nominations from the Governor requires a majority vote of the members-elect.

**S7-5. Reconsideration of vote.** While a nomination from the Governor remains within the Senate, the members may reconsider any vote taken on it.

**S7-6. Written notice of final action.** Upon final action, the secretary of the Senate shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of the action of the body.

### CHAPTER 8.

# DISCIPLINE AND EXPULSION OF MEMBERS

S8-1. Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion. Any five Senators may by written motion first delivered to the president pro tempore move for the establishment of a Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion to investigate the conduct of any other Senator. Upon being seconded, the motion is debatable, and passage of the motion requires a majority vote of the members-elect. The Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be composed of nine members of the Senate. The chair and vice chair of the select committee shall be chosen by the president pro tempore and may not both be members of the same political party. The other seven members of the select committee shall be chosen by the president pro tempore in consultation with the majority leader and the minority leader. The party makeup of the select committee shall be proportional to the party makeup of the Senate.

**S8-1.1. Personnel Matters.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a two-thirds majority of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion determines that it is considering a personnel matter that is not appropriate to be considered in a public forum, the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall take appropriate measures to protect the employee, including meeting in closed session. In all circumstances, chair of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall inform the Senator who is the subject of the investigation of any executive session meetings and the Senator's right to be present at any such meeting.

**S8-2.** Meetings; notice; quorum; vote. All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be held in the Capitol. A majority of the members of the committee constitutes a quorum. The affirmative vote of majority of those present and voting, assuming a quorum, is required for actions of the committee.

All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion are open meetings in like manner to any other Senate committee meeting. All meetings shall be webcast and archived in like manner to any other Senate committee meeting.

All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be scheduled at times that are not in conflict with any other official Senate business. All members of the Senate have the right to be present during all of the select committee's meetings.

**S8-3. Oath.** Prior to consideration of any matter referred to it, except establishing a quorum, the members of the select committee shall subscribe to

the following oath, which shall be administered by the Secretary of the Senate.

"I do solemnly swear (affirm) that in all things appertaining to the matter referred to this select committee, I will do impartial justice according to the Constitution, laws, Joint Rules, and Senate Rules of the State of South Dakota. I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent upon me as a member of the Senate Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion in the aforesaid matter, according to the best of mv ability and understanding, so help me God."

**S8-4. Procedure in committee.** The Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall:

- Conduct all hearings in like manner to any other Senate committee meeting, and only after informing the member who is the subject of the hearing in writing, which may include electronic written communication, of the date and time of each meeting held for the purpose;
- (2) Invite the member who is the subject of the hearing to attend all meetings of the committee in person and to be accompanied by legal counsel, or to be represented at the hearings by legal counsel of the member's choice and at the member's own expense;
- (3) Afford the member full opportunity to present the member's position, to present witnesses in support of the member's position, and extend the opportunity to confront and to question witnesses called by the committee;

(4) Advise the member immediately of the date and time of each meeting, in cases where the committee adjourns prior to completing its work and submitting its report to the Senate.

If the Senate is called into special session for the express purpose of investigating the conduct of a Senator, the member is deemed to have received constructive notice within the provisions of this rule.

**S8-5.** Subpoena power; punishment for contempt. The select committee is hereby specifically and expressly granted the power and authority, with the written approval of the chair of the committee, or the approval of a majority of the members of the committee, to hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, require the production of books and records, and to do all other things necessary to accomplish the purpose of its hearings and deliberations.

If a subpoena is not honored, the select committee also has the power to punish for contempt and to provide for the prosecution of any person for refusal to testify, false swearing, or perjury before the select committee in accordance with law.

**S8-6.** Receipt of resignation; authority of the chair. If, prior to resolution of the investigation, a written resignation signed by the Senator who is the subject of the investigation has been received by the chair, the chair may terminate the meetings of the select committee.

**S8-7.** Select committee report. Any action to expel, censure, discipline, or exonerate a Senator shall be proposed in a select committee report of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion. If the select committee report calls for expulsion, censure, or discipline, the report shall set forth the causes

and grounds for which expulsion, censure, or discipline is being recommended by the Senate, and it shall state the particular form of action recommended to the Senate. If the select committee report calls for exoneration, the report shall set forth the reasons why exoneration is appropriate.

**S8-8. Procedure in the Senate.** Adoption of a select committee report for the expulsion of a Senator requires the favorable vote of a two-thirds majority of the elected members. Adoption of a select committee report for the censure or discipline of a Senator requires the favorable vote of a three-fifths majority of the elected members. Adoption of a select committee report for the exoneration of a Senator requires the favorable vote of a majority of the elected members.

# HOUSE RULES

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1.	PRESIDING OFFICER
CHAPTER 2.	DEBATE
CHAPTER 3.	COMMITTEES
CHAPTER 4.	RULES
CHAPTER 5.	VOTING PROCEDURE
CHAPTER 6.	DISCIPLINE AND EXPULSION OF
	MEMBERS
CHAPTER 7.	CONSENT CALENDAR

### CHAPTER 1. PRESIDING OFFICER

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

# § 2-5-3. Elective officers of house.

The elective officers of the House of Representatives shall be a speaker and a speaker pro tempore, who shall be members of that body, one chief clerk and such other officers as shall be necessary to properly conduct the business of the House of Representatives.

# § 2-5-3.1. Tie vote for organizing House of Representatives.

In the event that there is a tie vote for purposes of organizing the House of Representatives then, for the purposes of organization, the political party's candidate for speaker of the house, speaker pro tempore and clerk, then having a member of its party duly elected as the Governor of the State of South Dakota shall be deemed to be elected.

# RULES

**H1-1. Elective officers, employees.** The officers of the House of Representatives are a speaker, and a speaker pro tempore, who shall be members of the body, and a chief clerk and such other officers

necessary to conduct the business of the House, who shall be formally elected by a majority vote of the members-elect of the House. If there are two or more candidates for an elective office, the roll shall be called, and members shall state their candidate of choice. If there are three or more candidates and no candidate initially receives a majority vote of the members-elect of the House, the candidate receiving the fewest votes may not be considered in subsequent elections. Employees necessary to conduct the business of the House shall be appointed and announced by the speaker.

**H1-1.1. Organization of the House.** After the election of officers, the speaker may direct the electronic voting system will be used for questions pertaining to the organization of the House of Representatives.

**H1-1.2. Honorary Officer.** Any member of the House of Representatives who previously served as speaker shall hold the honorary title of Speaker Emeritus or Speaker Emerita.

H1-2. Actions of the speaker pro tempore, presiding officers. The speaker pro other tempore shall act as presiding officer of the House of Representatives if the speaker is absent or unable to serve. The acts of the speaker pro tempore have the same validity as those of the speaker. If the speaker and the speaker pro tempore are absent or unable to serve, any member called to the chair by the House of Representatives may serve as presiding officer. When in session, the presiding officer, in the absence of the speaker pro tempore, may designate any member to perform the duties of the presiding officer, but the designation may not extend beyond an adjournment. The member's actions have the same validity as those of the speaker.

**H1-3. Votes by the speaker.** The speaker shall vote on all questions taken by yeas and nays and shall vote in any election or division called for by any member. The speaker may, by relinquishing the chair, assume all rights and privileges of a member of the House.

**H1-4. Hour of meeting.** The hour of meeting of the House of Representatives is 2:00 p.m. on each legislative day unless otherwise ordered by the House.

**H1-5. Seating assignments.** The speaker of the House shall, with the advice of the majority and minority leaders, make seating assignments for the floor of the House of Representatives.

# CHAPTER 2. DEBATE

### H2-1. Time allowed for a member to speak.

- (1) The first time a member speaks on a pending subject, the member may speak for five minutes.
  - (a) The member may continue to speak for an additional five minutes on the same subject, if another member yields his or her time to speak.
  - (b) If the member wishes to continue to speak on the same subject longer than the time allowed under (1)(a), the member shall seek the consent of the majority of the members present and upon receiving such consent, the member may speak up to an additional ten minutes.

- (2) Any of the time to speak not used by a member in any five-minute period is forfeited by the member.
- (3) Each member may speak on the pending subject before any member speaks twice.
- (4) If a member speaks for a second time on the pending subject, the member may speak for an additional five minutes.
- (5) No member may speak more than twice on the same subject, without the consent of a majority of the members present.

Notwithstanding any of the limitations of this rule, when the debate on a bill or resolution appears to be closed, the prime sponsor of the bill or resolution may speak for an additional five minutes, unless a motion to call the previous question on final disposition of the bill or resolution has prevailed.

The time consumed by a member asking a question and the time consumed by the response shall be subtracted from the questioning member's time to speak. The time to speak remaining after the question and the response is not forfeited by the member who asked the question.

### CHAPTER 3. COMMITTEES

**H3-1. Appointment of Standing Committees** The speaker of the House of Representatives shall, with advice from the minority leader, appoint the members of the following standing committees with the number of members as indicated after each committee and shall appoint the chair and vice chair of each committee.

(1) Agriculture and Natural Resources (13)

- (2) Appropriations (9)
- (3) Commerce and Energy (13)
- (4) Education (15)
- (5) Government Operations and Audit (5)
- (6) Health and Human Services (13)
- (7) Judiciary (13)
- (8) Legislative Procedure (7)
- (9) Local Government (13)
- (10) Military and Veterans Affairs (13)
- (11) Retirement Laws (5)
- (12) State Affairs (13)
- (13) Taxation (13)
- (14) Transportation (13)

In the absence of the committee chair, the vice chair shall act as chair. The speaker and speaker pro tempore are members of the legislative procedure committee, and the speaker shall serve as chair of the legislative procedure committee.

**H3-2. Introductory remarks before motions.** No member making a motion in a committee pursuant to Joint Rules Chapter 7 may make introductory remarks prior to making a motion.

### CHAPTER 4. RULES

**H4-1. Adoption, suspension, or amendment of House rules.** A motion to adopt rules of the House of Representatives shall be decided by a majority of the members-elect and is subject to debate. A motion to suspend or amend a rule of the House of Representatives shall be decided by a two-thirds majority of the members-elect and is subject to debate.

**H4-2. Proceedings governed by Mason's Manual.** *Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure* governs the proceedings of the House of Representatives in all cases not covered by these rules or the Joint Rules.

**H4-3.** Conflicting rules. If the rules of the House of Representatives and the Joint Rules conflict, the rules of the House of Representatives govern.

### CHAPTER 5. VOTING PROCEDURE

**H5-1. Electronic voting system.** The electronic voting system is under the control of the presiding officer and shall be operated at the presiding officer's direction by the chief clerk or the chief clerk's designee. The names of the members shall be listed on the electronic roll call board in alphabetical order, except the name of the speaker of the House, which shall be last.

**H5-2.** Votes to be taken on the electronic system. On any question requiring the "yeas" and "nays" to be entered upon the journal, the electronic voting system shall be used. On any such question, neither individual votes nor vote totals may be displayed to any person including the presiding officer until the time for voting has expired and the voting system has been locked. If the electronic voting system is not in operating order at the time to vote on any such question, the presiding officer shall order that all "yea" and "nay" votes be taken by calling the roll in alphabetical order, except the name of the speaker of the House, which shall be last.

**H5-3. Other votes.** On all other questions to be voted upon, except upon elections, the presiding officer may order the "yeas" and "nays" to be taken by the electronic voting system, voice vote, or standing vote. Upon demand of a member requesting a division before the result of a vote has been announced by the presiding officer, the "yeas"

and "nays" may be taken by the electronic voting system.

**H5-4. Electronic voting system malfunctions.** The vote of any member which has not been recorded because of malfunction of the electronic voting system shall be entered upon the journal, if the member was in the House chamber at the time of the vote and voted at the appropriate time, and the malfunction is reported to the presiding officer before the presiding officer's announcement of the result of the vote.

**H5-5. Voting procedures.** When the House is ready to vote upon any question using the electronic voting system, the presiding officer shall state: "The question is . . . (designating the matter to be voted upon). All in favor of such question shall vote 'yea', all opposed shall vote 'nay'." The presiding officer shall then direct the chief clerk to unlock the voting system and announce, "The House will now proceed to vote."

When, in the judgment of the presiding officer, reasonable time has been allowed all members present in the House to vote, the presiding officer shall ask the question: "Have all members present voted?" After a pause, the presiding officer shall direct the chief clerk to record those members who are "Absent" or "Excused" and to lock the voting system after late votes, if any, are recorded, and to display and record the individual and total votes. The presiding officer shall then announce the vote. The chief clerk shall enter upon the journal the result in the manner provided by the joint rules of the Legislature.

**H5-6. Changing votes.** Any member may change a vote after the vote recording equipment has started to operate if the member rises and, when

recognized by the presiding officer, announces the change before the result of the vote has been announced by the presiding officer.

**H5-7. Voting records** On any question requiring the "yeas" and "nays" to be entered upon the journal, the chief clerk shall retain one copy of the recorded vote on the electronic voting system and provide it for purposes of the daily journal.

**H5-8.** Members to vote electronically from their desks, exceptions. A member may vote on the electronic voting system only when at the member's desk. However, the presiding officer may authorize the chief clerk to call the names of members who are on the floor but not at their desks at the time of a vote and to record the votes of such members on the electronic voting system. If a member other than the speaker of the House is presiding, the chief clerk shall switch the voting system to allow the designated member presiding to vote in the presiding officer's station.

**H5-9. Voting by proxy prohibited.** No member may vote for another member; nor may any other person cast a vote for a member, except as otherwise provided in these rules. Any member who votes or attempts to vote for another member, or a person not a member who votes or attempts to vote for a member, is in contempt of the House and may be punished pursuant to law.

**H5-10. Tampering with electronic voting equipment prohibited.** Any member or other person who willfully tampers with or attempts to disarrange, deface, impair or destroy in any manner whatsoever the electronic voting equipment used by the House of Representatives, or who instigates, aids or abets with the intent to destroy or change the record of votes thereon, is in contempt of the House and may be punished pursuant to law.

**H5-11. Voting machine for session use only.** The electronic voting equipment may only be used when the House of Representatives is in session.

### H5-12. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 6. DISCIPLINE AND EXPULSION OF MEMBERS

H6-1. Select Committee on Discipline and **Expulsion.** Any five Representatives may by written motion first delivered to the speaker move for the establishment of a Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion to investigate the conduct of any other Representative. Upon being seconded, the motion is debatable, and passage of the motion requires a majority vote of the members-elect. The Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be composed of nine members of the House of Representatives. The chair and vice chair of the select committee shall be chosen by the speaker of the House and may not both be members of the same political party. The other seven members of the select committee shall be chosen by the speaker of the House in consultation with the majority leader and the minority leader. The party makeup of the select committee must be proportional to the party makeup of the House of Representatives.

**H6-2. Meetings; notice; quorum; vote.** All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be held in the Capitol. A majority of the members of the committee constitutes a quorum. The affirmative vote of a majority of those present and voting, assuming a quorum, is required for actions of the committee.

All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion are open meetings in like manner to any other House of Representatives committee meeting. All meetings shall be webcast and archived in like manner to any other House of Representatives committee meeting.

All meetings of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall be scheduled at times that are not in conflict with any other official House of Representatives business. All members of the House of Representatives have the right to be present during all of the select committee's meetings.

**H6-3. Oath.** Prior to consideration of any matter referred to it, except establishing a quorum, the members of the select committee shall subscribe to the following oath, which shall be administered by the chief clerk of the House of Representatives:

"I do solemnly swear (affirm) that in all things appertaining to the matter referred to this select committee. I will do impartial justice according to the Constitution, laws, Joint Rules, and House Rules of the State of South Dakota. I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent upon me as a member of the House Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion in the aforesaid matter, the best ability according to of my and understanding, so help me God."

**H6-4. Procedure in committee.** The Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion shall:

 Conduct all hearings in like manner to any other House of Representatives committee meeting, and only after informing the member who is the subject of the hearing in writing of the date and time of each meeting held for the purpose;

- (2) Invite the member who is the subject of the hearing to attend all meetings of the committee in person and to be accompanied by legal counsel, or to be represented at the hearings by legal counsel of the member's choice and at the member's own expense;
- (3) Afford the member full opportunity to present the member's position, to present witnesses in support of the member's position, and extend the opportunity to confront and to question witnesses called by the committee;
- (4) Advise the member immediately of the date and time of each meeting, in cases where the committee adjourns prior to completing its work and submitting its report to the House of Representatives.

If the House of Representatives is called into special session for the express purpose of investigating the conduct of a Representative, the member is deemed to have received constructive notice within the provisions of this rule.

**H6-5.** Subpoena power; punishment for contempt. The select committee is hereby specifically and expressly granted the power and authority, with the written approval of the chair of the committee, to hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, require the production of books and records, and to do all other things necessary to accomplish the purpose of its hearings and deliberations.

If a subpoena is not honored, the select committee also has the power to punish for contempt and to provide for the prosecution of any person for refusal to testify, false swearing, or perjury before the select committee in accordance with law.

**H6-6.** Receipt of resignation; authority of the chair. If, prior to resolution of the investigation, a written resignation signed by the Representative who is the subject of the investigation has been received by the chair, the chair may terminate the meetings of the select committee.

H6-7. Select committee report. Any action to expel, censure, discipline, or exonerate а Representative shall be proposed in a select committee report of the Select Committee on Discipline and Expulsion. If the select committee report calls for expulsion, censure, or discipline, the report shall set forth the causes and grounds for which expulsion, censure, or discipline is being recommended by the House of Representatives, and state the particular form it shall of action recommended to the House of Representatives. If the select committee report calls for exoneration, report shall set forth the the reasons whv exoneration is appropriate.

H6-8. Procedure in the House of **Representatives.** Adoption of a select committee report for the expulsion of a Representative requires the favorable vote of a two-thirds majority of the elected members. Adoption of a select committee report for the censure or discipline of а Representative requires the favorable vote of a three-fifths majority of the elected members. Adoption of a select committee report for the exoneration of a Representative requires the favorable vote of a majority of the elected members.

### CHAPTER 7. CONSENT CALENDAR

**H7-1. Consent calendar.** Notwithstanding Joint Rule 13-1, a bill requiring a two-thirds vote of the members-elect may not be voted on the House consent calendar. If such a bill is placed on the House consent calendar, the presiding officer shall order it removed and placed on the next legislative day's regular bill calendar.

**H7-2.** Approval of consent calendar is final disposition. Notwithstanding Joint Rule 13-4, after allowing a reasonable time for questions from the floor on the bills and resolutions on the consent calendar and after permitting the proponents to answer the questions, the speaker of the House shall call for a vote on the consent calendar. Approval of the consent calendar by a majority of the members-elect of the House is considered final disposition of all the bills and resolutions on the consent calendar.

# JOINT RULES

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1.	PRESIDING OFFICER - ORDER AND DEBATE
CHAPTER 1A.	
CHAPTER 1B.	LEGISLATIVE CODE OF CONDUCT
CHAPTER 2.	MEETINGS, QUORUMS, AND
	ATTENDANCE
CHAPTER 3.	LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYEES
CHAPTER 4.	ORDER OF BUSINESS
CHAPTER 5.	MOTIONS
CHAPTER 6.	BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, AND
CINT FER 0.	COMMEMORATIONS
CHAPTER 6A.	FORM OF BILLS - DEFINITIONS OF
	RESOLUTIONS - GENERAL
	PROVISIONS
CHAPTER 6B.	
	SPONSORSHIP
CHAPTER 6C.	
	STATEMENTS
CHAPTER 6D.	FIRST READING AND REFERRAL
CHAPTER 6E.	
	BILLS
CHAPTER 6F.	SECOND READING
CHAPTER 6G.	PRINTING, ENGROSSING, AND
	ENROLLING
CHAPTER 6H.	COMMEMORATIONS
CHAPTER 6I.	COMPUTERIZED INFORMATION
	SYSTEM
CHAPTER 7.	COMMITTEES
CHAPTER 8.	CONFERENCE COMMITTEES
CHAPTER 9.	COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE
CHAPTER 10.	
CHAPTER 11.	RULES
CHAPTER 12.	VOTING REQUIREMENTS AND
	PROCEDURE
CHAPTER 13.	
CHAPTER 14.	EFFECTIVE DATE OF LEGISLATION
	AND VETO CONSIDERATIONS

CHAPTER 15.	INTERHOUSE COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSMISSIONS
CHAPTER 16.	JOINT SESSION
CHAPTER 17.	LEGISLATIVE DEADLINES

#### CHAPTER 1. PRESIDING OFFICER - ORDER AND DEBATE

# **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

# Art. III, § 19. Signing of bills and resolutions.

The presiding officer of each house shall, in the presence of the house over which he presides, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the Legislature, after their titles have been publicly read immediately before signing, and the fact of signing shall be entered upon the journal.

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

### § 2-4-9. Disturbance or disorderly conduct in Legislature as misdemeanor.

Every person who intentionally disturbs the Legislature of this state, or either of the branches composing it, while in session, or who commits any disorderly conduct in the immediate view and presence of either branch of the Legislature tending to interrupt its proceedings or impair the respect due to its authority, is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

# *§ 2-4-14. Contempt of Legislature--Punishment.*

The Senate or the House of Representatives may punish, as a contempt, by imprisonment, a breach of its privileges or the privileges of its members; but only for one or more of the following offenses:

(1) Knowingly arresting a member or officer of the Senate or the House of Representatives, or

procuring such member or officer to be arrested in violation of his privilege from arrest;

(2) Disorderly conduct in the immediate view of the Senate or the House of Representatives, and directly tending to interrupt its proceedings;

(3) Refusing to be examined as a witness either before the Senate or the House of Representatives, or a committee thereof, or before any person authorized to take testimony in legislative proceedings;

(4) Giving or offering a bribe to a member, or attempting, by menace or other corrupt means or device, directly or indirectly, to control or influence a member in giving his vote, or to prevent his giving the same;

but the term of imprisonment which the Senate or House of Representatives may impose for any contempt specified in this section shall not extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

# § 2-7-22. Forfeiture of office on conviction of legislator--Disqualification from public office.

The conviction of a member of the Legislature of any crime defined in § 22-12A-17 or 22-12A-18 involves as a consequence, in addition to the punishment prescribed therein, a forfeiture of his office and disqualifies him from ever thereafter holding any public office under this state.

### RULES

**1-1. Presiding officers.** The presiding officer of the Senate is the president pro tempore and the presiding officer of the House of Representatives is the speaker. For purposes of the Senate floor sessions, the president of the Senate is the presiding officer of the floor session and shall preside. For purposes of the House floor sessions, the speaker is the presiding officer of the floor session and shall preside. For each chamber's floor

session, the presiding officer of the floor session shall take the chair on every legislative day at the hour to which that chamber adjourned at the last sitting.

**1-2. Order of business.** Each house shall begin each session as follows: call to order, prayer by the chaplain, pledge of allegiance, roll call, and determination of a quorum, then proceed with the daily order of business. A majority of the members present may demand that the journal for the preceding day be read.

**1-3. Questions of order.** The presiding officer of each chamber's floor session shall decide all questions of order, subject to a motion of appeal, by a majority of the members present. No member may speak more than once on an appeal without the consent of a majority of the members present.

**1-4. Recognition of members for remarks.** When a member desires to speak, that member shall respectfully address the presiding officer of the floor session. When the presiding officer recognizes the member, that member is entitled to the floor. The member first to address the presiding officer shall speak first. If two or more members address the presiding officer at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the member who is to speak first.

**1-5. Time allowed for a member to speak.** In the Senate, the time allowed for a member to speak on a pending subject is as provided in Senate Rule S2-5. In the House of Representatives, the time allowed for a member to speak on a pending subject is as provided in House Rule H2-1.

**1-6. Questions on the floor.** If a member wishes to ask a question of another member, that member shall courteously do so through the presiding officer of the floor session and with the consent of the

member to whom the question is addressed. Any question addressed to a member shall relate to a question before the body and shall be concisely asked for the sole purpose of obtaining information. No question may reflect upon the character or conduct of any official, contain argument or debate, or inquire about the course a member proposes to follow.

**1-7. Call to order.** If a member is called to order, that member shall remain silent until the presiding officer of the floor session determines whether the member is in order. The decision of the presiding officer is subject to a motion of appeal.

**1-8. Signing of legislative documents.** The president pro tempore and the speaker shall sign all concurrent resolutions and commemorations that are approved by the Legislature. The president pro tempore and the speaker shall sign all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by the house over which the officer presides.

**1-9. Those permitted to speak to the body.** No person other than a member of a house may speak upon any subject before the house unless a member makes a motion to allow another person to speak and the members present unanimously consent. However, the speaker of the House and the president pro tempore of the Senate may allow any person other than a member of the body to speak subject to advance notice to the majority and minority leaders. A motion objecting to the decision of the speaker or the president pro tempore requires a majority vote of the members-elect.

**1-10. Dissent against an act or resolution.** Any two members of a house may dissent or protest in respectful language against any act or resolution which they think injurious to the public or to any

individual. The reason for their dissent or protest shall be presented to the house and entered upon the subsequent legislative day's journal. However, if any member objects prior to adjournment on the subsequent legislative day that the language of the dissent or protest is not respectful, and a majority of the house agrees, the house may refer the dissent or protest back to the dissenting or protesting members for emendation. Members submitting a dissenting report shall be given one opportunity for emendation, which shall be completed within one week of the request for emendation.

# 1-11. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 1A. DECORUM

**1A-1. Preservation of decorum.** The presiding officer of each chamber's floor session shall preserve order and decorum and, in the case of disturbance or disorderly conduct, may order the galleries or lobbies to be cleared.

**1A-2. Smoking prohibited.** Smoking is prohibited in all areas of the Capitol.

**1A-3.** Alcoholic beverages prohibited. No alcoholic beverage, beer, wine, or other beverage containing alcohol may be stored or consumed in any area of the Capitol that is under the control of the Legislature.

# 1A-4. Repealed.

**1A-5. Discrimination prohibited.** The Legislature is an equal opportunity employer and provides equal access to facilities and services without regard to race, color, creed, religion, sex, disability, ancestry, or national origin.

**1A-6.** Person with a disability may request assistance. Individuals requesting assistance pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act must contact the Legislative Research Council at least forty-eight hours in advance of the needed assistance.

**1A-7.** Use of chambers for campaign photographs. Legislators and candidates for the Legislature may use the chambers for campaign photographs; however, no changes may be made to the arrangement of either chamber.

**1A-8. Items distributed to the members' desks.** Before any person may distribute an item to the members' desks on the floor of the Senate or the House of Representatives, that person must obtain the approval of the secretary of the Senate or the chief clerk of the House, subject to the review of the speaker of the House and the president pro tempore of the Senate, respectively. Any item distributed to the members' desks on the chamber floor must clearly bear the name of the item originator.

**1A-9. Cellular telephones.** Cellular telephones may not be used in either chamber or gallery while the Legislature is in session, except for silent functions that do not distract others.

**1A-10.** Power to maintain order. The presiding officer of a floor session may have any member temporarily removed in order to preserve order and decorum.

# 1A-11. Repealed.
# CHAPTER 1B. LEGISLATIVE CODE OF CONDUCT

1B-1. Maintenance of ethical standards. The people of South Dakota require that their legislators maintain the highest of moral and ethical standards as such standards are essential to assure the trust, respect and confidence of our citizens. Legislators have a solemn responsibility to avoid improper refrain from conduct behavior and that is unbecoming to the Legislature or that is inconsistent with the Legislature's ability to maintain the respect and trust of the people it serves. While it is not possible to write rules to cover every circumstance. each legislator must do everything in his or her power to deal honorably with the public and with his or her colleagues and must promote an atmosphere in which ethical behavior is readily recognized as a priority and is practiced continually, without fail.

**1B-2. Compliance with specified requirements.** Each legislator will comply with all Constitutional and statutory requirements regarding conflicts of interest. Legislators will timely file all required disclosure statements including Statements of Organization, Campaign Finance Reports and Statements of Financial Interest. Legislators must also avoid any conflict of interest which would interfere with their duties and responsibilities as legislators, interfere with the exercise of their best judgment in support of the State of South Dakota or create an improper personal benefit.

**1B-3. Professional conduct and civility.** The South Dakota Legislature will strengthen and sustain an atmosphere of professional conduct and civility among its members and with all staff and will not tolerate harassment or offensive behavior based on race, color, religion, national origin, gender, age, or disability. Harassing or offensive behavior may

include the use of electronic communications through social media or otherwise, whether actual or attempted. Legislators must refrain from any and all such harassment or offensive conduct. This prohibition against harassment also encompasses sexual harassment including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, non-verbal, or physical conduct of a sexually harassing nature, when: (1) submission to the harassment is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment or other employment determinations, or (2) the harassment has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.

**1B-3.1. Sexual contact prohibited.** No legislator or legislative employee may have sexual contact with any legislative intern or page, and no legislative intern may have sexual contact with a page.

**1B-3.2. Sexual harassment prohibited.** All members are responsible for ensuring that the workplace is free from sexual harassment. All members shall avoid any action or conduct that could be viewed as sexual harassment. A member shall report any sexual harassment complaint to the president pro tempore or the speaker according to which house the member belongs. If the situation is not resolved, the member shall forward the complaint to the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council.

**1B-4.** Action in event of violation. Failure to observe the highest standards of public conduct will subject a legislator to appropriate action, pursuant to the rules of the respective house.

#### CHAPTER 2. MEETINGS, QUORUMS, AND ATTENDANCE

#### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

#### Art. III, § 7. Convening of annual sessions.

The Legislature shall meet at the seat of government on the second Tuesday of January at 12 o'clock m. and at no other time except as provided by this Constitution.

#### Art. III, § 9. Each house as judge of qualifications--Quorum--Rules of proceedings--Officers and employees.

Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members.

A majority of the members of each house shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day-to-day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such a manner and under such penalty as each house may provide. Each house shall determine the rules of its proceedings, shall choose its own officers and employees and fix the pay thereof, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution.

#### Art. III, § 14. Elections viva voce.

In all elections to be made by the Legislature the members thereof shall vote viva voce and their votes shall be entered in the journal.

#### *Art. III, § 15. Open legislative sessions--Exception.*

The sessions of each house and of the committee of the whole shall be open, unless when the business is such as ought to be kept secret.

# *Art. III, § 16. Adjournment of legislative houses.*

Neither house shall without the consent of the other adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other

place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

#### RULES

2-1. Those permitted on the floor during session. In addition to current legislators, only the following persons are entitled to the floor of the House of Representatives or Senate during sessions: justices of the Supreme Court or persons who are or have been Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or members of the Congress of the United States from South Dakota; current legislative employees; news reporters; and former members of the South Dakota Legislature, except those who are registered lobbyists or those currently serving in any elective state or local office other than Governor or Lieutenant Governor. However, these persons may not be on the floor if acting in a manner to influence legislation. No other person may be admitted to the Senate floor without consent of the president pro tempore. No other person may be admitted to the House floor without the consent of the speaker.

**2-2. Call of the house.** One-sixth of the memberselect of either house may compel the attendance of absent members by ordering a call of the house of which they are members, but a call of the house may not be made after voting commences.

**2-3. Procedure after a call of the house.** When a call of the house is ordered, the doors must be closed and the absentees noted. No member may leave the room until permission is given by the presiding officer of the floor session, the sergeant at arms' report is received and acted upon, or the house is adjourned. Until the sergeant at arms' report is received, proceedings under the call may

not be suspended except by two-thirds of the members present.

**2-4.** Access to chamber and lobbies. Except as otherwise provided in Joint Rule 2-1, no person, except current legislators and legislative employees, may enter either chamber or space reserved for members of the Legislature adjacent to either chamber at any time during a session or for the period of three hours preceding a session except upon invitation of a member of the chamber. However, under no circumstances may a lobbyist enter either chamber or reserved space for a period of three hours preceding a session or one hour after adjournment of the chamber.

# 2-5. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 3. LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYEES

# **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

#### Art. III, § 9. Each house as judge of qualifications--Quorum--Rules of proceedings--Officers and employees.

Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members.

A majority of the members of each house shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day-to-day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such a manner and under such penalty as each house may provide. Each house shall determine the rules of its proceedings, shall choose its own officers and employees and fix the pay thereof, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution.

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

### § 2-5-2. Elective officers of Senate.

The elective officers of the Senate shall be a president pro tempore of the Senate, who shall be a member of that body, one secretary, and such other officers as shall be necessary to properly conduct the business of the Senate.

### § 2-5-3. Elective officers of house.

The elective officers of the House of Representatives shall be a speaker and a speaker pro tempore, who shall be members of that body, one chief clerk and such other officers as shall be necessary to properly conduct the business of the House of Representatives.

# § 2-5-3.1. Tie vote for organizing House of Representatives.

In the event that there is a tie vote for purposes of organizing the House of Representatives then, for the purposes of organization, the political party's candidate for speaker of the house, speaker pro tempore and clerk, then having a member of its party duly elected as the Governor of the State of South Dakota shall be deemed to be elected.

# *§* 2-5-5. Appointment of legislative employees by presiding officers.

The speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint employees necessary to properly conduct the business of the house and the president pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint employees necessary to properly conduct the business of the Senate.

# *§* 2-5-8. Determination of amount of compensation of legislative employees.

All elective and appointed officers and employees of the Senate and House of Representatives designated in §§ 2-5-2, 2-5-3, and 2-5-5 shall receive compensation determined and agreed upon by a joint select committee of both houses.

#### RULES

**3-1. Appointment of legislative employees.** The president pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint all necessary employees for the Senate. The speaker of the House shall appoint all necessary employees of the House. All employee positions shall be described in a uniform compensation and classification schedule which shall be annually reviewed by the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council.

**3-1.1. Administration of intern program.** The Executive Board shall administer the program and supervise the college student interns who are assigned to the legislative branch of government.

**3-2.** Duties of the secretary of the Senate and chief clerk of the House. The secretary of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives are responsible to the president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House, respectively. Their duties are:

- To supervise the keeping of a daily journal, the engrossing and enrolling, and the handling of bills and resolutions;
- (2) To assist the calendar committee in the preparation of a daily calendar listing motions and resolutions, committee reports to be introduced, and bills and joint resolutions ready for second reading, and to assist the calendar committee in preparation of a daily consent calendar;
- (3) To sign the certificate of origin of all bills passed by the Legislature;

- (4) To attest to the signing of all bills, memorials, resolutions, commemorations, writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by the house;
- (5) To deliver to the secretary of state at the close of each session the journals and all books, bills, documents, resolutions, and papers in possession of the Legislature; to preserve one true copy of each printed bill, ioint resolution, and concurrent resolution of each legislative session; to attach the copy together with a signed certificate that it is a true and complete copy of each ioint resolution, printed bill, and concurrent resolution of the legislative session; and to file such certified copies with the secretary of state within ten days after adjournment of the Legislature; and
- (6) To perform all other acts appertaining to the office as may be required by the house or its presiding officer.

**3-3. Office of Engrossing and Enrolling.** The Legislative Research Council shall perform all engrossing and enrolling duties. In addition, each house may hire secretaries necessary to conduct the business of the standing committees. Any secretary appointed to a committee is responsible to the committee chair. In each house, a secretary is provided to the majority and minority parties.

**3-4. Engrossing and enrolling.** The engrossing and enrolling duties of the Legislative Research Council are:

(1) To engross and enroll all bills delivered to them;

- (2) To provide and supervise secretarial assistance to legislators as requested;
- (3) To collect from the secretaries of all standing and special committees the minutes of such committees and retain them in the Legislative Research Council Library; and
- (4) To correct clerical errors, with the consent of the code counsel, in any bill. Clerical errors which may be corrected are: errors in spelling, errors in numbering sections, errors of omission or commission due to addition or deletion of material, and errors due to copying incorrectly from the most recent statute. The code counsel shall inform the principal sponsor of each correction.

**3-5. Chaplains.** The chief chaplain shall schedule a chaplain to serve in each house for each legislative day. The duty of the chaplain of each house is to open each day's session with a prayer.

**3-6.** Disputes or complaints involving a legislative session employee. Any dispute or complaint involving the competency or decorum of a legislative session employee, including any violation of SDCL 2-12, shall be referred to the president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House. The officer may dismiss, suspend, or otherwise discipline the employee.

**3-7. Sexual harassment prohibited.** All employees are responsible for ensuring that the workplace is free from sexual harassment. All employees shall avoid any action or conduct which could be viewed as sexual harassment. An employee shall report any sexual harassment complaint within

one year of its occurrence. Such complaints may be reported to:

- (1) The president pro tempore of the Senate, in the case of a Senate employee;
- (2) The speaker of the House, in the case of a House employee;
- (3) Any legislator who supervises House or Senate employees, respectively;
- (4) A majority or minority party legislative secretary; or
- (5) The Legislative Research Council Director, Deputy Director, or intern coordinators.

Any complaints received pursuant to (3), (4), or (5) shall be reported promptly, in writing, by the recipient of the complaint to the president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House, respectively. If the situation is not resolved, the employee shall forward the complaint to the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council. The provisions of this section apply only to complaints which are made on a timely basis under the provisions of this section.

#### CHAPTER 4. ORDER OF BUSINESS

**4-1. Daily order of business.** After call to order, the daily order of business shall be as follows:

- (1) Prayer by the chaplain and pledge of allegiance;
- (2) Roll call and determination of a quorum;
- (3) Approval of the journal;
- (4) Communications and petitions;
- (5) Reports of standing committees;
- (6) Reports of select committees;
- (7) Messages from the other house;
- (8) Motions and resolutions;
- (9) Consideration of committee reports;

- (10) Introduction, first reading and reference of bills and joint resolutions originating in the house;
- (11) First reading and reference of bills and joint resolutions originating in the other house;
- (12) Second reading of consent calendar bills and resolutions;
- (13) Second reading of bills and joint resolutions originating in the house;
- (14) Second reading of bills and joint resolutions originating in the other house;
- (15) Announcements.

To revert to an old order of business or to pass to a new order of business requires a majority vote of the members present. Any message or communication from the Governor or other state officer may be received at any time.

**4-2. Special orders.** Any bill, resolution, memorial or other subject matter may be made a special order for some subsequent time by a majority vote of the members present.

**4-3. Order of bills and resolutions.** Each bill and resolution up for consideration under any order of business shall be listed and taken up in the order in which it is listed on the daily calendar unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members present.

## CHAPTER 5. MOTIONS

**5-1. Entertainment of motions.** No motion may be entertained and debated until it is seconded. Following the second of a debatable motion, the presiding officer of a floor session shall first recognize the member making the motion.

# 5-1.1. Repealed.

**5-2. Restatement and reading of motions.** When a motion is made and seconded, the presiding officer of the floor session shall restate the motion, and, if requested by the presiding officer or a member, the motion must be displayed electronically or reduced to writing and read aloud.

**5-2.1. Provision of copies of motions.** If a motion to amend is displayed electronically or offered in writing or if each member of the body has been given a copy of the motion, the reading of that motion is automatically waived.

**5-2.2. Withdrawal of motions.** After a motion is stated by the presiding officer of the floor session, it may not be withdrawn without unanimous consent of the members present.

**5-3. Priority of motions.** When a question is under debate, no motion may be made except the following motions which have precedence in the order listed:

- (1) To adjourn; (nondebatable)
- (2) To recess;
- (3) To call the house;
- (4) To lay on the table; (nondebatable)
- (5) To call the previous question; (nondebatable)
- (6) To defer indefinitely;
- (7) To defer to a day certain;
- (8) To refer to committee;
- (9) To amend.

**5-4. Priority of motion for adjournment.** A motion for adjournment is always in order, unless the roll is being called or the previous question has been ordered, and shall be decided without debate.

**5-5.** Application and nondebatability of motions to lay on the table. A motion to lay on the table which effects a disposition on the merits of any bill or resolution requires the vote of a majority of the members-elect to carry and shall be decided without debate. Any other motion to lay on the table requires the vote of a majority of the members present and shall be decided without debate. No member may make introductory remarks prior to making a motion to lay on the table.

**5-5.1. Scope of motions to lay on the table.** A motion to lay on the table may be made so as to apply either to the main question or to a proposed amendment or to the bill and all pending amendments, and the motion shall clearly state to which it is intended to apply.

**5-5.2. Motion to take from the table.** Whenever any bill or resolution is laid on the table, it requires a majority vote of the members-elect to take it from the table. The motion to take from the table is debatable.

**5-5.3. Scope of motion to defer to day certain beyond sine die.** The rules pertaining to motions to table and to defer to a day certain beyond sine die shall be the same except that a motion to defer to a day certain beyond sine die is debatable.

**5-6.** Motion to call the previous question. A motion for the previous question shall be decided immediately by a majority of the members present and without debate. The motion shall clearly indicate the question to which it applies. No member may make introductory remarks prior to making a motion to call the previous question. The effect of adopting a motion to call the previous question is to close debate, to prevent the moving of amendments or other subsidiary motions, and to bring to vote

immediately the question to be voted upon. The effect of defeating a motion to call the previous question is to allow continuation of debate on the question before the house.

**5-7. Priority of vote after call of the previous question.** After a motion to call the previous question has prevailed, it is not in order to move a call of the house or to move to adjourn, prior to a decision of the question before the house.

**5-8. Dilatory motions to defer or refer.** If a motion to defer to a day certain, to defer indefinitely or to refer to committee is decided in the negative, such motion is not again in order at the same stage of consideration of the bill or proposition.

**5-8.1. Motion to defer indefinitely or to the 41st day as final action.** A motion to defer indefinitely or to the 41st day requires the vote of a majority of the members-elect.

**5-9. Division of the question.** Any member may call for a division of the question. The presiding officer of the floor session shall divide the question if it contains questions so distinct that, one being taken away, the rest may stand as a separate proposition. A member may not call for the division of a bill.

**5-10.** Motions to strike the enacting clause. A motion to strike the enacting clause of a bill has precedence to a motion to amend, and if carried, is equivalent to the rejection of the bill.

**5-11. Notice of intention to reconsider.** Notice of intention to move for reconsideration shall be made before the body proceeds to the next item of business. If any member fails to give notice of intention to reconsider, the vote on a question shall be deemed to have been moved for reconsideration

and such motion for reconsideration to have been laid on the table.

5-11.1. Motions to reconsider. Having given notice of intent to reconsider, the member giving notice may move to reconsider the question not later than the next legislative day, except as provided in Joint Rule 5-13. Any motion to reconsider shall be made under order of business No. 8, except as provided in Joint Rule 5-13, and takes precedence over all other motions except to recess or to adjourn. No motion to reconsider the same question may be made twice in the same house without unanimous consent. Every motion to reconsider shall be decided by a majority vote of the members-elect on a roll call vote. No question may be reconsidered except the final disposition of bills and joint resolutions and the override of vetoes. No motion to lay on the table is subject to reconsideration. If a motion to reconsider a question is approved, the question shall be immediately reconsidered unless there is a motion to defer.

**5-12.** Failure to make timely motion for reconsideration. If any member has given notice of intent to move for reconsideration and does not move for reconsideration before the stated deadline, the presiding officer of the floor session shall immediately state that any member may move for reconsideration.

**5-13. Motion for reconsideration during final legislative days.** During the seven final legislative days, any member who has given notice of intent to move for reconsideration shall make such motion at a time prior to the conclusion of business on the legislative day that the question sought to be reconsidered was acted upon. Such motion may be made at any time prior to adjournment.

**5-13.1. Immediate consideration of emergency measures.** If the only reason a bill requires a two-thirds majority of members-elect for passage is that it contains an emergency clause, and if the affirmative vote for the bill is less than two-thirds but more than one-half of the members-elect, the vote shall be immediately reconsidered.

**5-14. Germaneness of amendments.** No motion to amend a bill is in order unless it is germane to the subject as expressed in the title of the bill.

**5-15. Order of motions.** All questions, other than privileged motions as listed in Joint Rule 5-3, shall be put in the order they are moved.

**5-16. Limitations on number of motions to amend and substitute motions.** When a motion or proposition is under consideration, a motion to amend and a motion to amend that amendment is in order. It is also in order to offer a further amendment as a substitute, but such substitute is not subject to amendment.

**5-17.** Motion to delay action on amendments. Final action upon any amendment to a bill or resolution may not be had until the next legislative day, if a request for delay is made and is supported by at least one-fifth of the members. However, no such request is in order after the deadline prescribed by Joint Rule Chapter 17. This rule cannot be invoked more than two times on the same bill in each house.

**5-17.1. Motion to delay action on amendments is nondebatable.** No member invoking Joint Rule 5-17 may speak to the merits of the amendment or make any other introductory remarks.

#### CHAPTER 6. BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, AND COMMEMORATIONS

#### CHAPTER 6A. FORM OF BILLS - DEFINITIONS OF RESOLUTIONS - GENERAL PROVISIONS

### **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

# Art. III, § 18. Enacting clause--Assent by majority--Recording of votes.

The enacting clause of a law shall be: "Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of South Dakota" and no law shall be passed unless by assent of a majority of all the members elected to each house of the Legislature. And the question upon the final passage shall be taken upon its last reading, and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal.

#### Art. III, § 21. One subject expressed in title.

No law shall embrace more than one subject, which shall be expressed in its title.

# Art. XII, § 2. Contents of general appropriation bill--Separate appropriation bills.

The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state, the current expenses of state institutions, interest on the public debt, and for common schools. All other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one object, and shall require a two-thirds vote of all the members of each branch of the Legislature.

## STATUTORY PROVISIONS

# *§ 22-12A-18. Fraudulent alteration of bill after passage as felony.*

Any person who fraudulently alters a bill which has been passed by the Legislature of this state, with intent to have it approved by the Governor, certified by the secretary of state, or printed or published by the printer of the statutes, in language different from that in which it was passed by the Legislature, is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

#### RULES

**6A-1. Legislative Documents.** Only bills and the following may be introduced in the Legislature:

- (1) A House or Senate resolution pertains to the affairs of one house only and requires action only by the legislative chamber concerned. A House or Senate resolution may be used to express an opinion or principle of one house, to express an opinion to or make a request of the other house, to regulate procedure, or to refer a topic to the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council for possible study by an interim study committee;
- (2) A concurrent resolution does not have the force of law. A concurrent resolution shall only be used to express an opinion or principle of the Legislature, to authorize interim studies, sessions or committees, to instruct a department of state government, or to petition federal agencies;
- (3) A joint resolution contains matters of legislation only. A joint resolution may be used to refer a matter for referendum to the people, to place a constitutional amendment on the ballot, to ratify proposed amendments to the United States Constitution, or to grant a water right pursuant to § 46-5-20.1;

- (4) A House or Senate resolution of disapproval as provided under Article IV, Section 8, of the South Dakota Constitution; and
- (5) A legislative commemoration expresses recognition of service or achievements of national or statewide importance or expresses sorrow over death or loss.

**6A-2.** Format of bills and joint resolutions. If a bill amends an existing statute, the new matter shall be underscored and the omitted matter shall be overstricken. If an entire title, chapter, or section is to be repealed, only the code citation need be listed.

6A-3. Format of joint resolutions. If a joint resolution amends an existing provision of the Constitution, the omitted matter shall he overstricken and matter shall the new he underscored. A joint resolution shall contain sufficient introductory wording to give reasonable notice of the effect of the proposed amendment.

**6A-4.** Bills at the request of the Governor, executive agencies, and the Chief Justice. A bill introduced at the request of the Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, a department, board, commission, or any other agency of state government, shall indicate on the bill at whose request such bill is being introduced.

**6A-5.** Review of bills by the Legislative Research Council. Before a bill, resolution, or commemoration may be introduced, it shall be reviewed by the Legislative Research Council for style and form. No bill, House resolution, Senate resolution, concurrent resolution, or joint resolution may be submitted to the Legislative Research Council for review less than one legislative day prior to the final introduction date for bills, House

resolutions, Senate resolutions, concurrent resolutions, or joint resolutions as provided in Joint Rule Chapter 17. The draft must be submitted by 5 p.m. in order to allow for an intervening legislative day. However, if a day of legislative recess intervenes between the submission deadline and the introduction deadline, the requirement of submission is fulfilled if the submission is made by 5 p.m. on the day before the legislative recess.

**6A-6. Title of repealed law.** A bill introduced for the sole purpose of repealing an existing law shall include in its title the general subject to which the law relates.

**6A-7. Placement of emergency clause.** Any bill containing an emergency clause shall have the emergency clause added at the end of the bill.

**6A-8. Title and sponsors placed on bills and resolutions.** Before a bill or resolution is introduced, its title and the name or names of the member, members, or committee introducing the bill or resolution shall be shown on it.

6A-9. Amendment of administrative rule through legislation. A bill may include:

- (1) A repeal of an existing administrative rule section; or
- (2) A requirement that an executive branch entity promulgate, pursuant to chapter 1-26, specific changes to the existing text of an administrative rule section. The bill language may include the rule section language and the legislatively required text changes.

### CHAPTER 6B. INTRODUCTION AND SPONSORSHIP

#### STATUTORY PROVISIONS

#### § 2-7-4. Prefiled bills--Persons authorized--Rules.

Any person who has been duly elected or appointed to serve during a regular session of the Legislature may file bills and resolutions with the Legislative Research Council at any time within thirty days prior to the convening of such regular session. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2-7-6.1, any interim committee of the Legislative Research Council may file bills and resolutions under the provisions of this section. The Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council shall prescribe rules for the handling and placing in proper form of such bills and resolutions, subject to the provisions of §§ 2-7-4 and 2-7-5.

# § 2-7-5. Prefiled bills--Numbering, printing, and disposition--Introduction.

The director of the Legislative Research Council shall, in accordance with rules adopted by the Legislature, receive the prefiled bills and resolutions, place them in proper form, and assign them numbers for introduction in the proper house. The director shall electronically deliver each bill and resolution to the secretary of the Senate or the chief clerk of the House of Representatives, as the case may be, on the day when the session convenes. However, the director may not deliver any prefiled bill or resolution until every sponsor of the bill or resolution has been duly sworn into office.

Upon prefiling, the bills and resolutions become the property of the Legislature and may not thereafter be withdrawn. Prefiled bills and resolutions shall be considered as introduced on the first legislative day.

# *§* 2-7-6.1. Committee introduction of bills and resolutions.

No bill or joint resolution may be introduced in either house of the Legislature by any committee thereof, except:

(1) A bill or a joint resolution introduced by any standing committee of either house;

(2) A bill or joint resolution referred to the Legislature from an interim committee of the State Legislative Research Council;

(3) A bill or joint resolution introduced at the request of the interim Rules Review Committee, the interim Government Operations and Audit interim Retirement Committee, the Laws Committee, the interim Joint Bonding Review Committee, and the interim State-Tribal Relations Committee by one or more committee members upon majority vote of the interim committee; or

(4) A bill or joint resolution introduced at the request of the Governor, an executive agency or of the chief justice of the Supreme Court.

The committee shall obtain a written request for such introduction from either the council, the Governor, department head of an executive agency, a constitutional officer or board, or the chief justice and shall retain such request in its file. Committee bills introduced on behalf of a department head of an executive agency, a constitutional officer or board may be introduced by the chairman without a vote of the committee for purposes of prefiling. Nothing in this section prohibits one or more legislators from introduction of a bill or a joint resolution.

#### RULES

**6B-1. Time for introduction of bills and bills are property of Legislature.** Any member or committee desiring to introduce a bill, or resolution, or any member desiring to introduce a commemoration shall electronically file the bill, resolution, or commemoration at least two hours prior to the opening of the daily session. Any bill, resolution, or commemoration filed and duly numbered becomes the property of the Legislature.

**6B-1.1. Withdrawal of bills and resolutions.** The provisions of 6B-1 and 6D-1 notwithstanding, prior to the first committee hearing in the house of origin, the prime sponsor of any bill or resolution may withdraw any bill or resolution in the house of origin with the approval of the president pro tempore for a Senate bill or Senate resolution and the speaker for a House bill or House resolution. The presiding officer of the floor session shall then declare the bill or resolution formally withdrawn and order that an entry be made in the bill status system stating the bill or resolution has been withdrawn.

6B-2. Numbering of bills and resolutions. Bills shall be numbered consecutively as introduced, beginning with No. 1 for Senate bills and with No. 1001 for House bills. Joint resolutions shall be numbered consecutively as introduced, beginning with No. 501 for Senate joint resolutions and with No. 5001 for House joint resolutions. Concurrent resolutions shall be numbered consecutively as introduced, beginning with No. 601 for Senate concurrent resolutions and with No. 6001 for House resolutions. Resolutions shall concurrent he numbered consecutively as introduced, beginning with No. 701 for Senate resolutions and with No. 7001 for House resolutions.

**6B-3. Limit on number of bills that may be introduced.** A legislator may introduce as prime sponsor only three individual bills or joint resolutions during the last three days for bill and resolution introduction prescribed by Joint Rule Chapter 17. A legislator may introduce as prime sponsor only four combined House, Senate, or concurrent resolutions, only one of which may be introduced during the last three days for bill and resolution introduction prescribed by Joint Rule Chapter 17.

**6B-4. Sponsorship of bills and resolutions.** Any bill, joint resolution, or concurrent resolution may be introduced by any member or members of the house of origin. Any member or members of the other house may join the member or members of the house of origin in introducing the bill or resolution. After introduction, a member's name may be electronically added as a cosponsor or as prime sponsor to a bill or resolution upon the request of the member and the approval of the prime sponsor of the bill. After introduction, a member's name before the enrolling of the bill. After introduction, a member's name may be request of the member any time before the enrolling of the bill.

**6B-5.** Committee introduction of bills and resolutions. No bill or joint resolution may be introduced in either house of the Legislature by any committee thereof, except:

- A bill or a joint resolution introduced by any standing committee of either house;
- (2) A bill or joint resolution referred to the Legislature from an interim committee of the State Legislative Research Council;
- (3) A bill or joint resolution introduced at the request of the interim Rules Review Committee, the interim Government Operations and Audit Committee, the interim Retirement Laws Committee, the interim Joint Bonding Review Committee,

and the interim State-Tribal Relations Committee by one or more committee members upon majority vote of the interim committee; or

(4) A bill or joint resolution introduced at the request of the Governor, an executive agency or of the chief justice of the Supreme Court.

**6B-5.1. Bill introduction by standing committees.** Before a bill or joint resolution can be introduced by a standing committee pursuant to § 2-7-6.1, the bill or resolution shall have received an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of a standing committee at one of its regular meetings. The chair of the committee shall electronically file the bill or resolution for the committee.

6B-6. Pre-filing of agency bills. No bill or resolution introduced at the request of а department, board, commission, or any other agency of state government, except bills or resolutions introduced at the request of the Governor or Chief Justice, may be considered by the Legislature unless such bill or resolution is pre-filed with the Director of the Legislative Research Council at least forty-eight hours before the opening of a legislative session and available for introduction on the first legislative day. The chairman may approve introduction of the bill electronically.

**6B-7. Disposition of copies of bills when introduced.** An original and one copy of each bill or resolution introduced shall be disposed of as follows:

(1) The original, which shall have endorsed thereon the word "Original," shall be retained by the house of origin; and (2) The copy shall be delivered to the prime sponsor.

#### CHAPTER 6C. FISCAL NOTES AND ACTUARIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATUTORY PROVISIONS

§ 2-9-33. Repealed.

### § 2-9-34. Repealed.

### RULES

6C-1. Bills and resolutions that require fiscal notes. A bill, amendment, or resolution that has an effect on the revenues, expenditures, or fiscal liability of the state or any political subdivision of the state may include a fiscal note incorporating an estimate of the effect. This rule does not apply to the cost of legislative processing, or anv appropriation bill with specific dollar amounts. A fiscal note is an estimate of the fiscal implications relating to revenues, expenditures or debt, and the probable cost of the bill, amendment, or resolution. In preparing the fiscal note, the Director of the Legislative Research Council may use information or data supplied by any person, agency, organization, or governmental unit that the director deems reliable. The director shall state the sources of the information or data used and may state the extent to which the director relied on the information or data in preparing the fiscal note. If the director is unable to acquire or develop sufficient information or data to prepare a fiscal note, the director may prepare the fiscal note stating that fact, and the fiscal note shall be deemed to comply with this rule. If the director determines that the fiscal impact of a amendment, or resolution bill. cannot he determined, the director may prepare the fiscal note stating that fact, and the fiscal note shall be deemed to comply with this rule.

**6C-1.1. Request for fiscal note.** A fiscal note may be requested by:

- The president pro tempore or the speaker when a bill, amendment, or resolution is introduced;
- (2) The chair of the standing committee possessing the bill, amendment, or resolution;
- (3) A majority vote of the standing committee possessing the bill, amendment, or resolution; or
- (4) A legislator, if the legislator is supported by a vote of one-fifth of the body before the second reading of the bill or resolution.

**6C-1.2. Certain bills require fiscal note.** The Director of the Legislative Research Council shall prepare a fiscal note for any bill which amends session law to affect the General Appropriations Act enacted in a prior legislative session.

## 6C-1.3. Repealed.

**6C-2. Deferral of bills without fiscal note.** The bill or resolution for which a fiscal note has been requested must include a notation of the requirement on the Legislative Research Council website for the bill or resolution. The completed fiscal note must be published on the Legislative Research Council website before the bill or resolution may be placed on the second reading calendar. However, the presiding officer of a floor session may place the bill or resolution on the

second reading calendar if the presiding officer determines a fiscal note is no longer required.

**6C-3. Displaying fiscal note to bill or resolution.** If a fiscal note is available, it shall be displayed on the Legislative Research Council internet site for the bill or resolution.

6C-4. Retirement system actuarial statement. Each bill introduced affecting the benefits payable by the state or a local government retirement system must have an actuarial statement displayed on the Legislative Research Council website for the bill. The actuarial statement must be requested from the governing board of the retirement system affected and the statement must identify the costs of the proposed change in the law as stated by the actuary for the affected retirement plan. If there is a doubt as to the need for an actuarial statement, the president pro tempore shall make the final decision for a Senate bill and the speaker shall make the final decision for a House bill. After the bill is introduced, the actuarial statement must be published on the Legislative Research Council website for the bill.

#### CHAPTER 6D. FIRST READING AND REFERRAL

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

### Art. III, § 17. Reading of bills.

Every bill shall be read twice, by number and title once when introduced, and once upon final passage, but one reading at length may be demanded at any time before final passage.

#### RULES

**6D-1.** Referral of bills and resolutions to standing committees. Unless otherwise ordered, each bill or joint resolution shall be referred to a standing committee after its first reading.

If any member introduces an appropriation bill, the bill shall be referred directly to a standing committee. If any Committee on Appropriations introduces an appropriation bill, the president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House may waive referral to a standing committee. If a bill has received final disposition from the Joint Committee on Appropriations, the president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House may waive the referral of the bill to a standing committee.

For the purposes of the Joint Rules, an appropriation bill is any bill that appropriates money from public funds and that appropriation is expressed in the title of the bill.

The president pro tempore of the Senate or the speaker of the House may waive the referral of Senate resolutions, House resolutions, or concurrent resolutions to a standing committee. A copy of any concurrent resolution, Senate resolution, or House resolution shall be posted to the Legislative Research Council internet site before the resolution is acted upon.

**6D-2. Referral of resolutions of disapproval.** Any resolution of disapproval shall be referred to a committee unless ordered to be placed directly on the calendar by a majority vote of the members present.

#### CHAPTER 6E. AMENDMENTS AND SUBSTITUTE BILLS

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

#### Art. XXIII, § 1. Amendments.

Amendments to this Constitution may be proposed by initiative or by a majority vote of all members of each house of the Legislature. An amendment proposed by initiative shall require a petition signed by qualified voters equal in number to at least ten percent of the total votes cast for Governor in the last gubernatorial election. The petition containing the text of the proposed amendment and the names and addresses of its sponsors shall be filed at least one vear before the next general election at which the proposed amendment is submitted to the voters. A proposed amendment may amend one or more articles and related subject matter in other articles as necessary to accomplish the objectives of the amendment; however, no proposed amendment may embrace more than one subject. If more than one amendment is submitted at the same election, each amendment shall be so prepared and distinguished that it can be voted upon separately.

#### RULES

**6E-1. Amendments to be germane to bill.** No amendment to a bill or joint resolution may embrace more than one subject, which shall be expressed in the title of the bill.

**6E-1.1. Amendments to the title of a bill.** An amendment that alters the subject of a bill in a manner that requires a new title shall also amend the title in that amendment in accordance with the altered subject of the bill.

**6E-2. Hoghouse amendments.** A substitute bill shall be treated as an amendment and shall be governed by the rules governing amendments. Final committee action on any bill amended with a substitute bill may not be heard until one legislative day has intervened, if a request for delay is made and supported by at least one-fifth of the committee members-elect unless the chair otherwise delays action on the bill as amended. A request for delay is not in order on the final day for the committee to act upon the bill, according to the committee's schedule.

**6E-3.** Message required when one house amends bill or resolution of other house. Whenever a bill or joint resolution is passed in one house and amended and passed in the other, a message to the house of origin shall indicate that the bill or resolution has been amended.

#### CHAPTER 6F. SECOND READING

**6F-1.** No second reading until engrossment. No bill or resolution amended after introduction may be read the second time until it is correctly engrossed.

**6F-2. Second reading at least one day after committee report.** No bill or joint resolution may have its second reading or receive final passage until at least one legislative day after it has been reported to the house by the committee to which the same has been referred and such report has been read to the house.

**6F-3. Action on committee reports.** No report of any standing committee or select committee may be acted upon until at least one legislative day after it has been read to the body, except the report of the committee on legislative procedure, or the reports of standing committees requesting referral to another standing committee of a bill or resolution which may be acted upon immediately. However, during the last three days of the session, reports of conference committees may be acted upon the same day as reported.

**6F-4. Placement of unamended bills and resolutions on calendar.** If any committee makes a report that a bill or resolution "Do Pass" without proposing any amendment thereto, the bill or resolution shall be placed upon the calendar for second reading on the next legislative day.

amended 6F-5. Placement of bills and resolutions on calendar. If anv standing committee returns a bill or resolution to the house with the recommendation that the bill or resolution do pass with proposed amendments, the report shall be received, read and entered upon the journal. The committee report shall be placed on the calendar for adoption the following legislative day and the bill shall be placed on the calendar for floor action on the legislative day following the adoption of the committee report. On the final day for the committee to act upon a bill, the report may be placed directly on the calendar for floor action. A report recommending the passage of a bill or resolution with proposed amendments is not subject to change or amendment.

**6F-6. Placement of bills and resolutions not receiving a "Do Pass" recommendation on the calendar.** Any bill or resolution reported "Do Not Pass" or "without recommendation" shall fail if no motion is made for its disposition under the order of business of Consideration of Committee Reports on the next legislative day after delivery to the house. A motion to place a bill or resolution on the calendar where a committee reports a bill or resolution "Do Not Pass" or "without recommendation" shall require the vote of a majority of the members-elect to carry. A bill or resolution failing to be placed on the calendar is lost after time for reconsideration has passed.

#### CHAPTER 6G. PRINTING, ENGROSSING, AND ENROLLING

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

# § 2-7-14. Repealed.

# § 2-7-15.1. Repealed.

# *§ 2-7-17. Certification and filing of printed bills and resolutions--Judicial notice.*

It shall be the duty of the secretary of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives to preserve one true copy of each printed bill, of each printed joint resolution, and of each printed concurrent resolution of each session of the Legislature; and to attach same together, to attach thereto, their signed certificate that they are true and complete copies of all the printed bills, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions of the certain session of the Legislature, and to file said copies so certified in the Office of the Secretary of State within ten days after adjournment of the session.

All copies so certified and filed shall be subject to judicial notice in all courts of record.

# *§* 2-7-18. Engrossment of bills and amendments.

All bills, in either house of the Legislature, which have been favorably acted upon, preparatory to going upon the calendar shall be engrossed if amendments have been made thereto. Amendments to any bill made by either Senate or House of Representatives, after engrossment, shall likewise be engrossed.

# § 2-7-19. Enrollment of bill after passage by both houses.

A bill which has passed both houses of the Legislature shall at once be enrolled by the house in which it originated.

#### § 2-7-20. Presentation of bill to Governor--Filing with secretary of state--Photocopy to code counsel.

The original copy of each enrolled bill shall be signed by the president of the Senate, secretary of the Senate, speaker of the House of Representatives, and chief clerk of the House of Representatives and presented to the Governor. If the Governor approves the bill, the Governor shall sign and transmit it to the secretary of state who shall deliver a photocopy of the signature page to the code counsel to be used in preparing copy for session laws. The secretary of state shall provide a permanent form of binder for the original enrolled bills and the bills vetoed with the veto message attached. The secretary of state shall also provide the code counsel with a photocopy of the signature page of each vetoed bill and the veto message.

# § 22-12A-17. Fraudulent alteration of bill or resolution as felony.

Any person who fraudulently alters the draft of any bill or resolution which has been presented to either house of the Legislature to be passed or adopted, with intent to procure it to be passed or adopted by either house, or certified by the presiding officer of either house, in language different from that intended by such house, is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

## RULES

**6G-1. Determination of procedures.** The committees on legislative procedure shall jointly determine uniform procedures for the printing, engrossing and enrolling of bills and joint resolutions.

- 6G-2. (Reserved)
- 6G-3. (Reserved)
- 6G-4. (Reserved)

**6G-5. Engrossing of bills and resolutions.** If a bill or resolution is amended, the amendment shall be engrossed on the bill or resolution before advancing to the next stage of the legislative process. Amendments to any bill or resolution, made by either house after engrossment, shall likewise be engrossed upon the original bill or resolution.

**6G-6.** Report to committee on legislative procedure. The chief of the office of engrossing and enrolling shall examine all amended bills and joint resolutions.

**6G-7. Enrolling of bills and joint resolutions.** A bill which has passed both houses of the Legislature shall be at once enrolled. An enrolled bill or joint resolution shall be free from erasures, marks and interlineations, and each sheet thereof shall be initialed by the chief of engrossing and enrolling and numbered for identification. The cover of the bill or joint resolution shall indicate the house of origin.

**6G-8. Review and signing of bills and joint resolutions.** The committee on legislative procedure and the chief of engrossing and enrolling shall compare enrolled with engrossed bills and joint

resolutions as passed by both houses and make a report thereon to the house of origin. If a bill or joint resolution is reported by the committee as correctly enrolled, the bill or joint resolution must be presented to the presiding officers of the floor sessions for both houses for their signatures.

**6G-9. Presentation of bills and joint resolutions to Governor.** After a bill or joint resolution is signed by the officers of both houses, the chairmen of the committees on legislative procedure shall jointly cause such bill to be presented to the Governor for the Governor's signature and such joint resolution to the secretary of state for filing. The committees shall, at any time, report such presentations to both houses.

#### CHAPTER 6H. COMMEMORATIONS

**6H-1. Introduction of commemorations.** Any member may introduce a legislative commemoration, which may be cosponsored by other members of either house, by electronically filing it. The prime sponsor shall submit all necessary information to the legislative research council prior to introduction. However, no member may introduce a legislative commemoration after the deadline prescribed by Joint Rule Chapter 17.

**6H-2.** Numbering of commemorations. Each legislative commemoration shall be numbered consecutively as introduced beginning with No. 801 for the Senate and No. 8001 for the House of Representatives.

**6H-3. Calendaring of commemorations.** Upon introduction, the presiding officer of a floor session shall place each pending legislative commemoration on the calendar of the next legislative day.
6H-4. Approval of commemorations in the house of origin. Any member of the body may object to the approval of any legislative commemoration by so stating on the floor of the body at any time before adjournment on the legislative upon which the legislative day commemoration is calendared. If no such objection is made, the legislative commemoration shall be deemed approved and the presiding officer of the floor session shall deliver it to the other house. If there is objection, the legislative commemoration shall be deemed disapproved. The objection is not debatable.

**6H-5. Calendaring of commemorations in the second house.** Upon receipt of a legislative commemoration from the other house, the presiding officer of the floor session shall place it on the next day's legislative calendar.

6H-6. Approval of commemorations in the **second house.** Any member of the receiving body may object to the approval of any legislative commemoration by so stating on the floor of the body at any time before adjournment on the dav which the legislative legislative upon commemoration is calendared. If no such objection is made, the legislative commemoration shall be deemed approved and the presiding officer of the floor session shall deliver it to the house of origin. If there is objection, the legislative commemoration shall be deemed disapproved. The objection is not debatable.

**6H-7. Enrollment of commemorations.** The secretary of the Senate or the chief clerk of the House of Representatives shall deliver the original enrolled legislative commemoration to the prime sponsor.

### CHAPTER 6I. COMPUTERIZED INFORMATION SYSTEM

**6I-1. Bill Status.** The bill status, created by the computerized information system, is the official record of action to the bill.

**6I-2. Waiving electronic requirement.** The president pro tempore for a Senate bill and the speaker for a House bill may waive the requirement that any filing, submission, or approval be done electronically, if the electronic system is not available and functional.

### CHAPTER 7. COMMITTEES

## STATUTORY PROVISIONS

# § 2-6-1. Administration of oaths by committee member.

Any member of the Senate or House of Representatives, while acting as a member of any committee thereof, shall have authority to administer oaths to such persons as shall be examined before such committee.

#### § 2-6-2. Composition and appointment of Government Operations and Audit Committee--Duties and reports--Assistance.

There shall be appointed at each regular session of the Legislature a Government Operations and Audit Committee of ten, consisting of five members of the Senate appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom shall be a member of the Judiciary Committee, and five members of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the house, one of whom shall be a member of the Judiciary Committee, for the purpose of inquiry and review of any phase of the operations and the fiscal affairs of any department, institution, board, or agency of the state, to review any findings of abuse or neglect in a juvenile corrections facility, to make a continuing study of the operation of the state's correctional system, and to make a detailed report to the Senate and House of Representatives and submit a copy of its report to the appropriation committee of each house of the Legislature at the next succeeding session of the Legislature or any special session of the Legislature upon request of the body.

The Department of Legislative Audit shall provide assistance, including clerical help, to the committee upon request.

# *§* 2-6-4. Investigative authority of Government Operations and Audit Committee-Subpoenas.

The Government Operations and Audit Committee may examine all records and vouchers, summon witnesses by request or by issuing a subpoena, and thoroughly examine all expenditures and the general management of each department of state government. The Government Operations and Audit Committee may issue a subpoena for the person, documents, or both and use the procedure provided in chapter 21-34 to enforce its subpoena when the subject of the subpoena refuses to comply with the command to appear and testify before the committee. However, no subpoena may be issued until the decision to issue a subpoena by the Government Operations and Audit Committee has been ratified by the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council.

# § 2-6-4.1. Report may be required where audit finding reoccurs--Contents of report.

If an audit report of any department, institution, board, or agency of the state includes an audit finding that also occurred in an immediately preceding year, the Government Operations and Audit Committee may require the department, institution, board, or agency to present a report, as part of its budget hearing, during the succeeding legislative session. The report to the Appropriations Committees shall include the reasons for not implementing the audit recommendations and a corrective action plan.

# § 2-6-4.2. Criteria for issuing subpoena.

Before a subpoena may be issued by the Government Operations and Audit Committee, the committee shall determine that:

(1) A legislative purpose exists pursuant to §§ 2-6-2 and 2-6-4;

(2) The subpoenaed person or documents are relevant and material to accomplish the legislative purpose; and

(3) The information sought is not otherwise practically available.

It is not a legislative purpose to subpoena a person or documents to collect information that may be used for a criminal proceeding or to legislatively determine guilt or inflict punishment upon an identifiable person.

# § 2-6-5. Disobedience of legislative summons as misdemeanor.

Any person who is summoned to attend as a witness before either house of the Legislature or any committee thereof authorized to summon or subpoena witnesses, and who refuses or neglects without lawful excuse to attend pursuant to the summons or subpoena, is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

# *§* 2-6-6. Refusal to testify or produce evidence before Legislature as misdemeanor.

Any person who, being present before either house of the Legislature or any committee thereof authorized to summon witnesses, willfully refuses to be sworn or affirmed, or to answer any material and proper question, or to produce upon reasonable notice any material or proper books, papers, or documents in his possession or under his control, is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

# § 2-6-7. Forfeiture of office by legislator in violation--Disqualification from public office.

The conviction of a member of the Legislature of any crime defined in § 2-6-5 or 2-6-6 involves as a consequence, in addition to the punishment prescribed therein, a forfeiture of his office and disqualifies him from ever thereafter holding any public office under this state.

# § 2-6-8. Retirement laws study committee created--Purpose.

There is hereby created the South Dakota Retirement Laws Committee to make a continuing study of the pension and annuity and benefit laws relating to employees and officers in public service.

# *§ 2-6-9. Appointment and terms of Retirement Laws Committee members--Political affiliations.*

The Retirement Laws Committee shall consist of five members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and five members of the Senate to be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate. The members of the Retirement Laws Committee shall be appointed biennially for terms expiring on January first of each succeeding odd-numbered year and shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and qualified. The appointing authority shall appoint members to proportional the committee to а party's representation in the authority's legislative body. The minority party in each legislative body shall have at least one member.

# *§* 2-6-10. Officers of Retirement Laws Committee--Staff assistance.

The Retirement Laws Committee shall select a chairman and vice-chairman and shall be provided with staff assistance from the Legislative Research Council staff.

# § 2-6-11. Study of retirement laws by committee--Emphasis.

The Retirement Laws Committee shall continue the study of the retirement and pension laws applicable to employees and officers in government service throughout the state and shall appraise and evaluate existing laws relating to retirement and shall give particular study pension. It and consideration to the financial affairs the of retirement funds and shall recommend revisions in financial provisions and methods of amortizing the accrued liabilities of such funds without impairment of any of the rights and equities of participants and beneficiaries but in conformity with sound and established principles of financing retirement fund obligations.

# *§* 2-6-12. Legislative drafts and recommendations by Retirement Laws Committee--Reports--Review of proposals.

The Retirement Laws Committee shall present legislative drafts to effect sound and equitable public employees retirement programs. The Retirement Laws Committee shall study and make recommendations concerning the extension of retirement coverage to public employees to whom retirement protection has not been accorded. The Retirement Laws Committee shall from time to time report to the Legislature which report shall include but not be limited to the financial soundness of the system. The Retirement Laws Committee shall review all proposed legislation that affects public employee retirement in the state and shall make its report to the Legislature. During the legislative session, however, the standing committees established to review retirement laws legislation shall review proposed legislation that affects public employee retirement.

### RULES

**7-1. Committee procedure--Relaxed debate.** The rules of procedure in a committee are the same as the rules of the body insofar as the rules are applicable to committee procedure. However, as conditions permit, the rules limiting debate may be relaxed to allow free discussion and to facilitate the work of the committee. Discussion and debate may be permitted by the chair on an amendment that has not been moved.

**7-1.1. Subcommittees.** The president pro tempore of the Senate, speaker of the House or a chair of a standing committee may designate subcommittees, the number of members to serve on each subcommittee, the chair of each subcommittee, the members of the subcommittee, and the period of time the subcommittee shall serve.

**7-1.2.** Committee action on bills and resolutions. Unless otherwise ordered under Joint Rule 6D-1, all bills or resolutions shall be referred to one of the standing committees. The chair of a standing committee may then assign a bill or resolution to a subcommittee of that standing committee. All subcommittees shall return such bills or resolutions as are assigned to them for consideration, to the standing committee with or without recommendation and within the time which

will permit the full standing committee to act upon the bill or resolution.

**7-1.3. Meetings open to public.** Subject to Article III, Section 15 of the Constitution, all committee or subcommittee meetings shall be open to the public.

7-1.4. Posting of agendas. Agendas of the bills, resolutions, and other proposals to be considered at of standing committee anv meetina а or subcommittee, excepting committee bill introductions, shall be posted on the bulletin board of the respective house. At least one legislative day shall intervene between the date of posting and the date of consideration. An agenda must be posted by 5 p.m. in order to allow for an intervening legislative day. However, if a day of legislative recess intervenes between the date of posting and the date of consideration, the requirement of posting is fulfilled if posting is made by 5 p.m. on the day before the legislative recess.

This rule does not apply to:

- Consideration of a bill or resolution for which action is required pursuant to Joint Rule 7-7; or
- (2) Any bills or resolutions for consideration in an afternoon committee meeting that were on the committee's agenda for its morning meeting on the same day.

The term, consideration, means any taking of testimony by the committee, questioning by the committee, holding of committee discussion, or committee final action on a bill, resolution, or other proposal. **7-1.5. Consideration of matters not posted.** A two-thirds majority of the committee members present may bring a matter up for consideration at any time.

**7-1.6. Final disposition required on all legislative proposals.** A standing committee shall take final disposition on each legislative proposal submitted for committee consideration.

**7-1.7. Vote requirement.** Final disposition on a bill or resolution requires a majority vote of the committee members-elect taken by roll call.

**7-1.8. Final disposition.** Final disposition is any action which moves a bill out of a committee to the floor of a house or to another committee or which removes it from further consideration by the committee. Examples of final disposition include "Do Pass," "Do Pass, Amended," "Refer to Another Committee," "Lay on the Table," and "Defer to 41st Day."

**7-1.9. Attachment of amendments to bills or resolutions reported unfavorably.** Unless a bill has been ordered to be delivered pursuant to Joint Rule 7-7, a committee may amend a bill or resolution that it reports "Do Not Pass" or "Without Recommendation."

**7-1.10. Amendment of a previously tabled bill.** If a bill is removed from the table and amended so that it requires a title amendment, the title must be amended and then the bill reported for a new hearing pursuant to Joint Rule 7-1.4, unless placed by Joint Rule 7-1.5.

**7-2. Committee reports.** Each committee shall report final committee actions on legislative proposals. The chair of a committee shall electronically approve the reports of the committee

and present them to the body when the call for committee reports is made. The chair is responsible for the accuracy and propriety of the chair's statements and shall answer any questions pertaining to the report. This rule does not prohibit the committees on legislative procedure from reporting at any time. Formal actions shall be reported to the body not later than the next legislative day in an informational committee report which is printed in the daily journal.

**7-3. Reports of select committees.** Select committees to which matters are referred shall in all cases report a statement of facts and their opinion on the matters to the body.

**7-4. Dissenting reports.** If the members of a committee cannot agree on its report, the majority and minority may each make a report. Any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasoning and conclusions of both majority and minority may also present a statement of the member's reasoning and conclusions. All reports must be entered in the journal if found by the presiding officer of the floor session to be decorous in language and respectful to the house.

**7-5. Filing of committee minutes.** The minutes of all standing committees shall be prepared and filed on a computerized legislative information system. Computer terminals shall be available in the Presidents' and Speakers' lobbies of the capitol.

**7-6. Contents of committee minutes.** Minutes of standing committees filed pursuant to Joint Rule 7-5 shall contain the number of each proposal considered; the title or a brief summary of each proposal's major provisions; the committee's action, if any, on each proposal, including a brief minority report if requested by any committee member; a

record of how each committee member voted when action was taken, including votes on motions to postpone consideration of proposals; and a list of all persons testifying before the committee on each proposal and the interest they represent. Minutes of budget hearings conducted by an appropriations committee may contain a synopsis of testimony received. Minutes shall be open to the public for inspection.

7-7. Demand for delivery of bill or resolution to house--"Smoke-out." Each house may by motion order its committee to deliver a bill or resolution under its consideration to that house if no more than three legislative days have passed since the committee reported that the bill or resolution was tabled or deferred to the 41st legislative day. If the motion is supported by the vote of one-third or more of the members-elect, the chair of the committee shall, not later than the next legislative day, deliver the bill or resolution to the house without recommendation in the same form the bill or resolution was in when it was tabled or deferred to the 41st legislative day.

Committee recommendation 7-7.1. of "smoked-out" bill or resolution. If a bill or resolution is tabled or deferred to the 41st legislative day by a committee that does not have all members of that committee present, and the bill or resolution is subsequently subject to Joint Rule 7-7, the chair may convene a meeting of the committee with all members of the committee present to consider whether to recommend "Do Pass" or "Do Not Pass" on the bill or resolution. If a majority of all members of the committee do not vote in favor of a "Do Pass" or "Do Not Pass" recommendation on the bill or resolution, the chair shall deliver the bill or resolution in accordance with Joint Rule 7-7

Placement of "smoked-out" 7-8. bill or resolution on calendar. If Joint Rule 7-7 is invoked for a bill or resolution on the last day for passage out of the applicable house, the bill or resolution must be delivered to the House of Representatives or Senate pursuant to Joint Rules 7-7 and 7-7.1, as applicable, on the same legislative day. If reported out of committee pursuant to Joint Rule 7-7.1 with a "Do Pass" recommendation, the bill or resolution is placed on that day's calendar, Chapter 6F notwithstanding. If reported out under Joint Rule 7-7 or out of committee pursuant to Joint Rule 7-7.1 with a "Do Pass" recommendation "without Not or recommendation," the bill or resolution is to be addressed under motions and resolutions and may, by motion approved by a majority of the memberselect of the House of Representatives or Senate, be day's calendar, Chapter 6F placed on that notwithstanding.

**7-9. Calendar committee.** The calendar committee in the Senate consists of the president pro tempore, the Senate majority leader, and the Senate minority leader. The calendar committee in the House consists of the speaker of the House, the House majority leader, and the House minority leader. The committee shall determine the daily legislative calendar.

**7-10. Co-chairs of joint committees.** Chairs of standing committees operating and voting as joint committees shall serve as co-chairs of the joint committees.

**7-11. Introduction of general appropriation bill.** Any general appropriation bill shall be introduced in the House of Representatives in evennumbered years and in the Senate in odd-numbered years. **7-11.1. Selection of revenue targets.** The Joint Committee on Appropriations shall select general fund revenue targets for the current and next fiscal years by February 15th for the purpose of setting appropriations. The Committee may subsequently adjust the general fund revenue targets.

**7-12. Joint committee on appropriations.** The Joint Committee on Appropriations, consisting of the Senate and House Committees on Appropriations, is deemed to be a standing committee of the Senate and House of Representatives for the limited purposes of introducing, hearing, or acting on:

- (1) Agency or other budget presentations;
- (2) Bills authorizing the sale of state property;
- (3) Bills appropriating money; or
- (4) Bills adjusting school district property tax levies.

**7-12.1.** Joint committee on appropriations action. All Joint Committee on Appropriations action shall be approved by a majority vote of the Joint Committee unless a member calls for a separate vote of the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Appropriations in which case a majority vote of each committee is required to adopt the action.

**7-12.2.** Joint committee on appropriations agenda. Each agenda for the Joint Committee on Appropriations shall be electronically approved by the chair of the Senate Committee on Appropriations and the chair of the House Committee on Appropriations. The respective vice chair of each committee may electronically approve the agenda in the absence of the chair.

**7-13. Entertainment of motions.** No motion may be debated until it is seconded. Following the second of a debatable motion, the chair shall first recognize

the member making the motion. See House Rule H3-2 regarding introductory remarks prior to making a motion in a House committee.

7-14. Restatement and reading of motions. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be restated by the chair.

7-15. Withdrawal of motions. After a motion is stated by the chair, it may not be withdrawn without consent of the members who made and seconded the motion.

7-16. Motions. When a guestion is under debate, no motion may be made except the following motions:

- (1)Adjourn; (nondebatable)
- (2) Recess:
- (3)Call the previous question: (nondebatable)
- (4) Lay on the table; (nondebatable)
- (5) Defer to the 41st day;
- (6) Do pass;
- (7)Do pass, amended;
- (8) Do not pass;
- Do not pass, amended; (9)
- (10)Without recommendation;
- Without recommendation, amended; (11)
- (12) Defer to a day certain;
- (13) Refer to another committee;
- Refer to another committee, amended; (14)
- (15) Refer to another committee, with or without recommendation:
- (16) Do adopt;
- (17) Do concur; (18) Amend;
- (19) Approve or amend minutes; and
- (20) Appoint a subcommittee.

**7-17.** Application and nondebatability of motions to lay on the table. A motion to lay on the table which effects a disposition on the merits of any bill or resolution requires the vote of a majority of the committee members-elect to carry and shall be decided without debate. No other motion may be made until the members have voted on the motion to lay on the table. Any other motion to lay on the table requires the vote of a majority of the committee members present and shall be decided without debate. No committee member may make introductory remarks prior to making a motion to lay on the table.

**7-18.** Scope of motions to lay on the table. A motion to lay on the table may be made so as to apply either to the main question or to a proposed amendment or to the bill and all pending amendments, and the motion shall clearly state to which it is intended to apply.

**7-19. Motion to take from the table or to reconsider the bill.** Whenever any bill or resolution is laid on the table or deferred to a day certain beyond sine die, it requires a majority vote of the committee members-elect to take it from the table or to reconsider the bill or resolution which was deferred. The motion to take from the table or to reconsider is debatable.

**7-20.** Scope of motion to defer to day certain beyond sine die. The rules pertaining to motions to table and to defer to a day certain beyond sine die shall be the same except that a motion to defer to a day certain beyond sine die is debatable.

**7-21. Motion to call the previous question.** A motion for the previous question shall be decided immediately by a majority of the committee members present and without debate. The motion

shall clearly indicate the question to which it applies. No committee member may make introductory remarks prior to making a motion to call the previous question. The effect of adopting a motion to call the previous question is to close debate, to prevent the moving of amendments or other subsidiary motions, and to bring to vote immediately the question to be voted upon. The effect of defeating a motion to call the previous question is to allow continuation of debate on the question before the committee.

**7-22.** Priority of vote after call of the previous **question.** After a motion to call the previous question has prevailed, it is not in order to move to adjourn, prior to a decision of the question before the committee.

**7-23. Dilatory motions to defer or refer.** If a motion to defer to a day certain, to defer indefinitely or to refer to another committee is decided in the negative, such motion is not again in order at the same stage of consideration of the bill or proposition.

**7-24. Motion to postpone as final action.** A motion to defer indefinitely or to a date beyond the sine die adjournment of the Legislature requires the vote of a majority of the committee members-elect.

**7-25. Germaneness of amendments.** No motion to amend a bill is in order unless it is germane to the subject as expressed in the title of the bill.

**7-26. Limitations on number of motions to amend and substitute motions.** When a motion or proposition is under consideration, a motion to amend and a motion to amend that amendment is in order. It is also in order to offer a further amendment as a substitute, but such substitute is not subject to amendment. **7-27. Division of the question.** Any member may call for a division of the question. The chair shall divide the question if it contains questions so distinct that, one being taken away, the rest may stand as a separate proposition. A member may not call for the division of a bill.

7-28. Committee procedure -Remote electronic testimony. During any regular or special session of the Legislature, a committee chair may permit a person to appear from a remote site and give testimony before the committee hv electronic audio or video means. A person shall make a request to the committee chair to give testimony under this section at least twenty-four start of the committee hours before the meeting. The committee chair may waive this requirement if the chair deems the person's testimony necessary for immediate committee discussion

### 7-29. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 8. CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

Appointment and composition 8-1. of conference committees. In every case of disagreement between the two houses, if either house requests a conference and appoints а committee for that purpose, the other house shall appoint a committee to confer with a like committee of the other house upon the subject of the disagreement, and to report back to its house of appointment. Each conference committee shall consist of three members of each house. The members from the House of Representative shall be appointed by the speaker of the House and the members from the Senate shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate. Insofar as possible, members appointed to conference committees shall be representative of the decision within the house upon the issue under consideration.

committee 8-2. Conference meetings, committee reports, and reports must be germane. Conference committees shall meet in open session, and minutes shall be taken and prepared in a like manner as provided for in Joint Rule 7-6. The presiding officer of the floor session of the house of origin shall announce to that body the time and location of each conference committee The co-chairs of each conference meetina. committee shall report the results of each meeting to the body in a conference committee report electronically approved by both. The conference committee report must be germane to the title of the bill as submitted to the conference committee. The adoption of any conference committee report must be approved by the recorded affirmative vote of at least two members from each house.

**8-3. Final disposition of report and distribution of reports.** Adoption of a conference committee report recommending passage of a bill or adoption of a resolution constitutes final disposition. The vote required to concur in the amendments of the other House or to adopt a conference committee report is the same as that required for final passage of the bill or resolution taking such bill or resolution as a whole. Before the final vote on the adoption of a conference committee report may be taken, any member of the body may require that the report be made available in electronic form or be distributed in written form to the members of the body, if not available in electronic form.

**8-4. Member may move to not appoint a subsequent conference committee--Final disposition.** However, if a conference committee report is not adopted, any member may move not to appoint a new conference committee. If that motion prevails it constitutes final disposition of that bill or resolution.

### CHAPTER 9. COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

**9-1. Designation of committee of the whole chair.** If either house sits as a committee of the whole, the president pro tempore in the Senate and the speaker in the House of Representatives shall name a member as chair of the house concerned, who shall be vested with all the authority of that house's presiding officer while the committee of the whole is in session.

**9-2. Rules of the committee of the whole.** The rules observed by the house concerned shall govern as far as practicable, except that:

- (1) The yeas and nays may not be called;
- (2) The previous question may not be enforced; and
- (3) The time of speaking may not be limited.

**9-3.** Adjournment of the committee of the whole. A motion that the committee rise is always in order and shall be decided without debate.

## CHAPTER 10. JOURNALS

### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

# Art. III, § 13. Legislative journals--Recording of yeas and nays.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same from time to time, except such parts as require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of members on any question shall be taken at the desire of one-sixth of those present and entered upon the journal.

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

#### § 2-7-7. Officers to keep legislative journals--Custody and disposition of bills and documents.

It shall be the duty of the secretary of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives to keep correct journals of the proceedings of the senate and house, respectively; to have the custody of all records, accounts, and other papers committed to them and at the close of each session of the Legislature to deposit for safekeeping in the Office of the Secretary of State all books, bills, documents, resolutions, and papers in the possession of the Legislature, correctly labeled, folded, and classified, and generally to perform such duties as shall be assigned them by the senate or house, respectively; provided, such journals shall be deposited within forty days after the adjournment of the Legislature.

# § 2-7-8. Repealed.

# § 2-7-10. Permanent journals as official record of proceedings.

The corrected daily copies of the journal of the Senate and House of Representatives, together with

the index thereof, shall constitute, and be the official permanent record of the legislative proceedings.

# § 2-7-11. Index and distribution of journals.

The Legislative Research Council shall prepare and include the journal indexes of the Legislature within ninety days after copy therefor has been furnished. The Legislative Research Council shall provide for the electronic distribution of the daily journals at least two hours before the convening of the Legislature on the next legislative day.

# § 2-7-12. Certified copies of journals as prima facie evidence of proceedings.

Duly certified copies of such journals shall be received in all courts of the state as original evidence, and the volumes wherein the same are published by authority of the state, shall be prima facie evidence of such proceedings.

#### RULES

**10-1. Daily journal.** A journal of each house shall be made available daily by posting to the Legislative Research Council internet site by the following morning. The journal need not be read unless ordered. The secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House shall report on the correctness of the journal to the committees on legislative procedure. The committees on legislative procedure shall in turn report to their respective houses.

**10-2. Journal contents.** In keeping a correct journal, the secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House shall record in the journals of their respective houses the motions, rules, and decisions of the respective houses.

**10-3. Journal format and certification.** The secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House shall each furnish a corrected copy of their

respective compiled daily journals to the printer having the contract for the printing of the journals. The secretary and the chief clerk shall preface the journals by a title to appear on the first page of the permanent volumes of the journals, substantially as follows:

> (Proceedings of the Senate or House of Representatives) of the Legislative Session State of South Dakota (Seal of State) Begun and Held at Pierre South Dakota on Tuesday, January \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_ and Concluded \_\_\_\_\_\_ March, \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_ Published under the Direction and Authority of the Legislature

On the second page of the journal the secretary or chief clerk shall certify that the record contains a full, true, and correct proceeding of the legislative session.

One copy each of the daily permanent journals of the House and Senate shall be certified as follows:

I hereby certify that the following (Senate or House) journal of the \_\_\_\_\_legislative day is correct.

(Secretary of the Senate or Chief Clerk of the House)

The certified copies shall be filed with the secretary of state not later than forty days after the adjournment of the Legislature. 10-4. Repealed.

### CHAPTER 11. RULES

#### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

#### Art. III, § 9. Each house as judge of qualifications--Quorum--Rules of proceedings--Officers and employees.

Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members.

A majority of the members of each house shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day-to-day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such a manner and under such penalty as each house may provide. Each house shall determine the rules of its proceedings, shall choose its own officers and employees and fix the pay thereof, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution.

### RULES

**11-1. Joint rule suspension or amendment.** No joint rule may be suspended or amended without the concurrence of a two-thirds majority of the members-elect of either house. The final vote on any amendment may not be taken upon the same day it was offered.

**11-2.** Adopting joint rules. A joint rule may be adopted by concurrence of a majority of the members-elect of each house.

**11-3. Proceedings governed by Mason's Manual.** In all cases not covered by these rules, *Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure* governs the proceedings of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

# CHAPTER 12. VOTING REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURE

### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

# Art. III, § 18. Enacting clause--Assent by majority--Recording of votes.

The enacting clause of a law shall be: "Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of South Dakota" and no law shall be passed unless by assent of a majority of all the members elected to each house of the Legislature. And the question upon the final passage shall be taken upon its last reading, and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal.

# *Art. XI, § 13. Vote required to increase certain tax rates or valuations.*

The rate of taxation imposed by the state of South Dakota on personal or corporate income or on sales or services, or the allowable levies or the percentage basis for determining valuation as fixed by law for purposes of taxation on real or personal property, shall not be increased unless by consent of the people by exercise of their right of initiative or by two-thirds vote of all the members elect of each branch of the Legislature.

# Art. XI, § 14. Vote required to impose or increase taxes.

The rate of taxation imposed by the State of South Dakota in regard to any tax may not be increased and no new tax may be imposed by the State of South Dakota unless by consent of the people by exercise of their right of initiative or by two-thirds vote of all the members elect of each branch of the Legislature.

# Art. XII, § 2. Contents of general appropriation bill--Separate appropriation bills.

The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing

but appropriations for ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state, the current expenses of state institutions, interest on the public debt, and for common schools. All other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one object, and shall require a two-thirds vote of all the members of each branch of the Legislature.

#### Art. XXIII, § 1. Amendments.

Amendments to this Constitution may be proposed by initiative or by a majority vote of all members of each house of the Legislature. An amendment proposed by initiative shall require a petition signed by qualified voters equal in number to at least ten percent of the total votes cast for Governor in the last gubernatorial election. The petition containing the text of the proposed amendment and the names and addresses of its sponsors shall be filed at least one year before the next general election at which the proposed amendment is submitted to the voters. A proposed amendment may amend one or more articles and related subject matter in other articles as necessary to accomplish the objectives of the amendment; however, no proposed amendment may embrace more than one subject. If more than one amendment is submitted at the same election, each amendment shall be so prepared and distinguished that it can be voted upon separately.

### STATUTORY PROVISIONS

### § 4-8A-1. Definition of terms.

Terms as used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, mean:

(1) "General appropriation act," the bill enacted by the Legislature in accordance with the provisions of S.D. Const., Art. XII, § 2, requiring a majority vote of all the members of each house of the Legislature; (2) "General contingency funds," appropriated funds for expenditures arising from or subject to unforeseen conditions of a department's or institution's operations for which a general fund appropriation has not been provided and which are deemed by the Governor and the special committee to be in the interest of the state and its agencies or institutions;

(3) "Maintenance and repair," expenditures authorized for contractual services for repairs, alterations and additions to physical plant and expenditures for supplies and materials purchased by a state institution or agency to be used in the repair, alteration or additions to physical plant, where the same are to be repaired or altered by the use of institution or agency employees, and expenditures for replacement of equipment, the primary use of which is for repair and alteration of physical plant;

(4) "Program," major services rendered by a department for a single identifiable purpose as appropriated within a department budget;

(5) "Special committee," the committee created by § 4-8A-2.

#### RULES

**12-1. Voting required, exceptions, passes.** Each member who is in the chamber when a question is put shall vote unless the body excuses the member. A member may pass only once on any roll call vote.

**12-2. Voting restrictions.** No member may vote on any question unless within the chamber and voting before the result of the vote is announced.

**12-3. Voting procedures.** Questions shall be put in this form: "As many as favor the question, as stated, say 'Yea'; as many as are opposed to the

question, as stated, 'Nay'." If the presiding officer of a floor session doubts the result of a vote or if a division is called for, the members shall divide. Those in the affirmative shall rise from their seats and remain standing until counted. A vote of "aye" or "yes" shall be recorded as "yea" and a vote of "no" shall be recorded as "nay."

**12-4. Changing votes.** If the yeas and nays have been taken on any question, no member may change a vote after the decision is announced from the chair, unless by unanimous consent of the house.

**12-5. Majority vote required for resolutions.** Any joint or concurrent resolution requires a majority vote of the members elected to each house of the Legislature, and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal. Any House or Senate resolution requires a majority vote of the members elected to that house, and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal.

**12-6.** Two-thirds majority vote required to repeal or amend a sunset provision in the case of a tax statute. Any repeal of or amendment to a provision which automatically abolishes the imposition of a tax at a specified time allowing the tax to continue in force requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members elect.

**12-7. Voting Standard.** Except when otherwise provided under the South Dakota Constitution, these joint rules, Senate rules, House rules, or South Dakota codified law, vote requirements for all motions shall be based on the majority of the members present and voting.

**12-8.** Vote required for certain fees. If a bill proposes to increase a fee, impose a new fee, or authorize a state agency to impose or increase a fee

and the new fee or increased fee amount is deposited in the general fund or in a continuously appropriated fund, the bill requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members-elect for passage. For purposes of this joint rule, the term, fee, means a financial payment or charge imposed by the state and does not include a financial payment or charge imposed by a political subdivision.

#### CHAPTER 13. CONSENT CALENDAR

**13-1. Consent calendar recommendations by standing committees.** Each standing committee may report an uncontested bill or resolution out of committee with the recommendation that it be placed on the consent calendar. As used in this rule, an "uncontested bill or resolution" is any bill or resolution, except a revenue measure, which receives a do-pass or do-pass-as-amended recommendation from the committee to which it is referred, by unanimous vote of the members present.

13-2. Consent calendar placement, objections.

If any bill or resolution receives an affirmative "Do Pass" vote of all members present of the committee, the committee chair may certify the bill or resolution as uncontested for placement on the consent calendar. If any committee member objects to the committee chair's certification, the bill or resolution may not be certified for placement on the consent calendar. Any bill or resolution certified by a committee chair must be placed on the consent calendar by the secretary of the Senate or the chief clerk of the House of Representatives. If any member objects to the placement or retention of any bill or resolution on the consent calendar during a floor session, the bill or resolution must be removed from the consent calendar and placed on the house calendar for second reading on the following legislative day. The objection is not debatable. No consent calendar bill or resolution may be considered for adoption until the legislative day following the day of its placement on the consent calendar.

**13-3. Consent calendar scheduling.** The calendar committee in each house may schedule consent calendar bills and resolutions at any time.

**13-4.** Consent calendar items--Questions, voting. Bills and resolutions on the consent calendar are not debatable. The presiding officer of the floor session shall allow a reasonable time for questions from the floor and shall permit the proponents of the bills or resolutions to answer the questions. Immediately before voting on the first bill or resolution on the consent calendar, the presiding officer of the floor session shall call to the attention of the members the fact that the next roll call will be the roll call on the bill or resolution on the consent calendar.

#### CHAPTER 14. EFFECTIVE DATE OF LEGISLATION AND VETO CONSIDERATIONS

### **CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS**

### *Art. III, § 22. Effective date of acts--Emergency clause.*

No act shall take effect until ninety days after the adjournment of the session at which it passed, unless in case of emergency, (to be expressed in the preamble or body of the act) the Legislature shall by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected of each house, otherwise direct.

### Art. IV, § 4. Veto power.

Whenever the Legislature is in session, any bill presented to the Governor for signature shall become law when the Governor signs the bill or fails to veto the bill within five days, not including Saturdays, Sundays, or holidays, of presentation. A vetoed bill shall be returned by the Governor to the Legislature together with the Governor's objections within five days, not including Saturdays, Sundays, or holidays, of presentation if the Legislature is in session or upon the reconvening of the Legislature from a recess. Any vetoed bill shall be reconsidered by the Legislature and, if two-thirds of all members of each house shall pass the bill, it shall become law. Whenever a bill has been presented to the Governor and the Legislature has adjourned sine die or recessed for more than five days within five days from presentation, the bill shall become law when the Governor signs the bill or fails to veto it within fifteen days after such adjournment or start of the recess.

The Governor may strike any items of any bill passed by the Legislature making appropriations. The procedure for reconsidering items struck by the Governor shall be the same as is prescribed for the passage of bills over the executive veto. All items not struck shall become law as provided herein.

Bills with errors in style or form may be returned to the Legislature by the Governor with specific recommendations for change. Bills returned shall be treated in the same manner as vetoed bills except that specific recommendations for change as to style or form may be approved by a majority vote of all the members of each house. If the Governor certifies that the bill conforms with the Governor's specific recommendations, the bill shall become law. If the Governor fails to certify the bill, it shall be returned to the Legislature as a vetoed bill.

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

### § 2-14-16. Effective date of legislative acts.

Subject to the provisions of the Constitution and statutes relating to vetoes and the referendum, an act of the Legislature which does not prescribe when it shall take effect, if passed at a regular session, takes effect on the first day of July after its passage and if passed at a special session on the ninety-first day after the final adjournment of such session.

### § 2-7-20.1. Certificate of conformity by Legislature in form and style.

Whenever the Governor certifies, pursuant to paragraph four of section 4 of article IV of the Constitution, that the Legislature has conformed a bill to the Governor's recommendations, that certificate must be typed and signed on the enrolled bill.

### § 2-7-20.2. Veto of bills passed before last four session days--Message to house of origin--Reconsideration--Filing with secretary of state.

Whenever the Governor vetoes any bill or any items of a bill presented to the Governor five or more calendar days before an adjournment or a recess of the Legislature, the Governor shall transmit the Governor's veto message with the original bill to the secretary of the Senate or chief clerk of the House of Representatives, whichever was the house of origin, on the date of the Governor's exercise of the power, but no later than noon on the last legislative day prior to adjournment or recess. The officer of the house receiving the veto message shall certify original copy of the the bill whether on reconsideration was had and the vote on any reconsideration and shall transmit the bill and veto message to the secretary of state for filing when the time for reconsideration has passed.

#### § 2-7-20.3. Veto of bills too late for return to Legislature--Transmittal to secretary of state.

Whenever the Governor vetoes a bill or any items of a bill presented to the Governor during the final four days preceding an adjournment or a recess, and it cannot be transmitted to the house of origin in session, the Governor shall transmit the original bill and the Governor's veto message to the secretary of state within one day following the Governor's veto, but no later than the sixteenth day following adjournment or recess.

# § 2-7-20.4. Bills becoming law without Governor's signature or objections.

Whenever the Governor fails to veto any bill which shall become law without the Governor's signature or the certificate referred to in § 2-7-20.1, the Governor shall deliver it to the secretary of state, who shall note, beneath the signature line provided for the Governor, that it was delivered by the Governor without the Governor's signature and without objection. The secretary of state may not file or record any communication relating to the Governor's reasons for not signing the bill.

#### CHAPTER 15. INTERHOUSE COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSMISSIONS

**15-1.** Communications by messages. Any communication between the Senate and the House of Representatives shall be by message which shall be approved by the secretary or chief clerk, respectively, and transmitted to the house to which it is addressed.

**15-2.** Notification of bill or resolution rejection. If a bill or joint resolution which has passed one house is rejected by the other, the

house of origin shall be immediately notified of this action.

**15-3.** Notification of bill or resolution deferred to the **41st day.** If the consideration of any bill or joint resolution which originated in one house shall be postponed in the other house to a day so distant that it will not be taken up again by the present session, the house of origin shall be immediately notified of such action.

### CHAPTER 16. JOINT SESSION

**16-1. Organization of a joint session.** While the two houses are acting together on any matter, the president of the Senate shall preside and all questions of order shall be decided by the president, subject to an appeal of both houses, as though but one body was in session.

**16-2. Call of the house.** A call of the members of either house may be had in joint session by order of the house in which the call is desired.

**16-3. Recording of the proceedings.** The secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House shall be the clerks of the joint session and keep a record of the proceedings and enter the record in the journals of the Senate or of the House.

**16-4.** Motion to defer or adjourn. Any motion to defer or adjourn shall be decided by a joint vote of both houses, and, if required, the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journals of both houses.

**16-5. Suspension of floor privileges.** During a joint session, former Governors, Lieutenant Governors, members of the Congress of the United States from South Dakota and former members of the South Dakota Legislature may not be admitted

to the chamber. The presiding officer of the joint session shall instruct the sergeant at arms to provide a reserve seating section in the chamber gallery for these former officials who wish to witness the joint session.

## CHAPTER 17. LEGISLATIVE DEADLINES

Legislative Deadlines	
Legislative Action	40 Day Session
A. Last day for unlimited introduction of individual bills and joint resolutions, concurrent resolutions, and resolutions of the house of origin <sup>1</sup>	12th Day
B. Last day for introduction of individual bills, joint resolutions, concurrent resolutions, and resolutions of the house of origin <sup>1</sup>	15th Day
C. Last day for introduction of committee bills and joint resolutions <sup>1</sup>	16th Day
D. Last day to move required delivery of bills, joint resolutions, concurrent resolutions, or resolutions of the house of origin by a committee to the house of origin; and last day upon which Joint Rule 5-17 can be invoked on a bill or resolution in either house	27th Day
E. Last day to pass bills or joint resolutions by the house of origin and to invoke Joint Rule 7-7 in the house of origin	28th Day
F. Last day for introduction of commemorations <sup>1</sup>	33rd Day
G. During the seven final legislative days motions to reconsider and	34th Day

reconsideration being made upon the same day (any time before adjournment)	
H. Last day to move required delivery of bills, joint resolutions, or concurrent resolutions by a committee to the second house	35th Day
I. Last day for a bill, joint resolution, or concurrent resolution to pass both houses; and to invoke Joint Rule 7-7 in the second house	36th Day
J. The last day of a legislative session is reserved for the consideration of vetoes	40th Day
<sup>1</sup> Bills, concurrent resolutions, Senate resolutions, House resolutions, and joint resolutions must be submitted to the Legislative Research Council in advance of the deadline pursuant to Joint Rule 6A-5.	

Exceptions 17-1. to deadlines for appropriation bills. Any general appropriation bill, bill that amends a prior year's general anv appropriations bill, or any bill that adjusts school property tax levies pursuant district to an appropriations bill is not subject to the legislative deadlines of C, D, E, H, and I, in this chapter, except that the general appropriation bill requested by the Governor shall be subject to legislative deadline C.

Any appropriation bill that is not a general appropriation bill, which is referred to or reported to the floor by the Joint Committee on Appropriations, is subject to the following legislative deadlines, in lieu of the legislative deadlines of D and E, in this chapter:

- Last day to move required delivery of bills by a committee to the house of origin: 30th Day;
- (2) Last day to pass bills by the house of origin: 31st Day.

**17-2. Calendar less than 40 days** If a Session Calendar is adopted for a period of thirty-five (35) days to thirty-nine (39) days, inclusive, the legislative deadlines set forth in Chapter 17 of the Joint Rules shall be decreased as follows:

- Decrease the deadlines occurring after the 16<sup>th</sup> day but prior to the 34<sup>th</sup> day by one (1) day for every two (2) days by which the length of the adopted calendar is less than forty (40) days;
- (2) Decrease the deadlines occurring on and after the 34<sup>th</sup> day by the same number of days by which the length of the adopted calendar is less than forty (40) days.
| Bills and Resolutions      | 120      |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Actuarial Statements       | 129      |
| Amendments                 | 133      |
| Engrossing and Enrolling   | 136      |
| Fiscal Notes               | 129      |
| General Appropriation Bill | 120      |
| Introduction               | 124      |
| Posting Agendas            | 147      |
| Referral                   | 132      |
| Second Reading             | 134      |
| Sponsorship                | 124      |
| Substitute Bills           | 133      |
| Three Day Rule             | 122      |
| Withdrawal of Bills        | 126      |
| Call of the House          | 107, 172 |
| Code of Conduct            | 104      |
| Commemorations             | 139      |
| Committees                 | 141      |
| Committee of the Whole     | 158      |
| Committees, Senate         | 74       |
| Committees, House          | 86       |
| Communications, Interhouse | 171      |
| Conference Committees      | 156      |
| Consent Calendar           | 167      |
| Consent Calendar, Senate   | 75       |
| Consent Calendar, House    | 95       |
| Deadlines                  | 173      |
| Debate                     | 85       |
| Decorum                    | 102      |
| Disciplinary Committee     | 77, 91   |
| Dissent                    | 101      |
| Division of the Question   | 117      |
| Effective Date             | 168      |
| Electronic Testimony       | 156      |
| Employees                  | 108      |
| Employees, Senate          | 73       |
| Employees, House           | 83       |

Manual of the Legislature	178
Executive Nominations	76
Floor Privileges	107
Joint Session	172
Journals	159
Recording yeas and nays	159
Meetings of Senate	72
Meetings of House	85
Motions	115
Order of Business	113
Presiding Officers	98
Presiding Officers, Senate	71
Presiding Officers, House	83
Quorum	106
Reconsideration	118
Relaxed Debate	146
Rules, Adoption of Senate	75
Rules, Adoption of House	87
Rules, Suspension or Amendment	162
Seating Assignments	72, 85
Veto Consideration	169
Voting Procedure, House	88
Voting Requirements	165

## PROCEDURE AT A GLANCE (FORMAT: ACTION / CITE / REQUIRED VOTE)

**Adjournment** / J.R. 5-4 / Termination of meeting / Majority of members present / Not debatable.

**Amendment, to state constitution** (by Joint Resolution) / S.D. Const. Art. XXIII, § 1 / Majority of members-elect.

**Appeal the Decision of the Chair** / J.R. 1-3 / Majority of members-present.

## Appointments, confirmation of gubernatorial /

SDCL 1-7-9, S7-1 / Majority vote of senators-elect.

Appropriations (other than General Appropriations Bill) / S.D. Const. Art. XII, § / 2/3 vote of the members-elect.

## Calendar, placing of bills on:

"Do Not Pass" bills / J.R. 6F-6 / Majority of members-elect. "Without Recommendation" bills / J.R. 6F-6 / Majority of members-elect.

**Call of the House** / J.R. 2-2 / Compel attendance of absent members / 1/6 of members-elect.

Change of Vote / J.R. 12-4 / Unanimous consent.

**Changing Order of Business** / J.R. 4-3 / Revert to or pass to a new order of business / Majority of members present.

**Conference Committee Report Adoption** / J.R. 8-3 / Same as final passage of the bill or resolution.

**Consideration of Matters Not Posted** / J.R. 7-1.5 / 2/3 of committee members-present.

**Discipline of Member** / See Senate Chapter 8 or House Chapter 6.

**Division of Question** / J.R. 5-9 / No vote necessary / Decision of presiding officer.

**Emergency Measure** / S.D. Const. Art. III, § 1 / Bills necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or the support of the state government / 2/3 vote of members-elect.

**General Appropriations Bill** / S.D. Const. Art. XII, § 2 and SDCL 4-8A-1(1) / Majority of memberselect.

**Lay-Over Motion** / J.R. 5-17 / Final action upon pending amendment delayed until the next legislative day / Not amendable / Not debatable / 1/5 of members-elect.

**Postpone Indefinitely or to a Date Beyond Adjournment** /J.R. 5-8.1 / Majority of memberselect.

**Previous Question Motion** / J.R. 5-6 / Not debatable / Majority of members-present.

**Recess** / J.R. 5-3 / Suspension of meeting / Majority of members-elect.

**Reconsideration** / J.R. 5-11.1 / Majority vote of members-elect. Unanimous consent if motion to reconsider same question made twice. (Only final disposition of bills and joint resolutions and override of vetoes may be reconsidered.)

**Resolutions** / J.R. 12-5 / All resolutions require a majority vote of the members-elect.

**Resolution of disapproval** / S.D. Const. Art IV § 8 / Majority of members-elect of either house.

**Roll Call Vote**, request for / S.D. Const. Art. III, § 13 / 1/6 of members-present.

**Rules Adoption** / J.R. 11-2, S5-1, H4-1 / Majority of members-elect.

Rules Amendment / J.R. 11-1, S5-1, H4-1/ 2/3 of members-elect.

Rules Suspension / J.R. 11-1, S5-1, H4-1 / 2/3 of members-elect.

**Smoke Out** / J.R. 7-7 / Requires a committee to deliver a bill to the floor by the next legislative day / 1/3 of members-elect.

**Special Orders** / J.R. 4-2 / Majority of members present.

**Strike Enacting Clause** / J.R. 5-10 & J.R. 7-1.7 / Majority of members-elect.

**Table, Lay on the** / J.R. 5-5 / Not debatable / Majority of members-elect, when motion effects disposition of a bill; majority of members present required on all other tabling motions.

**Table, Take from the** / J.R. 5-5.2 / Debatable /Majority of members-elect.

Tax Increases and New Taxes / S.D. Const. Art. XI, § 14 / Any new tax or increase in an existing tax / 2/3 vote of the members- elect.

**Veto, Override** / S.D. Const. Art. IV, § 4 / 2/3 of the members-elect.

Withdrawal of Motion / J.R. 5-2.2 / Unanimous consent of members-present.

STANDING COMMITTEES

- 2024	
on Meeting Schedule – 2024	
99th Legislative Session	

TIME	ROOM	MONDAY/WEDNESDAY/FRIDAY	TUESDAY/THURSDAY
7:45 – 9:45 a.m.	414	House State Affairs Rep. Will Mortenson, Chair John McCullough, Staff	House Ag & Natural Resources Rep. Roger Chase, Chair Lance Nixon, Stoff
7:45 – 9:45 a.m.	413	House Education Rep. Mike Stevens, Chair Jacob Carlson, Staff	Senate Judiciary Sen. Helene Duhamel, Chair Melanie Dumdei, Staff
7:45 – 9:45 a.m.	412	Senate Health & Human Services Sen. Erin Tobin, Chair Anna Madsen, Staff	House Health & Human Services Rep. Kevin Jensen, Chair Anita Thomas, Staff
7:45 – 9:45 a.m.	423	<b>Senate Transportation</b> Sen. Joshua Klumb, Chair Amanda Marsh, Staff	Senate Education Sen. Kyle Schoenfish, Chair Jacob Carlson, Staff
7:45 – 9:45 a.m.	464		House Taxation Rep. Kirk Chaffee, Chair John McCullough, Staff
8:00 a.m. – Noon	Appropriations 362	Joint Committee on Appropriations Rep. Mike Derby, Lead Co-Chair, Sen. Jean Hunhoff, Co-Chair Mehlhoff, Jessop, Knofczynski, Douglas, Honan, Staff	n Appropriations , Sen. Jean Hunhoff, Co-Chair ski, Douglas, Honan, Staff

TIME	ROOM	MONDAY/WEDNESDAY/FRIDAY	TUESDAY/THURSDAY
10:00 a.m. – Noon	414	Senate State Affairs Sen. Casey Crabtree, Chair Amanda Marsh, Staff	House Local Government Rep. Becky Drury, Chair Anna Madsen, Staff
10:00 a.m. – Noon	413	House Judiciary Rep. Jon Hansen, Chair Melante Dumdei, Staff	House Transportation Rep. Rocky Blare, Chair Amanda Marsh, Staff
10:00 a.m. – Noon	412	Senate Local Government Sen. Tim Reed, Chair Jacob Carlson, Staff	Senate Commerce & Energy Sen. David Wheeler, Chair Hillary Larsen, Staff
10:00 a.m. – Noon	423	Senate Taxation Sen. Jim Stalzer, Chair Lance Nixon, Staff	Senate Ag & Natural Resources Sen. Herman Otten, Chair Anita Thomas, Staff
10:00 a.m. – Noon	464	House Commerce & Energy Rep. Mike Weisgram, Chair Hillary Larsen, Staff	
Meets at the Call of the Chair	Government ( Legislati Military & Veter R	Government Operations & Audit (Chairs: Sen. Wink & Rep. Otten/Auditor General/Dumdei) Legislative Procedure (Chairs: Rep. Bartels & Sen. Schoenbeck/John McCullough) Military & Veterans Affairs (Chairs: [H/MWF PM] Rep. Reisch & [S/TTH PM] Sen. D. Johnson/Carlson) Retirement Laws (Chairs: Sen. Bolin & Rep. Bartels/Mitch Honan)	Rep. Otten/Auditor General/Dumdei) Schoenbeck/John McCullough) ich & [S/TTH PM] Sen. D. Johnson/Carlson) . Bartels/Mitch Honan)
This schedule and	all Legislative Resea	This schedule and all Legislative Research Council documents are available on the LRC home page: sdlegislature.gov.	LRC home page: sdlegislature.gov.

## 99th SOUTH DAKOTA LEGISLATIVE SESSION CALENDAR $2024 \bigotimes 38$ Legislative Days

Please refer to the Joint Rules, Chapter 17 for complete information.

			January 2024			
Sun	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sat
	1	2	3	4	5	9
7	8	9 Session Opens 12 Noon(CST)	<b>10</b> State of the Judiciary 11:00am	11	12	13
		State of the State	State of the Tribes 1:00pm			
		LD 1	LD 2	LD 3	LD 4	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Martin Luther King Jr. Day	Executive orders filed (Constitution, Art. IV, Sec. 8)		Jt. Memorial Service 3:00pm		
		LD 5	LD 6	LD 7	LD 8	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
		Bill and resolution draft requests due to LRC by 5:00pm (for unlimited introduction)		Last day for unlimited bill and resolution introduction (JR 6B-3) (TWO HOURS prior to session)		
	FD 9	LD 10	LD 11	LD 12		

			February 2024			
Sun	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sat
28	29	30	31	1	2	æ
	All bill and resolution draft requests due to LRC by 5:00pm	Committee bill and resolution draft requests due to LRC by 5:00pm	Last day for introduction Last day for introduction of individual bills and of committee bills and resolutions (TWO resolutio	Last day for introduction of committee bills and resolutions (TWO		
	LD 13	LD 14			LD 17	
4	5	6	7	8	6	10
	LD 18	LD 19	LD 20	LD 21		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
				Last day for JCA selection of general fund		
				revenue targets (JR 7-11.1)		
	LD 22	LD 23	LD 24	LD 25		
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	Presidents' Day	Last day to use JR 5-17, AND Last day to move required delivery of bills or resolutions by a committee to the house of origin	Last day to invoke JR 7-7 in the house of origin, AND Last day to pass Bills or joint resolutions by the house of origin (Crossover Day)		Last day for JCA to move required delivery of special appropriation bills to house of origin (JR 17-1)	
		LD 26	LD 27	LD 28	LD 29	

			March 2024			
Sun	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sat
25	26	27	28	29	1	2
	Commemoration requests due to LRC by 5:00pm, AND Last day for house of origin to pass special appropriation bills referred from JCA (R 17-1) LD 30.	LD 31.	JR 5-13 in effect, AND Last day for introduction of commemorations (TWO HOURS prior to session) LD 32.	Last day to move required delivery of bills or joint resolutions by a committee to the second house LD 33		
m	4 Last day for a bill or joint resolution to pass both houses, AND Last day to invoke JR 7-7 in the second house LD 34	<b>5</b> LD 35	<b>6</b>	7 LD 37	00	ი
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25 Reserved for consideration of gubernatorial vetoes LD 38	26	27	28	29	30