2021 South Dakota Legislature

House Concurrent Resolution 6001

AMENDMENT HCR6001B FOR THE INTRODUCED BILL

1	A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION, supporting the amendment of the Sioux - Dakota
2	Removal Act.
3	WHEREAS, the land located in and around present-day Minnesota was inhabited by the
4	Dakota, Anishinaabe, and Ho-Chunk (Winnebago) Native Americans for thousands of years
5	before European discovery of North America, making these lands, lakes, and rivers the
6	indigenous homes to these tribes aboriginal homeland to the Dakota and other indigenous
7	nations; and
8	WHEREAS, on May 11, 1858, the State of Minnesota was established, and with it, came a
9	myriad of settlers encroaching upon the lands of the Dakota people beginning a tenuous
10	following years of land cessions and treaty process between the United States and making
11	that eventually reduced the lands of the Dakota and Minnesota to a ten mile strip along the
12	tribesMinnesota River; and
13	WHEREAS, by August of 1862 the treaties, relations had become strained to the point of
14	conflict due to continued settler encroachment on Dakota lands, the delay of United States
15	treaty payments and obligations to the Dakota, and the refusal of traders to sell to the tribes,
16	resulting in starvation-on the reservations and loss of life; and
17	WHEREAS, faced with starvation and sensing a conflict, tribal leaders led an attack on the
18	New Ulm Settlement, and on other local areas, loss of the homelands that had previously
19	sustained the Dakota and their families for hundreds of years led to a conflict known as the
20	Minnesota Massacre or the Dakota War, claiming the lives of over five hundred settlers,
21	thereby prompting President Abraham Lincoln to deploy the United States military and much
22	loss of Dakota lives; and

1 WHEREAS, the United States military intervention ended in an eventual capture of the 2 tribes and their people, and prompted the largest mass execution in United States history, in 3 which thirty-eight Dakota warriors were executed by hanging in December of 1862 in Mankato 4 by executive order of the President of the United States; and 5 WHEREAS, following the aftermath, in 1863, -Congress passed a series of acts to deprive 6 the tribes of their lands, legislation to overturn all treaties with the Dakota and Winnebago 7 and to force them out of Minnesota; and 8 WHEREAS, the first act being the Act of Feb. 16, 1863, ch. 37, 12 Stat. 652, that annulled 9 all of the treaties with the tribes and directed the moneys originally due to these tribes to 10 Minnesota settlers harmed during the conflict; and 11 WHEREAS, the second congressional act was the Act of Mar. 3, 1863, ch. 119, 12 Stat. 12 819, entitled "An Act for the Removal of the Sisseton, Wahpaton, Medawakanton, and 13 Wahpakoota Bands of Sioux or Dakota Indians, and for the disposition of their Lands in Minnesota and Dakota" that forced the rebellious Dakota Tribes out of Minnesota and deprived 14 15 them of their treaty lands; and 16 WHEREAS, the descendants of these displaced people are currently members of federally 17 recognized tribes headquartered in North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska; and 18 WHEREAS, these Acts remain federal law to this day, despite the fact that their terms are 19 obsolete, and to some Dakota people, their existence is a continuing offense: 20 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate-House of Representatives of the 21 Ninety-Sixth Legislature of the State of South Dakota, the House of Representatives Senate 22 concurring therein, that: 23 (1) The the Legislature requests that the President and the United States Congress amend 24 the Act of Mar. 3, 1863, Vol. 12 Stat. at Large, Ch. 119, pp. 819-820 (1863), more commonly 25 known as the "Sioux - Dakota Removal Act", to remove the banishment of the applicable 26 tribes from their ancestral homelands, and that such amendment not affect any property 27 rights originally established through the law nor impact any of the land that was given to any 28 of the tribes during the passage of these removal acts; and 29 (2) The Legislature further requests that the United States of America issue a formal 30 statement of reconciliation to the Dakota Tribes affected by the Sioux - Dakota Removal

1 Actacknowledge the ancestral homelands of the Dakota people and to acknowledge their

- 2 <u>continued presence in what is now known as the state of Minnesota; and</u>
- 3 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the clerk of the Senate House transmit copies of this
- 4 resolution to the President of the United States of America, the speaker and clerk of the United
- 5 States House of Representatives, to the president pro tempore and secretary of the United
- 6 States Senate, and to the members of the South Dakota, North Dakota, Nebraska, and
- 7 <u>Minnesota Congressional delegations.</u>